Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1868. NUMBER 233.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

The Alabama Commission—Tax on Tobacco—Revenue Appointments—Aldermanic Imbroglio Ended—Jeff. Davis' Trial—Patents—Sale of Arms Suspended.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28, 1868.

THE ALABAMA COMMISSION.

The Alabama delegation, in company with Governor Smith, called on the President to-day, to whom they were introduced by Senator Fowler. State Senator Hays read to the President the resolutions of the Legislature. The interview, which was private, continued several hours, during which the entire situation of affairs was freely discussed. The delegation express themselves perfectly satisfied with the President's assurance of military aid in case of necessity. They are to have another interview with the President, and also the Secretary of War, to-morrow.

The Committee will probably leave Washington on their return Tuesday evening. They expect to-morrow, in accordance with the assurance of the President, that an order will be issued to General Meade to take the necessary precautionary measures to prevent disturbances at the ensuing election by a proper distribution of troops now in Alabama, and of those which may in addition be furnished. Members of the Alabama Legislature not connected with the Committee are now here.

Governor Smith's veto of the bill authorizing the election of Presidential Electors by the Legislature has not yet been considered by that body. It will probably be sustained, but the popular election to choose members of the Electoral College requires additional legislation, about which there is doubt. A majority of the Legislative Committee now in Washington are represented as opposed to any election being apprehensive of bloody results, unless the Republicans allow it to go by default. The Governor, however, and a minority of the Committee, and possibly of the old Legislature, do not entertain these fears, and are favorable to taking the sense of the people at all hazards.

THE TAX ON TOBACCO.

Commissioner Rollins, in reply to a tobacco firm in Lynchburg, says all their tobacco and snuff which is branded tax free, having been manufactured prior to 1862, while the remainder is branded from fifty to sixty cents per pound, which shall not be disposed of prior to the first of January next, all which they may purchase tax paid but not stamped according to law, and have on hand, will have to be repacked and stamped after this date.

REVENUE APPOINTMENTS.

The following were appointed to-day: *Storekeepers*—Jas. E. Buckee, Keokuk, Iowa; Wm. Moore, Cassida, Iowa; W H. Smith, W. Harker, Chicago; Henry Fracker, Covington. *Gaugers*—Levine Willey, Fifteenth Pennsylvania District; John Farwell and John Filburn, Second Missouri District.

CASE OF MUDD AND OTHER ASSASSINATION CONSPIRATORS.

The opinion of Judge Boynton, of Florida, in denying the writ of *habeas corpus* for the release of Mudd and other conspirators, has been received. The grounds on which the application rested were that the Court which tried them had no jurisdiction and that the proclamation of last July included them for pardon. The Judge found that the offence was a military one, and properly tried by a military tribunal, and that the proclamation pardons treason, but does not pardon assassins, nor those guilty of barbarous treatment of prisoners.

COMPLIMENTARY BREAKFAST.

Gen. Blair, after his speech, was honored with a complimentary breakfast at the residence of our spirited Democratic fellow-citizen, John A. Strain, Esq., Diamond street. Many of our prominent citizens, Republicans and Democrats, were present as guests. General good cheer prevailed, and speeches of a national rather than political character marked the occasion.

COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED.

Jessie L. Williams, of Indiana, Geo. H. G. Wright, and J. Blickensderfer, Jr., of Ohio, have been appointed Commissioners to examine under instructions by the Secretary of the Interior the road and telegraph lines of the Pacific Railroad Company, and to report to the Secretary of the Interior.

ALDERMANIC DIFFICULTY SETTLED.

The difficulties of the Aldermen of this city have been settled by the Democratic and Republican claimants to the Presidency of that body resigning and the election of Alderman Grinder to that office.

JEFF DAVIS.

It is believed in official quarters that Jeff. Davis will not be tried at the October term of the United States Court in Virginia.

SALE OF ARMS SUSPENDED.

The Secretary of War has issued an order suspending, for the present, the sale of all government arms, ammunition, etc.

PATENTS ISSUED.

For the week ending October 5th, two hundred and fifty-five patents will be issued from the Patent Office.

REBELLION IN TEXAS.

Armed Bands Roaming the Country—Army Wagons with Supplies Captured—Garrison at Sulphur Springs in Danger of Slaughter.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Advices through army sources from Marshall, Texas, state the country in that neighborhood is overrun by robbers. All the roads are entirely unsafe, except for a considerable armed body. A band of free-booters, numbering one hundred and ten men, well armed and mounted, are roaming through the country. About the 5th inst. they captured forty government wagons, loaded with supplies.

The commanding officer at Sulphur Springs, Texas, which is garrisoned by a small company of the Twenty-Sixth Infantry, had sent an express to Gen. Hayden, commanding at Marshall, stating that if not reinforced, his garrison, which was surrounded, would be slaughtered. A company of the Fifteenth Infantry, and fifty picked men besides, had started to reinforce him.

Nomination of Gen. Butler.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—The Republicans of the Fifth Massachusetts District, in Convention to-day, nominated Benj. F. Butler for Congress. He received 175 votes. Four were scattering. The Convention subsequently made the nomination unanimous.

THE CAMPAIGN.

THE DEMOCRATIC DEMONSTRATION LAST NIGHT.

The Speech that Gen. F. P. Blair DID Make, and NOT the One Furnished to Reporters Yesterday Afternoon.

[SPEECH TAKEN IN PHONOGRAPHY BY GEORGE W. DITHRIDGE, ESQ.]

Gen. Frank. P. Blair, the Democratic candidate for the second office within the gift of the people, delivered his long promised Pittsburgh oration at the St. Charles Hotel, last night. The attendance was large, completely closing Wood and Third streets for considerable distance, and the enthusiasm of the Democratic portion of the crowd was wilder than good judgment or hearty respect for the distinguished gentleman might have warranted, for there seemed a disposition on their part to choke him off in the middle of every sentence with cheers and music. Curiosity to see the bold, dashing soldier who seeks to plunge our country into another horrible war, to incite the South into a new rebellion and encourage and drive a party of the North into lawless resistance to established authority, led many Republicans to the meeting last night, who helped to swell the crowd. The various Jackson Association clubs of the unterrified minority, bearing torches, were out in respectable numbers and preceded by brass bands, made an appearance somewhat creditable to the party. The *Post* building and St. Charles Hotel were both handsomely decorated in honor of the occasion, as was also Mr. N. P. Sawyer's establishment on Wood street. These were all the displays we could find, a fact which goes to illustrate that the Democracy are dispirited after the brilliant demonstrations their Republican friends made last week, and could not rouse themselves to pay any special mark of respect to the procession held in honor of the man they hope to elect as Vice President of the nation.

After a few clans gathered and before some others had arrived, the meeting was organized by calling Alexander King to preside. The task to introduce General Blair was out of all taste, as he was put forward to speak when the crowd was forming, bands playing as though the country depended on their wind, and delegations of clubs arriving. Amidst the greatest confusion, which kept was up during the entire time occupied in making his speech, Gen. Blair spoke, and Mr. Dithridge secured the following *verbatim* report of his remarks:

ADDRESS OF GEN. BLAIR.

MY FRIENDS AND FELLOW-CITIZENS: I do not assume, my friends, that part of this ovation is intended to honor me as an individual. I know that you are here gathered to manifest your devotion to a great and glorious cause. My friends, the multitude that is now gathered here attest the deep and abiding interest of our people in the issue of the pending canvass, and, indeed, those issues are momentous, and at no time in our history, since this nation commenced its existence, have there been issues or questions more important to be decided by the people at the polls. I shall not, therefore, my fellow-citizens, attempt any preliminary observations, but address myself to those great and vital and living questions which now engross the attention of the American people.

According to my judgment the great question which interests the people now, is that there should be a restoration of peace—that there should be a restoration of the prosperity of this country. [Three cheers were here given for Horatio Seymour.] I believe, my friends, that this country wants peace and a restoration of its prosperity, and that policy which will restore peace, which will give us back our prosperity, is the one which the people of the United States will adopt in the coming election, and they will not be led astray by men and names however illustrious, however great the services they may have performed to the nation. They will judge not of the merits or demerits of particular families, but of the policy put forth and represented by them. Now, my friends, will the policy advocated by our opponents bring us peace? [Cries of no, no.] Will it restore our prosperity? [No, never.] The policy of proscription and persecution and confiscation of arbitrary, despotic government have never produced peace or brought prosperity to any nation in the tide of time. We look in vain, we search history to find where proscription and persecution have brought peace. Let us look, my fellow-citizens, to examples familiar to us all. For centuries and centuries the people of Ireland have been proscribed and persecuted, their property confiscated, themselves subjected to every species of wrong and outrage by the British Government. And have these centuries yet produced peace and prosperity in Ireland? (Cries of no, no.) There are other and many other examples, because it seems to be a natural instinct in the heart of man who holds power in his hands to use it to prosecute and persecute those who differ in opinion from him. Look at the example of Poland, of Hungary. Have the proscriptions and prosecutions, the violations of individual right, the ostracism, the exile of these people, brought prosperity to either of those distracted and desolate countries No, my fellow citizens, this is not the road to peace. And yet our Radical fellow citizens, prominent in this government for the last eight years, now that the war has ceased—and it has ceased now nearly four years—have practiced throughout the Southern States the same species of proscription, of persecution and every imaginable indignity that they could inflict on the people of the Southern States—a people overthrown by their arms, submitting quietly to whatsoever they thought proper to impose, yielding because they accepted the situation in good faith—after the end of the war the Radical Congress has exerted its utmost ingenuity, has racked itself in vain to find means by which they could humiliate and degrade those people. They have, my fellow citizens, gone far beyond anything that British ingenuity could devise to persecute and degrade the Irish. [Cheers and considerable interruption from passing delegations.] The Radical Congress has exceeded the ingenuity of Old England in the tyrannies which they have devised to humiliate and degrade the people of the South. To make the humiliation deeper to which they have degraded the South, they have put the people of that whole section of country under the feet of an alien and semi-barbarous black people. [Here again followed a disturbance from passing bands, which lasted fully ten minutes.]

The people of the entire South are at this moment in a condition of far deeper distress than ever experienced at the moment when our armies were ravaging their houses. Every year since peace was reëstablished, this people, afflicted by the proscription of their Radical persecutors, have been almost upon the point of starvation. Each year they have set up the cry of distress from those desolated regions, famishing women and children have appealed to the Christian philanthropy of the North and of the world to relieve them. Yet, my fellow-citizens, there are people in our midst, aye, even among those who preach the gospel of peace, whose ears have been shut, and whose hearts have been closed to the cry of famine which came up from the South. Instead of yielding to this touching appeal, which would almost melt a heart of stone, they have employed themselves in keeping alive the animosities of that desolate country. They have fought over the battles of the rebellion, raised up the bones of the dead, paraded the skeletons of Andersonville, in order to inflame the people of the South, and maintain themselves in place and political power. (Interruption by music and cheering.) Now, my fellow-citizens, I say under such circumstances would people expect to see the restoration of peace and prosperity?

Among the most astounding things, inexplicable to me, is the fact that here, in this goodly city of Pittsburgh, which, in the old days of prosperity of the South, when every steamboat and every railroad car which left the city was freighted with your products bound for that region, there are yet a number among you who so little understand not only the interests of the South but their own interests as to be willing to destroy the prosperity of those States, which contributed to the wealth, and the welfare, and the prosperity of your own city, and your own Commonwealth. You need not flatter yourselves, my friends, or those Radicals who hold these feelings in their hearts against the people of the South need not flatter themselves that these people can be kept in misery, distress and bankruptcy without reacting and re-reacting upon the people of the North and on yourselves especially. (Here occurred another interruption occasioned by the arrival of a delegation.)

You must not forget, my friends, that this thing of keeping the entire people of a section of our country under the foot of despotism is a costly thing. You have an army of over fifty thousand men, and their occupation at this hour is to keep the white people of the South in subordination to the black men there. [Cheers.] And, my fellow-citizens, that army costs the people of the North one hundred and fifty millions of dollars every year. Do you suppose, do you believe that that will contribute to the prosperity of a people encumbered with an enormous debt? [Cries of no, no.]

Besides this, a great sum of money is expended in order to give the uneducated, semi-barbarous black people at the South the ascendancy over the people of the white race. Again, my fellow-citizens, this policy requires that millions of dollars every year should be expended in the support of what is known as the Freedmen's Bureau. It is an institution by which the black people are supported and brought into political power, in order to maintain the Radical politicians in the ascendancy. Will it contribute to the prosperity of the people of the North to have this enormous sum levied in taxes upon the labor of the country in order to be squandered upon idle, worthless political negroes at the South?

My fellow citizens, the policy of this same party requires that the banks, the national banks, should receive some eighteen or twenty millions of dollars annually from the Government for the privilege of depositing certain bonds of theirs to the safe keeping of the Government of the Union, whilst they are permitted to circulate the same amount of their own currency on which they also gather an enormous interest. My fellow citizens, these enormous expenditures of the Government, under the Radical policy, can never cease so long as it is necessary to keep the army on a war footing, to keep in subjection the South. The public debt instead of being diminished, has increased since peace was declared, and how could it be otherwise, with this army of fifty thousand men still in the field to keep in subjugation the people of the South, and to be paid from the labor of the people of the North. With the extravagance and wastefulness in every department of Government which has characterized the Radicals since they have been in power, there can be no hope of a diminution of the debt—no hope for the return of prosperity to our country.

Now, what is it that the Democrats propose if they obtain the power? They propose the restoration of peace by giving back the government of the Southern States into the hands of men of our own race, that created those Governments. [Cheers.] They propose the restoration of prosperity and the diminution of taxation by reducing the army only necessary to hold the people of the South in subjection to the negro. They propose the extirpation of the Freedmen's Bureau. They propose to substitute greenbacks in place of the National bank currency, and thus save the Government of the United States eighteen millions of dollars annually, [cheers,] and with other sums saved from the extravagance and wastefulness of these Radicals, amounting in all to one hundred and fifty to two hundred millions of dollars annually. They propose with this large sum of money to begin to pay off the national debt, to reduce the interest. They propose to pay that debt *bona fide*, every dollar, in the same kind of money with which it was created. Just, my fellow citizens, on the same currency, in the very identical currency in which the holders of the United States bonds obtained them at the time. They propose to pay in the lawful money of the United States. They propose to pay in the same money with which they paid the soldiers who saved the Government and kept the Union from being torn to fragments. We propose to pay in that kind of money now twice as valuable as it was when the debt was created, and thus, my fellow citizens, the bondholders who contributed to save the Government will make fortunes by the appreciation of the maney in which we will pay off the bonds. Why, my fellow citizens, should they not take the same money with which we paid our soldiers? Is their debt any more sacred or obligatory than that which we now pay in pensions to our maimed and disabled soldiers who lost their limbs and health in the service of their country? Is the debt we owe the bondholders any more sacred and obligating than that which we pay pensions to the widows and orphans of our soldiers who gave their lives to their country? Yes, my fellow citizens, when the Democratic party comes in power it will be characterized by the instant measures it will take to save the money now squandered on the army, on the Freedmen's Bureau and in other extravagances.

If the Radical party is to maintain in this country its standing armies, its Freedmen's Bureaus, and other wasteful extravagances, together with the sum necessary to pay the interest upon the National debt, the result will be exactly what the result has been since the war, that instead of a diminution of our debt will be added to. Every monthly financial statement has shown the addition rather than the diminution of the National debt. The same policy will produce the same result, and we shall go on increasing our National debt, and whilst our Radical friends proclaim the payment of the principle and interest in gold, their policy will inevitably be the bankruptcy of the nation and repudiation of the debt.

The Democratic policy, on the other hand, as I have said, which proposes to reduce the National army; to dispense with the Freedmen's Bureau; to curtail the enormous extravagance of the Government—will enable the country to pay off a portion of this debt each year. The saving thus made will cause such credit and confidence as to restore the lawful currency to the equilibrium of gold, and thus save the honor of the Nation, pay its public debt, relieve the people of taxation and restore the country to prosperity, bringing with it the blessings of peace and fraternal love. [Cheers.]

Well, now, my fellow-citizens, I have been charged by the orators of this Radical party, large and small, of every grade, Senators, ex-Senators, and ex-Secretaries of the Departments, I have been charged with being capable of renewing the rebellion,—with being a revolutionist. I have a word to say upon that subject. The allegation to which I allude, my friends, made by the Radicals, and to which I claim your attention, has arisen from a letter, written by me anterior to the meeting of the New York Convention, in which I declared that the reconstruction acts passed by the fragment of a Congress at Washington, after the exclusion of one-third of the States out of the Union, are unconstitutional, null and void, and that their acts have been so decided by the Supreme Court of the United States. I wrote that letter with a full consciousness of its meaning. I reiterate it now, that those acts are not only null and void; that they have been so decided by the Supreme Court of the United States; but it is also in my opinion the duty of the President of the President of the United States, in conformity with his oath of office, to maintain the Constitution; it is his duty, after such a decision by the Supreme Court, to see that the laws are not allowed to be executed. The President would violate his oath of office if he should exert the authority of the Presidential office for the execution of laws decided to be unconstitutional by the Supreme Court and also by the people of the United States. But, my fellow-citizens, those of us that hold these opinions are denounced as revolutionists, because we say that Congress cannot overthrow the Constitution, because we say that the judgment of the Supreme Court ought to be executed; because we hold that the President of the United States ought to comply with his oath of office, and support the Constitution of the United States, and because we say, fellow citizens, that the will of the people of the United States ought and shall be executed. The whole country says that these men have violated the Constitution in these reconstruction acts. The Constitution of the United States provides that the military authority shall always be subordinate to the civil authority, and yet, in defiance of this plain declaration of the Constitution, this Rump Congress has subverted civil governments in ten States and supplanted them with military despotisms. Is that Constitutional or not? Is that not a subversion of the Constitution, when the Constitution requires that the military shall be subordinate to the civil authorities? But a Rump Congress have set up into a government the carpet baggers of the South. Do you mean to say that the decisions of the Supreme Court and the will of the people are to be maintained? Why then you are a revolutionist. You set yourself up against the action of the Immaculate Congress to say that the judgment can be brought in question anywhere, or that the people shall have any authority to oppose what they have done.

Again, my fellow citizens, the Constitution guarantees to every individual, high or low, in this land, the right of trial by jury, for any offense with which he may be charged, and yet Congress, this Radical Congress, have presumed to strike down this guarantee of liberty, this shield of the high as well as the lowest citizen. No man has the right of trial by jury in all of those ten States. Now if it can be taken away from the people of the Southern States, it can be taken away from the people of other States; it can be taken away from the people of all the States. I say that there is the same right to subvert the Constitution for one portion of our country as for another; and yet my fellow citizens, those of us who desire the restoration of this great right are revolutionists. Who, I ask, are the revolutionists? Those of us that are for the restoration of all the rights and privileges guaranteed to us by the Constitution, or is the Radical government that has overthrown this social right made up of revolutionists?

In the same way, my fellow-citizens, that great right of *habeas corpus* has been suspended in these same reconstruction acts, although the Constitution in so many words declares that it shall only be suspended in time of domestic insurrection. And yet they have not only violated the Constitution, but they have individually, in defiance of that instrument, passed laws by which whole communities South and whole States, have been disfranchised, condemned and punished without any trial, without any jury, and upon *ex post facto* laws, passed after the offence was alleged to have been committed. Under these laws, my fellow-citizens, whole communities and States have been deprived of the rights of citizenship, and those rights taken from them have been conferred upon another alien race of people, the same barbarous black people, and in violation of that provision of the Constitution which gives to each State the right to designate who shall enjoy the suffrage within its limits. Not only that, my fellow-citizens, but they have stricken down the Executive authority; taken away the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the United States, thus striking two co-equal and co-ordinate branches of the government, erected by the Constitution in order to be a check to the supremacy of any one, and those of us who oppose these unconstitutional measures are denounced as revolutionists. I fling it back in their teeth. They are the revolutionists: they are the men who perverted our government, and they will be held to a strict accountability by the people of this country in the next election. Now, for what purpose have all these measures been passed by this Congress? How are they justified? Why you never hear a man on the part of the Radicals attempt to justify their measures as being Constitutional; he merely retorts when his party is charged with an indefensible, unconstitutional act, he merely retorts by saying, "You are a Copperhead," "you are a rebel," or "you are a rebel sympathizer." That is his sole argument, and they justify themselves, also, by alleging that the negroes of the South are the only loyal men in the South, and that the whole white population there are disloyal. Now, my fellow citizens, I take this occasion to say that neither of these accusations are true; that the great body of the white people of the South were loyal at the beginning of the war; that they at first voted down the ordinances of secession, with the exception of South Carolina, and what when the people of the South, the loyal men of the South, voted against these ordinances at the very moment of time the Government of the United States were arming the conspirators of the South—the Knights of the Golden Circle—and furnishing them with arms out of the public arsenals, with which to put down the loyal men of the South who stood up for the Government. What, I say, were they to do? I say that this was being done by the American Government, under Mr. Lincoln's as well as under the former administration. How could these men at the South, when their adversaries were armed, stand up and resist them without the aid and assistance of the general government, which was bound as much to assist them as the citizens of the cities of the South are bound in allegiance to the Government. Protection on the part of the Government is reciprocal with the debt of allegiance on the the part of the citizen, and when the government abandoned the Union men of the South, and left them a prey to the army of conspirators, they had no right to claim from them the debt of allegiance.

And on the other hand, my fellow citizens, I deny the truth of the statement that the negroes were loyal to this government throughout the war, from the beginning to the end. From the first to the last the negroes supplied all the meat, raised all the breadstuffs with which the army of the Confederacy were maintained from the beginning to the end. They not only did that, my fellow-citizens, but they dug the fortifications; they built the parapets at Petersburg, at Richmond and Vicksburg and at Atlanta and the other fortified places upon which the blood of our brave soldiers was spilled during the war. They were loyal, my fellow citizens, to none but their own masters, and those of them who were caught and forced to put on our uniform and fed at the expense of our government were put in forts, where, according to the phraseology of the Radicals, they "fought nobly." I think they made war upon the rations furnished by the government, and that is about the extent of their services.

As you all know, or many of you do, I never was in favor of slavery, although I lived in a slaveholding State, and I emancipated what slaves I held long anterior to the war, and when the white livered and white faced Radicals did not dare to lisp a word in favor of emancipation; but I never saw the day, and I never will see the day, when I would be willing to sacrifice the white race, my own blood and kindred, in order to secure the supremacy of the black race. I now stand for the emancipation of the white people of the South who have been enslaved and put under the blacks. I know that they never have established, and that they are incapable of establishing or maintaining any government for themselves. The Radicals and everybody else know it. Every man in this community, any Radical whom you will ask will tell you that that he knows full well that these people have not the intelligence to maintain a republican form of government. They never have sustained any government, for they can sustain none. They are now, as they were when they were first known to history in Africa, idle, lazy, thriftless and barbarous, and, my fellow citizens, to put in their hands the political power of ten States of this Union, and to subject to them the white race, the enlightened people of our own blood, is an atrocious crime not only against civil government, but against civilization, and against religion itself. I tell you, my friends, it is these men who talk about their party being founded on moral ideas, and about their devotion to God and humanity, who are devoted to this especial thing for nothing except the maintenance of the rebels in the possession of power. The negro has been enfranchised simply because he would be an instrument in their hands to maintain them in power against the will of the majority of the people of the North.

I desire to speak with reference to the nomination of General Grant. I do not intend to say anything derogatory to that distinguished gentleman. I would be incapable of saying anything derogatory to his character or services. I am willing to admit everywhere his great services to the country and to man. But I have a right, now that he is a public man, asking the favor of the people of this country to advance him to a high position, to criticise his public acts, known to every one, not down in a corner. And now, my fellow-citizens, I say, that General Grant, who now holds the position at the head of the Radical ticket, that he gave his cordial support, his unqualified support to the policy of Andrew Johnson, for restoring those States to the Union at the beginning of his administration. I know this by his own declaration, not his declaration to me, but his public declaration. I know it by the testimony given by him before a Congressional Committee, in which he declared that Andrew Johnson's policy was identical with the policy which had been determined upon by Abraham Lincoln before his death and assented to by Edwin M. Stanton. (Cheers.) The Radicals pretend to lament the death of Mr. Lincoln. If he had lived he would have taken the same position that Mr. Johnson took when he became President at Mr. Lincoln's assassination, and we know this by the testimony of Mr. Stanton and Gen. Grant. Mr. Stanton testified that he drew up that famous North Carolina proclamation under the instruction of President Lincoln, and others testified that they heard it read in the Cabinet of Mr. Lincoln, and every member of the Cabinet gave his assent to it. General Grant stated that he himself gave his assent to it as the best plan by which to cement the Union. This, my fellow-citizens, is the view Gen. Grant then held, according to his own declaration. Subsequently he went to the South, after the war concluded, and made a report to Mr. Johnson, the President of the United States, in which he declared that the people of the South accepted the situation in good faith and sincerity, and that he hoped that they would soon be admitted and meet the representatives of the North in the Senate and House of Representatives. Now, my fellow citizens, what reason has since occurred—for this was after the close of the war—what reason has since occurred to make the General-in-Chief of our armies change his mind on this subject and adopt the vindictive policy of proscription and persecution inaugurated by the Radical Congress? None whatever. But there is a principle to be found in the instincts, the military instincts of men who have had a military education, and who stand at the head of the army. They well understand that if this government is made a government of despotism, as has been inaugurated by the Radicals, such a government must not rest upon force; and if it rest upon force, it must give sustenance to those who are the leaders of that force and the controllers of the army. Hence it was, my fellow citizens, that the Commander-in-Chief of the army, or rather the General-in-Chief of the army, imbued with ambition, accepted the nomination upon the platform of the Radicals and which he had himself but two months before condemned—at least against which he had professed to be in opposition, and in opposition to those who were standing up in favor of a restoration of our country, and which he himself accepted.

Now, my fellow citizens, this is my explanation of the course taken by General Grant, and without attempting to derogate from the high services he has performed, I do not believe that in consequence of those high services the people of this country are prepared to surrender their liberties to him or any one else.

My fellow-citizens, I will not detain you any longer this evening. [Cries of "go on." "go on."] In the presence of this vast assemblage of the Democracy of Pittsburgh I feel how utterly impossible it is to speak and how utterly impossible it is for any one adequately to express the sentiments that are burning in his heart. Gentlemen, before retiring, I thank you from the bottom of my heart for this evidence of your attachment to the Government made by your fathers and the Constitution, and to draw from it an augury of the great triumph which awaits the Democracy at the election which is approaching. Good night.

When the speaker concluded three cheers were given for him with considerable will by the Democrats who had the patience to hear him through. The meeting then adjourned.

SPEECH BY GEN. BUTLER.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SALEM, Mass., September 28.—General Butler made a speech to the Republican Convention to-day accepting the nomination for Congress. He referred to those who had opposed his nomination, classing them with Lee, Beauregard Forrest and Booth, and charging them with raising forty thousand dollars to defeat his nomination, which he considered equivalent to election. He recommends these malcontents to send their money into some doubtful district, in some doubtful State, if such could be found. He condemned those who now opposed him as the regular nominee as a Republican, and said a party can be carried on as an army is governed—welcome recruits and shoot deserters. He continued on this subject at length, and in response to alleged rumors that Grant does not favor his (Butler's) election, said *he was too much a friend of Grant* not to brand such rumors as unauthorized, and offered to resign the nomination if a letter could be produced from Grant or Colfax desiring the Republicans of his district not to vote for him. On the finance question he claimed to stand with Senators Sherman and Morton, and on the only test question in the House he voted with sixty-one Republicans. On that subject he said he fully concurred in the portion of the Chicago platform requiring the payment of the public debt in the utmost good faith, not only according to the letter but spirit of the law. It was true he had said the letter of the law permitted the payment of bonds in the same legal tender notes authorized to be issued at the same time with them, but he had nowhere said or thought the government should not pay those legal tenders in gold as soon as the prosperity of the country will permit without financial distress. He predicted a brilliant future for the country under the prosperity consequent upon Republican rule, closing by saying, "God speed the time when greenbacks and gold shall be convertible and reconvertible." He then offered a series of resolutions, endorsing the Chicago platform and Congressional reconstruction, which were unanimously adopted.

The Convention then adjourned.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 28, 1868.

Several cigar peddlers have been arrested and their unstamped cigars confiscated in the suburbs by revenue officers during the past week.

Since the passage of the bankruptcy act eighteen hundred cases have been adjudicated in this city.

Chas. Reade, the English playwright, has sent ten pounds sterling for the benefit of the two persons lately shot at the Broadway theatre by the Sheriff's roughs.

In the internal revenue conspiracy case to-day the Government concluded with its witnesses, when the opposite counsel demanded that Mr. Binckly be called, but the prosecution declined to do so.

A procession of five hundred shoemakers to day paraded and banquetted in honor of St. Crispin.

Only four members of the Chamber of Commerce assembled to day on a call for a meeing to devise means for the relief of the South American sufferers, and it was stated the subject would be considered at the next regular monthly meeting.

John Radigan, a member of the Brooklyn volunteer fire department, is on trial for sealing at fires.

Jndge Gilbert of the Supreme Court, to-day declined granting an injunction preventing the building of quarantine buildings on Long Island.

The dwelling of Mr. Shanfield, at Smithtown, Long Island, was burned Saturday night with some $3,000 in bonds. Loss $8,000 on dwelling.

The sixth annual carnival of the New York Swabean Society was held at Jones' wood. Over eight thousand persons were present. To-morrow they have a procession of several hundred dressed in the peasantry costume of 1517.

THE MAINE ELECTION.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 28.—The returns from all cities and towns of the State, nearly all official and furnished by the Secretary of State, exhibit the following result: Chamberlain 75,627; Pillsbury 55,455; aggregate vote, 131,082; Chamberlain's majority 20 172. It is the opinion at the Secretary's office that with the correction of the returns by official figures and the addition of a few plantations not yet counted, the majority for Chamberlain will be increased two to three hundred. The official vote last year was Chamberlain, 57,332; Pillsbury, 45,990; Chamberlain's majority, 11,343. The Republicans' increased vote 18,295, and the Democrats 9,465. The largest vote ever thrown in Maine before this year was in 1860, when the Republican vote was 70,030 and the Democratic 53,085. The Republicans have exceeded their largest previous vote by 5,597 and Democrats their largest previous vote by 1,390. No further or more accurate report than the above can be obtained until the votes are counted and officially declared by the Legislature.

RICHMOND.

Double Murder, Arson and Robbery—Railroad Accident.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, Sept. 28.—On Satuaday night Mrs. Stewart, widow, residing in Kent county, was murdered and her body burned together with the dwelling. John Baker, her farm manager, was also murdered and robbed of $5,000 in gold. Four houses have recently been burned in the same neighborhood. The military will be sent there.

The train on the Central railroad, with two hundred of the 29th Infantry on board, bound from Washington to Tennessee, ran off the track this afternoon near Gordonsville, killing four and wounding a large number. Four cars ran off the track. Three companies of the same regiment left to-day for Texas.

Death of an Ex-Congressman.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LEWISTOWN, ME. September 28.—Hon. T. D A. Fessenden, formerly a member of Congress, died this morning. Senator Fessenden is a brother of the deceased.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

[For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

MAINE, AND THE REMAINDER

BY JAMES M. MACRUM.

Well done, brave Maine!—the count is made; thy 'TWENTY THOUSAND' stand!
From thy fishful coast 'twas no vain boast flew over all the land!
That resonant key, just struck by thee, hath sounded to thy hand
The note of a wider conquest, and a triumph yet more grand.

Leaving behind the fleetest wind, across the continent
That note of 'TWENTY THOUSAND' sped, awaking as it went
Twenty times twenty thousand hearts to hope's exultant strain,
And everywhere, in song and prayer, men blessed the work of Maine.

A glorious work—ye sister States!—and worthy to be oft
Repeated in the coming month!—And then we'll rear aloft
On the great dome of the Capitol, in the sunshine there to flaunt,
The accustomed flag of victory above the head of GRANT!

But some doubt Pennsylvania, and some doubt thee, New York!
Some take ye for unfaithful ones—for laggards in the work!
O Keystone State! O Empire State! if there be cause to doubt,
All your high claims to these proud names would in an hour die out!

But no! it is impossible! God's sun that, day by day,
Renews his journey from the east, sees not, from far Cathay
Till his beams, like hope, flash glowingly along the hills of Spain,
Such dark eclipse as that would be earth's silver orb to stain.

But no! it is impossible! Land of the Farther West!
That hath been for two hundred years the refuge of the oppressed;
That hath had ev'n hope's fruition—wisdom's wisest—virtue's best—
Heaven-sent heroes, statesmen, soldiers, ever coming to thy quest;—

Land of Washington and Lincoln!—unto whom each crisis brings
Thy heaven-appointed, heaven-anointed, citizen-born kings,
In a time when none but a hero should fill the ruler's chair,
Shall a craven or a sot sit there—a Seymour or a Blair?

'Tis impossible to doubt or fear! Let him do so that can!
Dear Keystone State! great Empire State! your place is in the van;
The issue's just the same it was when the great war began;
'Tis the good old cause of Liberty—be ye true to God and man!

SEPTEMBER, 1868.

EPHEMERIS.

—The Sacramento river is drying up.

—A. Trollope, Esq., is again at work on a novel.

—Carlotta's case is said to be utterly hopeless.

—De Cordova has a lecture on the Grecian Bend.

—Pleasantville, in the Oil Regions, has a new hotel.

—Gounód is writing church music exclusively now.

—The house in which Beethoven was born is to be sold.

—Patti's income last year was but nineteen thousand dollars.

—Thurlow Weed thinks he will come home to vote in November.

—There are forty-four iron clads building or built in the French navy.

—The total steam force of the French navy is that of 73,000 horses.

—Philadelphia has at present no free night schools; New York has some.

—$200,000 is what Larkin G. Meade is to get for the Lincoln Monument.

—E. L. Davenport, the actor, proposes opening a theatre in San Francisco.

—An iron foundry for the casting of machinery is to be erected in Pottstown, Pa.

—Gustave Dore is engaged in illustrating a new French edition of Cooper's novels.

—Horace Greeley spoke to an immense meeting in Jamestown, N. Y., last week.

—Minnie Hauck is to play in a new opera which Prince Poniatowski is writing for her.

—The Boston *Journal* says some people are like pavements—good only when put down.

—The newly discovered gold regions at Auckland, New Zealand, are said to be immensely rich.

—The report of the insanity of Bogumil Dawison, the great German tragedian, has been revived.

—Lessons on the velocipede are now given in Paris. Velocipedes can now be bought for $40.

—The Germans of Philadelphia have subscribed $90,000 to pay for building a fine German theatre.

—A telegram from Calcutta was received in Boston this week, having been less than 24 hours en route.

—A railway theatre has been established on the Liverpool and Manchester road to amuse the passengers.

—Velocipedes are inferfering much with the profits of suburban railways and omnibus lines near London.

—A baby is said to be very like wheat; it is first cradled, then thrashed nnd finally turned out as the flower of the family.

—Steam is to be introduced on the Schuylkill Canal, thus making the speedy transport of coal cheaper than by rail.

—A tremendous meeting and procession greeted Generals Harriman and Van Wyck and Colonel Forney at Pottsville last week.

—A man was suffocated the other day by getting drunk and lying too close to the lime kilns in Conestoga Valley, Berks county.

—Le Grand Lockwood has purchased Bradford's "Crushed by Icebergs," and Bierstadt's "Domes of the Yo Semite," and has placed them in his picture gallery at Norwalk, Conn.

—An exchange says: "Houston anticipates becoming the grandest railroad centre in the South in ten years." We are sure there is nothing personal in this remark, Houston being a town in Texas.

—There are said to be 15,000 persons in the Red River Settlement actually without food, as the grasshoppers have eaten everything. A committee has been formed in St. Paul, Minn., to receive and forward contributions, which, it is to be hoped, will be liberal and speedy.

—The season for the shipwreck crop has come round again and news of marine disasters are constantly coming in. On Friday last the passengers and crew of the burned steamer Melita arrived in New York.

—The French government has decreed $400,000 for improvements in the harbor of Cette, calculating on the increase of traffic that the opening of the Suez canal will cause to pass through the channel.

—A priest of a small town near Pisa, Italy, seduced, and after wards eloped with a young girl, seventeen years old. In order to defray the traveling expenses he robbed the figure of the Madonna, of the church where he officiated, of all its jewelry.

—The Metropolitan Church in Washington is being gotten up on the real sensation plan. A seat for the minister is to be made of wood from Gethsemane, the pulpit is of wood from the Mount of Olives, and the vestibule is to be floored with tiles from Solomon's temple.

—Private correspondence from Norderney mentions the presence of a French war steamer, which, for several days was busily engaged in taking soundings at the mouth of the Ems, and afterwards in the small port of Delfzyl, Holland. Surely this is another indication of peace.

—Sylvanius Gobb, Jr., is still being continued in the New York *Ledger*. Any one who has a copy of that paper, issued any time within the last fourteen years, without some contribution from the prolific pen of this author, possesses a curiosity of much oddity and questionable value.

—Great sensation was recently caused in Prague by the suicide of a well-known retired Austrian captain. From some papers found in his room it appears he was the victim of the so-called American duel; that is, the two contending parties place a white and a black ball in a hat, and the one who draws the black ball is in honor bound to kill himself within a given time.

—Chicago auctioneers are trying to get up a name for fine descriptions. Here is the advertisement of one copied from the Chicago *Republican:* "Wicker Park. Upon these grounds are to be seen numerous granite boulders which were probably deposited during the glacial period, when the *Lee Tract* was the only dry ground between the *North Pole* and the Desplaines river. All this high and beautiful ground ornamented with numberless *post-diluvian* trees, is to be sold at auction, &c., &c.

—Robert Houdin, the famous French magician, says, in the last volume of his "Recollections of a Wizard," that he performed one evening at the house of General Lewis Cass, then American Embassador at the Court of France, and by his "second-sight" trick, succeeded in frightening a thieving footman so much that he restored a number of valuables which he had stolen from various members of the Embassador's household. Gen. Cass had previously "posted" M. Houdin about the suspected footman.

—Pastor Knaak, the famous Berlin preacher, who believes that the sun revolves around the earth, is the same man who hastened to Bismarck in 1865, and told him he had committed a grievous sin by challenging the eloquent Rudolph Virchow. On another occasion Knaak quarreled with the Police President, because the latter refused to close a beer garden, the noise of which Knaak said disturbed him in committing his sermons to memory. The reverend gentleman also believes in his own ability to exorcise devils. He has a Knack of making a fool of himself, we think.

—The John Allen missionaries have not taken the blows of the secular and religious press meekly, but have hit back by praying for them in one of their prayer meetings in Allen's dance hall. One of the leaders said: "Good Christians, pray that Christian grace may touch their hearts, and that the light of Christianity may be let in upon these hitherto unchristian staffs." And Rev. Mr. Van Meter struck up a prayer, in which he fervently invoked God, "who now saved the newspaper men of New York from hell only through His extraordinary forbearance," to extend His merciful influence to those "miserable wretches who now mock religion in order to pander to the lower passions of the people."

—A great meeting of the Breed family took place in Jamestown, N. Y., on the 10th inst. Upwards of seventy of the name were present and had a good time, and a good dinner. Representatives of the family were there from Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio, Connecticut, Wisconsin and Massachusetts. After dinner the family was organized by appointing Mr. R. E. Breed, of Pittsburg, chairman; and a genealogical essay by Deacon Breed, of Jamestown was read, tracing all the Breeds back to the 11th century, when they emigrated from Germany to England, and to Allyn Breed, who came to America in 1630. After having a pleasant time the family adjourned to meet again whenever called upon.

How New York Gets Her Vegetables.

New York for many years depended on the produce of New Jersey and Long Island gardens, which still do a very large business, but railway and steam navigation now give us the advantage of distant parts. The earlier tomatoes which gladden the market come from Norfolk, and are two weeks ahead of our own neighborhood. The same may be said of corn, peas, and several other important vegetables. Delaware sends us the best watermellons, and also furnishes enormous quantities of fine squashes, while her peaches have long been famous. Florida is now coming into note in the same line, and by means of steam navigation we shall do part of our marketing there. We get enormous quantities of potatoes from Maine, while Rhode Island furnishes cargoes of carrots. No city has better advantages of supply than New York, and yet vegetables keep at a high figure. This is owing to the fact that in addition to the nine hundred thousand resident population, there is a continued fitting out of ships, each of which takes as many vegetables as can be used. There are now a large number of stores near the shipping localities devoted to potatoes, cabbages, squashes, onions, etc., and which depend on the shipping trade. One feature in the vegetable business is the high price of onions, which now bring from eight to ten dollars per barrel, and this is owing to the failure of the crop in some parts, and the increased demand for shipping.

DENTISTRY

TEETH EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN!

NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED, A FULL SET FOR $8,

AT DR. SCOTT'S.

378 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. my9:d&T

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,

AND LAMP GOODS.

Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,

BENZINE, &c.

No. 147 Wood Street.

se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

CEMENT, SOAP STONE, &c.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.

SOAP STONE.

PLASTER, CHIMNEY TOPS, WATER PIPES,

HENRY H. COLLINS,

ap16:o70 25 Wood street.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT DRAIN PIPE.

Cheapest and best Pipe in the market. Also, ROSENDALE HYDRAULIC CEMENT for sale.

R. B. & C. A. BROCKETT & CO.

Office and Manufactory—240 REBECCA ST., Allegheny. Orders by mail promptly attended to. je22:r93

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

CHEAP

ORGANS AND PIANOS.

A beautiful Rosewood MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGAN, with Tremols,

Cost $170,00, for $120,00.

A handsome Paneled ROSEWOOD ORGAN made by Taylor & Farley, nearly new, $110.00.
A fine Double Reed ROSEWOOD MELODEON, Mason & Hamlin's make, in good order, $115.00.
A Second-hand ROSEWOOD PIANO, made by Boardman & Gray, $120.00.
A Second hand ROSEWOOD PIANO, made by F. Blume, $100.00.

FOR SALE BY

C. C. MELLOR,

81 Wood Street.

se26:y7

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,

AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

mn9 No. 14 ST. CLAIR STREET.

KNABE & CO.'S

AND HAINES BROS. PIANOS,

For sale on monthly and quarterly payments.

CHARLOTTE BLUME,

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EDUCATIONAL.

APOLLO INSTITUTE, 80 Fourth AVENUE, an English, Scientific and Classical School for Girls and Boys, conducted by JAMES M. MACRUM and MARY F. MACRUM. A Circular, with full particulars, references, &c., sent on application. Among the gentlemen to whom reference may be made are the following: Rev. Dr. Allison, Wm. Bagaley, Esq., F. R. Brunot, Esq., Rev. Dr. Dickerson, Rev. Dr. Douglass, Hon. Russell Errett, Wm. H. Everson, Esq., John Harper, Esq., Rev. Dr. Jacobus, Rev. Dr. Kerr, W. McClintock, Esq., John B. McFadden, Esq., Sidney F. Von Bonnhorst, Esq., Hon. Thos. Williams. se19:x58

ALLEGHENY CITY ACADEMY,

AND COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

No. 101 FEDERAL ST., over Allegheny Savings Bank.

Daily Sessions: Scientific, from 8½ A. M. to 1 P. M.
Commercial: ½ to 4½ P. M.
Evening Session: Scientific and Commercial, 7 to 9 P. M.

J. M. PRYOR,
R. S. ROBB, A. M.,
Principals.

se11:x24

ALLEGHENY ACADEMY.

The next regular session will commence on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1ST,

In EXCELSIOR HALL, Federal street, Allegheny. MR. T. E. WAKEHAM, Principal, will receive pupils at the Hall, on Monday, August 31st, from 9 to 12 o'clock. au22:v47

HATS AND CAPS.

FALL HATS!

M'CORD & CO.,

131 WOOD STREET,

Are now ready with a LARGE AND SELECT STOCK of

HATS, CAPS,

AND FURS.

au27

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

JULIAN ALLEN,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

LEAF TOBACCO AND SEGARS,

No. 8 SIXTH STREET, (National Bank of Commerce Building,) PITTSBURGH, PA.

Branch of 173 Water street, N. Y.

ap4:n77 DANIEL F. DINAN.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.,

No 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY

se28:n36

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se23:y21

NEW FALL GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.

NEW TRIMMINGS,

New Fringes,

Sewing Silk and Bullion.

1,200 Pair of Real French Corsets.

White and Colored only 50 cents a pair.

A WELL SELECTED STOCK OF YARNS,

IN ALL COLORS.

THE NEW PARIS

"LA BELLE BALMORAL."

Gent's Fall and Winter Underwear.

LADIES' AND GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

The largest supply and finest patterns of

Ladies' & Misses' Balmoral Hosiery.

WOOL HOODS AND SACQUES.

Hoop Skirts,

Kid and Silk Gloves.

☞ The VERY LOWEST RATES to Jobbers.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

se14:

PRICES MARKED DOWN!

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

ALL GOODS GREATLY REDUCED!

ON AND AFTER JULY 1ST.

HOOP SKIRTS. (Ladies',) for	50c
CORSETS, (Real French,)	80
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, 3 for	25
KID GLOVES, (warranted,)	1.00
PAPER COLLARS	10
200 Yds. SPOOL COTTON, (good)	5
POCKET BOOKS, worth 50c	25
MEN'S SUMMER UNDERSHIRTS	50
MEN'S JEAN DRAWERS	75

All kinds Bonnets and Hats at Half Cost.

GREAT BARGAINS!

IN ALL KINDS OF GOODS.

Special Rates to Merchants & Dealers.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

jy1:s37 19 FIFTH STREET.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be promptly

my25:b28

ARMSTRONG & HUTCHINSON,

Successors to

PHILADELPHIA AND YOUGHIOGHENY COAL CO.,

MINERS, SHIPPERS AND DEALERS, BY RAILROAD AND RIVER, of superior Youghiogheny

GAS AND FAMILY COAL.

Office and Yard—FOOT OF TRY STREET, near the Gas Works.

CONFECTIONERIES.

HENRY W. HORBACH,

Confectionery and Bakery

No. 200 SMITHFIELD STERET,

Between Seventh and Liberty.

☞ LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

GEO. SCHLELEIN,

Fancy Cake Baker & Confectioner,

AND DEALER IN

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS & NUTS,

No. 40, corner Federal and Robinson streets, Allegheny. ☞ Constantly on hand, ICE CREAM, of various flavors.

FURNITURE.

118. PRACTICAL 118.

FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

LEMON & WEISE,

NO. 118 FOURTH STREET.

Constantly on hand every variety of PARLOR and CHAMBER FURNITURE, together with a complete assortment of common Furniture at reduced prices.

Those in want of anything in our line are cordially invited to call before purchasing.

Work guaranteed.

mh21:n14 LEMON & WEISE.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:

MECHANICAL ENGINEER.

PERCEVAL BECKETT,

MECHANICAL ENGINEER,

And Solicitor of Patents.

(Late of P. F. W. & C. Railway.)

Office, No. 79 FEDERAL STREET, Room No. 3 up stairs. P. O. Box 50, ALLEGHENY CITY. MACHINERY, of all descriptions, designed. BLAST FURNACE and ROLLING MILL DRAWINGS furnished. Particular attention paid to designing COLLIERY LOCOMOTIVES. Patents confidentially solicited. ☞ An EVENING DRAWING CLASS for mechanics every WEDNESDAY NIGHT. ap4:n88

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS, Ice Dealer,

No. 55 DIAMOND ALLEY, Pittsburgh.

Orders left here or at Hand Street Bridge will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. 7:03

DRY GOODS.

COUNTRY BARR'D FLANNELS,

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 52 St. Clair Street.

BLACK & WHITE AND COLORED BARRED FLANNELS.
WHITE COUNTRY FLANNELS.
RED AND YELLOW FLANNELS.
WHITE FLANNELS, best makes.
RED AND GREY TWILLED FLANNELS.
BLEACHED CANTON FLANNELS.
UNBLEACHED do. do.
BLANKETS, a full assortment.
CASSIMERES, KENTUCKY JEANS.
☞ Remember the place.

No. 52 St. Clair, near Liberty St.

se17:

87. MARKET STREET. 87.

NEW FALL GOODS,

NOW OPENING,

AT

THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',

87 MARKET STREET.

se8:

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

No. 115 Wood Street,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Fullerton's Freeport Barred Flannels

GREENVILLE FLANNELS & BLANKETS.

Also, MERCER BARRED FLANNELS.

Eastern Barred Plain and Twills.

☞ Samples and prices furnished on application au19:s69

168. 168.

NEW GOODS.
NEW ALPACCAS.
NEW MOHAIR.
BLACK SILKS.

HOSIERY and GLOVES.

F. SOUCY,

☞ No. 168 Wylie Street. ☜

168. 168.

[ap30:n40]

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third door above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF, S WOOD STREET, Manufacture every kind of PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL STAINED GLASS,

100 WOOD STREET.

CHINA, GLASS AND

QUEENSWARE,

SILVER PLATED WARE,

PARIAN STATUETTES,

BOHEMIAN GLASS,

And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, a great variety.

100 WOOD STREET.

RICHARD E. BREED & CO.

mh27

100 WOOD STREET. 100 WOOD STREET.

100 WOOD STREET.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE GREAT AMERICAN COMBINATION.

BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING

AND SEWING MACHINE.

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST FAMILY MACHINE IN THE WORLD, AND INTRINSICALLY THE CHEAPEST.

☞ Agents wanted to sell this Machine.

CHAS. C. BALSLEY,

Agent for Western Pennsylvania.

Corner FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS, over Richardson's Jewelry Store. my26:q64

DYER AND SCOURER,

H. J. LANCE,

DYER AND SCOURER,

No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET

And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my19:164

PAPER.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS

CLINTON MILL—STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL—NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.
DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H Hartman, John B. Livingston.
Cash paid for Paper Stock. ja29:o88

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, Ornamental Hair HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 133 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done the neatest manner. mh2:n2

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

M'CALLUM BROTHERS.

CARPETS!

NEW

FALL

STYLES.

No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE.

se23:

FALL STOCK!

NEWEST STYLES!

TAPESTRY AND BODY BRUSSELS,

TWO AND THREE PLY

CARPETS!

ALL WOOL INGRAINS, in great variety.

COMMON CARPETS,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

DRUGGETS, all Widths.

MEDALLION DRUGGETS,

WINDOW SHADES.

Our stock is the largest and most desirable we have ever offered to the trade.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH STREET.

se10:d&wF

FALL GOODS.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Velvet,
Brussels,
Tapestry,
Three Ply,
And Ingrain

CARPETS,

JUST OPENED AND OFFERED AT THE LOWEST RATES.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,

No. 23 Fifth Street.

se8:

71 73

NEW CARPETS,

CURTAINS,

CORNICES

WINDOW SHADES,

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ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, September, 28, 1868.

CATTLE.

Notwithstanding there was an average supply of Cattle on sale to-day, the market, under the influence of a good local demand, ruled steady, and prime retailing stock sold readily at full prices. As the weather gets cooler, the butchers, as a general thing, will take a larger number of Cattle, and this, as a matter of course, makes considerable difference on the general tone of the market. The quality of the Cattle on sale was about up to the usual standard; in fact, it appeared to us that there was a larger number of good Cattle on sale than there was last week. Pennsylvania and Ohio furnished the greater number, though Indiana, Iowa and Illinois were also pretty well represented, and there was one small drove from Texas.

As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, prime to extra retailing Cattle sold at from 7½ to 7¾; medium to good at 6¼ to 7, and fairish butchers stock at 6 to 6,25. Stock Cattle in limited supply, and as the recent rains have improved the pasture very much, there is not the same disposition among farmers and stock growers to send this grade of Cattle to market. To-day there seems to be buyers for all kinds of Cattle, and we have no doubt that by noon the pens would be pretty well cleared.

P. Sheitemantel 9 head Butler county cattle at 3,50 to 4,50.

Linz 6 fresh cows at $50 per head.

Greenwald & Kahn 30 head scalawags, for A. Marks, at 3,50 to 6,25; 55 head fair to good stock, on their own account, at 6 to 7,75.

Stakely & Bro. 25 head Butler county stock at 3,25 to 5.

A. N. Wick 18 head Butler county steers and heifers at 3 to 5.

L. Rothchilds & Co. 27 head prime Washington county steers at 7 to 7,75; 5 Butler county stock at 5,75.

McMillan & Kerr 6 head Allegheny county steers at 5,50 to 6,50.

L. & J. Shamberg 22 head Washington county steers and heifers at 4,50 to 6.

E. Katz 20 head good cattle at 5,25 to 6,50; 23 head scalawags, from Tuscarawas county, unsold.

P. Hartman 45 head Green county steers at 5 to 7,35.

M. Verner 39 head Washington county steers at 5,75 to 6,75.

Kraus & Haas 64 head Ohio stock at 5,75 to 7.

Myers & Needy sold 70 head Washington county steers, from Vanvoris and McCormick, the best in market, at 6,52 to 7,50; 19 from Ohio, for Root, at 5,75 to 6,25; 15 from Ohio, for Lucas, at 5,50 to 6,75.

Keefer & Zeigler 17 head prime Chicago steers at 6 to 7,30; 6 head Washington steers at 5 to 6.

Jas. McAllister sold 19 head Washington county cows and steers, for Robinson, at 5,62 to 6,50; 42 head, on commission.

8 smallish steers and cows at 4,50 to 5,50; bought 20 head western stock at $42 per head.

Hazlewood & Blackstock 40 head mixed stock for Shepard, ot 3,50 to 7,50; 40 head medium steers, for Julius Voter, at 5 to 6,25.

Smith & McCall sold 40 head steers and cows, from Indiana, at 5,25 to 6,25

S. Marks & Bro. 40 head Iowa steers at 5,75 to 7,50; 19 head medium Ohio stock at 5 to 6,25.

Trauerman & Lobman 123 head Chicago steers at 3¼ to 7c.

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. 84 head mixed stock at 5 to 7,75.

J. Davis 21 Indiana mixed stock at 5 to 6,50.

Nicholas Carr sold 38 head for John Kerwin at 5 to 6,25.

Calvin Applegate 22 head Ohio steers and heifers, at an average of 5,50.

Hedges & Taylor 60 head cows, heifers and steers, all from Ohio, at 5,50 to 7,50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The offerings of Sheep and Lambs were not near so large as they have been for some weeks past, and as a consequence, the market ruled more active, and as a general thing prices were a shade better. There were but very few really good Sheep or Lambs on sale, the greatest number in the pens being common and inferior, and only suitable for second or third class butchers; and prime fat sheep had there have been any, such in market, would have brought 4½ and 5 cents. As will be seen by refernce both report of sales, there were but very few sold above 3½ and but few at that, the great proportion of the sales being at from $1,50 to $3 per head.

Seymour & Co. report 81 head Sheep, at an average of $2,50 per head.

Adam Eckert 43 head Sheep and Lambs, at 3 to 5 cts for the former, and $1,50 to $3,-50 per head for the latter.

McCauslin 150 head—Sheep at $1,50 to $4 and Lambs at $1 to $3.50.

M. Humes 100 head, at $1,20 to $2,50 for Sheep and $1,20 to $2,50 for Lambs.

W. Young sold 50 head commonish Sheep and Lambs to Maggi & Davis, at 65 cts per head—re-sold at 75.

Clark sold 47 head Sheep and Lambs to Davis & Maggi, at 85—re-sold at $1,00, retailed 81 head Sheep, at from $1,50 to $2,50 per head, some at 4½ cents per pound.

M. Flinner 150 head at $1.25 to $4,50 per head, and Lambs, at 50 cts to $2,50.

John Simmers 30 Lambs, at $1.25 to $1,75 and 70 Sheep at $1,00 to $3,50.

Peter Sheitemantle 209—Sheep at 70 to $2,50; Lambs at about same as Sheep.

John Young 78 head Butler Co. Sheep, at an average of $1,75; and 5 Lambs at $1 per head.

Woods 97—Sheep at $2,50; and Lambs at $1,50.

Stakely & Bro. 250 Sheep at 50 to $3,00 per head; Lambs at 50 to $2.

A. N. Wick 130 head Sheep and Lambs, at 50 to $2,25 per head.

Ben. Butler sold 51 good Beaver Co. Sheep, to Smith and Jeremy, (butchers) at 4 cts per pound.

E. D. Emery 113 head Sheep and Lambs at $1 to $3.

Bannon sold for W Young, 235 Butler Sheep at $1,25 to $2,50; 35 Lambs at an average of $1,75.

HOGS.

The retail demand is improving as the weather gets cooler, and prices are still maintained; Emerick & Co., report retail sales at 9¼ to 11¼, for light to prime heavy averages. J Rothchilds retailed 40 head at 10¾ to 11¼. Sheitemantel wholesaled 45 head of light Hogs to Emerick & Co., at 9,35.

New York Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 28.—Beef trade slow; prices favored purchasers; receipts 6,571 head; extra quality per cwt., $16,75a17,00; prime quality, $16a16,50; fair to good, $15a16; ordinary, $13a14; inferior, $11a12. Cows; market active and firmer; receipts, 57 head. Cows and Calves; extra per head, $100a120; first quality, $90a95; ordinary quality, $75a85; common quality, $60a70; inferior quality, $40a50. Veal Calves in good demand and prices higher; receipts 12,557 head; quotations for first quality per cwt., $12,50a13; prime, $11,50a12 25; common and good, $10a11; inferior, $9a9,50. Sheep and Lambs—the market is active but prices lower, owing to a free arrival. Sheep, however, commanded about previous prices, viz: $5a6,75; lambs sold from $7 to $8,75; closing at $7a8,50; receipts, 23,792 head; quotations ranged—sheep and lambs, extra sheared per cwt., $6,75; prime quality, $6,25 a6,50; common to good, $5a6; inferior, $1,25a 4,75. Swine; prices declined ¼a¾c and market active at concess on; receipts 16,803 head sales of 148 head Ohio, 157 lbs average, at 9½c; 113 head do., 200 lbs., at 10c; 147 head do., 163 lbs, at 9¼c; 583 head Illinois, 203 lbs., at 10⅜c; 125 head do., 179 lbs., at $10,18¾ per cwt.; 248 head Iowa and Missouri, 188 lbs., at $10,14¾ per cwt.; 240 head do., 1,87 lbs., at 10¼a10½c; 155 head Michigan, 167 lbs., at 9¾c, and 133 head do., 177 lbs., at 9⅞c.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 141⅛.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 28, 1868

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money steady at 4@5 per cent., and closing firmer and active. Sterling steady at 8⅝@8¾. Gold lower, opening at 142⅛, and closing at 141¼. There was considerable excitement in gold room this afternoon, the market being evidently in control of bears.

GOVERNMENT STOCKS

dull and closing lower. The following are the quotations: Coupons 1881, 114@114½; do. '62, 113¼@114¼; do. '64, 109½@109⅝; do. '65, 110¼@110⅜; do. New, 108⅜@108¾; do. '67, 108¼@108⅝; do. '68, 109@109¼; 10-40s, 104½@104¾.

STATE BONDS

Steady. Old Tennessees, 70¼; New do., 69¼; Old Virginias, 53½@53¾; New do., 53½@55; Missouris, 92; Old Carolinas, 77@77¼; New do., 75¼@75½.

RAILWAY SHARES

Railway shares dull and lower. Express stocks irregular. Miscellaneous shares active and firm.

5:30 PRICES: Canton, 48@49; Boston Water Power, 15¼@15½; Wells Express, 30½@30¾; American, 47@48; Adams, 51@51¼; United States, 47@47¼; Merchants' Union, 23¾@24; Quicksilver, 21¼@21¾; Mariposa 4½; prefered, 12¾@12½; Pacific Mail, 109¾@109¾; Western Union Telegraph, 34@34⅛; N. Y. Central, 128⅞@129; Erie, 48@48½; preferred, 70½;@71 Hudson, 139¼@140½; Harlem, 121@123; Reading, 93¾@93⅞; C. & M. 28@28¾; Wabash, 60@60¾; St. Paul, 91½ preferred, 92¼@92¾; Michigan Central, 118@118¾; Michigan Southern, 83⅜@84¼; Illinois Central, 144⅛@144¾; Pittsburgh, 85¼@85¾; Toledo, 101¼@101¾; Rock Island, 101⅝@101¾; Northwestern, 88⅛@88½; do. preferred, 88¼@88¾; Fort Wayne, 109¾@110; Hartford and Erie, 23@23½; Terre Haute, 42¾@43¼; Chicago and Alton preferred, 148@154; Dubuque Sioux preferred, 93; Cleveland and Ashtubla, 99½; Illinois Central Bonds, 120.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares quiet; Wallkill, 5; Rocky Mountain, 6; Montana, 52.

COPPER STOCKS.

Copper stocks at Boston: Calumet, 55; Copper Falls, 19; Franklin, 14; Hecla, 80; Hancock, 4½; Minnesota, 2; Quincy 2.

SUB-TREASURY.

Sub-Treasury receipts, $3,759,816; Payments, $8,534,082; Balance, $95,279,134.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW YORK, September 28.—Cotton firm and in fair demand; sales 1,250 bales at 23½c middling uplands, and some sales reported at 26c. Flour: receipts, 14,945 bbls; market dull and 10a22c lower; sales 9,700 bbls at $6,50a7,30 superfine western, $7,25a 8,90 western, $9a10,75 white wheat, $7,95a 10,30 round hoop Ohio, $8,50a10,00 extra St. Louis, $10a14,00 good to choice do, closing dull. California flour dull and declining; sales 400 sacks at $8,75a10,75. Rye flour quiet; sales 150 bbls at $6,25a8,25, latter price extreme. Corn meal quite active. Brandywine $6,45a6,70 delivered. Whiskey quiet. Spirits turpentine quiet at 45a45½c. Wheat dull, nominal and quiet; sales 19,-000 bush at $1,75 No. 1 and 2 spring mixed, $1,85 No. 1 December, $2,25 amber Tennessee, $2,45a2,55 white mixed. Rye steady; sales 6,000 bush western at $1,48. Barley scarce and firm. Barley malt quiet; sales 3,500 bush State at $2,25a2,30. Corn opened dull and lower, but closed more active and a shade better, demand chiefly speculative at $1,13a1,16½ for unsound, and $1,17½ a1,18½ for sound mixed western; $1,16a1,18 for new do in store; $1,17 for old do in store; $1,19 for high mixed, nearly yellow. Oats quiet; receipts, none; sales 42,000 bush at 74c for new western afloat. Total stock of grain in warehouse up to Sept. 28, 1868—347,775 bush wheat, 2,269,006 bush corn, 838,650 bush oats, 442,132 bush rye, 24,027 bush barley, 96,170 bush malt, 33,746 bush peas. Carolina Rice dull; sales 500 bags Rangoon, in bond, at private terms. Coffee; Rio, firm and in fair demand, with sales 2,200 bags at private terms; other kinds dull. Sugar steady and in moderate demand, with sales 3,000 hhds at 11¼a11¾c for Cuba; 12c for Porto Rico; sales 900 boxes Havanna at 11¼c. Molasses steady and quiet, with sales 125 hhds at 48c for Muscavado; 60c for Porto Rico. Hops quiet at 15a25c for American. Petroleum quiet at 16½c, crude; 32c, refined bonded. Linseed Oil is quiet at $1,04a1,06. Pork is firmer and there is more doing; sales 2,650 bbls at $28,25a28,55 for mess; closing $28,40, regular, $28,65a28,72 for old do; $23,75a24,50 for prime; $24a24,25 for prime. Mess Beef is dull; seles 100 bbls at $13a20,50 for new plain mess; $20,50a24,75 for new extra mess; tierce beef is dull at $21a22 for prime mess; $30a36 for India do; beef hams are dull at $50a36. Cut meats are heavy; sales 25 pkgs at 10¼a10¾c for shoulders; 12¼a18¼c for hams; middles are dull and heavy. Lard is dull and prices are drooping; sales 325 tierces at 18¾a19½c for steamed; 19¾a20c for kettle rendered. Butter is less active and sales were made at 40c for Ohio; 40a48c for State. Cheese is dull and heavy at 13a 17c. Freights are quiet and very firm.

LATEST,—5. P. M., Flour 10c lower on common and medium grades with a moderate inquiry. Wheat is dull, in buyers favor. Exports; the demand is restricted by firmness in oceans freights. Rye quiet at $1,47a1,49 for western. Oats dull at 73½ a74c for western. Corn steady, and in fair speculative demand, at $1,14a1,18 for new mixed western afloat, including sound parcels at $1,17½a1,18. Pork quiet and firm at $28,40a28,50 for mess cash and regular. Beef dull and unchanged. Cut meats quiet and without change. Bacon dull heavy and nominal. Lard very quiet at 19¼a19¾c for fair to prime steam. Eggs without decided change

St. Louis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

ST. LOUIS, September 28.—Tobacco; very little demand and prices unchanged. Hemp; no change; sales of medium undressed at $1,25a1,30. Flour unusually quiet; demand for all grades small; sales at previous quotations. Wheat inactive and unchanged; prime fall, $2a2,05; strictly prime, $2,10a2,15; choice, $2,18a2,20; spring unchanged at $1,50a1,55 for prime. Corn in fair demand and firm, at 85a98c; latter for choice. Oats heavy and lower at 52a 56c for prime to choice. Barley slow except for strictly choice; $1,90a1,95; strictly choice, $2a2,10. Rye irregular; sales at $1,16a1,18 for prime to choice. Pork quiet and unchanged; sales at $29 for mess; $25,50 for prime mess. There is nothing doing in bulk meats except in a small way. Bacon; holders firm and prices steady; sales of fresh clear sides at 16a16½c; old do, 15½c; fresh clear rib, 15½c; shoulders, 12½c. Lard dull and little doing; small sales of choice at 18¾a19c. Whiskey; unsteady demand. at $1,50. Receipts—flour, 3,465 barrels; wheat, 39,902 bushels; corn, 2,675 bushels; oats, 11,996 bushels; rye, 1,508 bushels; barley, 8,078.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, September 28.—Flour, city made is held at $12.50 for treble extra white; $10,75a11 for double extra amber; $9,75a10 for double extra red; $9,25a9,50 for double extra spring; $8,25a8,50 for extra spring; country made ranges at $9,75a10,25 for double extra red and amber; $8,50a9,50 for extra spring; $11a12 for extra white. Wheat; sales of 1 car No. 1 red at $1,96, and 1 car No. 2 at $1,81. Corn is held at $1,05. Oats; sales of 2 car lots at 62c. Rye is held at $1,22a1,25. Barley; the market is firm No. 1 at $1,85a2 for State and Canada. Petroleum; the market is very firm and the demand is active, Refined is held at 28a29c, and trade lots at 30a31c.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 15.—Beef cattle nothing doing and nominally unchanged. Hogs dull at $8,87½a9 for good to smooth.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Eastern exchange firm at 150a2 per thousand buying and par selling. Flour dull; small sales spring extras at $8,25a8,90. Wheat in fair demand and unsettled and ¼a¾ lower; sales No. 1 at $1,48a1,50, No. 2 $1,41a1,43, closing at $1,42a1,42½; since 'Change No. 2 dull at $1,42. Corn unsettled and firmer; sales No. 1 at 91a94¾, closing at 94½a94¾, No. 2 quiet and ¼ale higher; sales at 88½a90c; sales No. 1 this afternoon at 94 cash, 89 seller October. Oats steady at 51a51¾, closing at the outside. Rye 4a5 higher; sales No. 1 at $1,16a1,17, No. 2 $1,12a1,14, closing at $1,17 for No. 1. Barley 3a4c lower; sales of No. 2 at $1,70a1,73, and rejected at $1,57a 1,60, closing at $1,72 for No. 2. Highwines weak and 5c lower; sales of free at $1,35. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Mess Pork closed steady at 28c. Lard 18½c. Dry salted shoulders 10¼c. Freights quiet and unchanged. Receipts for the past forty-eight hours—14,988 bbls flour, 427,391 bush wheat, 93,235 bush corn, 142,007 bush oats, 2,121 hogs. Shipments—7,325 bbls flour, 86,248 bush wheat, 111,055 bush corn, 64,256 bush oats, 2,720 hogs.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, September 28.—Flour and Wheat dull and nominally unchanged; No. 1 red Wheat is held at $1,95. Corn in good demand and higher; ear $1,06a1,07. Oats advanced to 62a63c for No. 1, and 65a66c for white. Rye dull at $1,34. Barley irregular and market excited; fall very scarce, with buyers at $2,50a2,60; but those who have got any are not offering; spring $2,30a2,40. Cotton nominally unchanged. Tobacco quiet. Whisky dull at $1,40. Mess Pork held firmly, with small sales at $29. Lard sold at 19½c, but is held generally at 19¾c. Bulk Meats are firmly held at 11c for shoulders, and 13¾a14c for sides. Bacon firm with a fair jobbing demand at 12¼a12½c for shoulders, 14½, 15¼a15c for rib, clear rib and sides. Sugar cured Hams dull and sold at 19a19½c. Butter higher, owing to the light supply; fresh 38a42c. Eggs 23a 24c, and dull. Linseed Oil dull at $1,07a 1,08; demand very light. Timothy Seed firm at $3.20a3,25. Flax Seed in good demand at $2,50a2,75; the latter rate for round lots; nothing doing in Clover. Gold 141 buying. Exchange firm at par.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, September 28.—Flour dull and unchanged; Howard street superfine $8,25a9,00; extra $10,00a11,75; do. family $12,00a12,50; city mess superfine $8,50a8,75; do. extra $9,75a12; do. family $12,25a13,00; western superfine $7,25a8,25; do. extra $8,50 a10,25. Wheat firm; choice red $2,70. Corn firm; white $1,20a1,22; yellow $1,27. Oats firm; prime 70a75c. Rye active at $1,50a 1,55. Provisions firm. Mess Pork $30,50. Bacon; rib sides 17¼a16¾c; clear do. 16¾a 17c; shoulders 13¾a14c; hams 21a22c. Lard 20¼c.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, Sept. 28.—Receipts—10,793 bbls flour; 12,202 bu wheat; 10,8000 bu corn; 8,838 bu oats; 800 bu barley. Shipments—2,500 bbls flour; 1,155 bu wheat; 1,400 bu oats. Flour drooping. Wheat 2c lower; sales amber at $1,97a1,98; No. 1 red $1,97; No. 2 do $1,81. Corn 1½c lower at 97½c for No. 1; 97c for Michigan. Rye 1c lower at $1.25 for No. 1. Barley advanced 25c on Canada; sales Canada No. 1 at $2,05a2,10. Freights 5c on wheat to Buffalo; 9c to Oswego.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 28.—Tobacco steady; lugs 6as; medium leaf 11½; fair cutting 14¾. Hay firmer; sales at wharf at 16¾. Superfine Flour $6,75a7,00. Wheat $1,90a 2,20. Corn 97a98. Oats 52a55. Rye $1,37. Mess Pork $28,75a29,00. Lard $19¾a20. Bacon, Shoulders 12¾a13; clear rib sides 15¼a15¾; clear sides 16¼a16½. Bulk Shoulders 11¾; clear sides 15½. Whisky raw and free $1,40. Cotton, middling 36.

Milwaukee Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, September 28.—Flour weak and lower; choice Minnesota $7,50a7,75; choice country $7,12a7,50. Wheat lower, at $1,40 for No. 1 and $1,41 for No. 2. Oats quiet, at 54½c for 2. Corn nominal, at 97c for No. 2. Receipts—4,000 bbls flour; 165,-000 bush wheat; 6,000 bush oats; 9,000 bush corn. Shipments—6,000 bbls flour; 92,000 bush wheat; 4,000 bush oats; 1,000 bush corn

Philadelphia Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—Flour in better demand and firmer at $10a12 for Pennsylvania and Ohio extra family, and $9,75 for spring wheat do. Wheat in good demand at $2,20a2,30 for red. Rye at $1,35a 1,40. Corn quiet at $1,28 for yellow, and $1,26a1,27 for mixed western. Oats steady at 75a77c. Provisions dull and drooping.

Detroit Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DETROIT, September 28.—Flour is steady with a fair demand at $10a10,50 for choice. Wheat; white is 2a3c lower for No. 1, and 3 a4c lower for No. 2; No. 1 held at $2,21a2,22; No. 2 was offered at the close at $2,02, and No. 1 amber is in improved demand at $2a2,01.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, September 28.—Brown & Co, 1 car pig iron; McClure & McKee, 1 car bran; T C Jenkins, 400 bbls flour; Watt, Lang & Co, 400 do do, 50 sks shipstuff; John Grier & Co, 109 bbls flour; Culp & Shepard, 100 bbls flour; Lindsay, Sterrett & Ewer, 1 box hardware; John Shepard, 25 bbls flour; Dillinger & Stevenson, 1 car middlings; Alex King & Co, 206 pigs lead; Adams, McKee & Co, 1 box 4 bbls hardware; Fahnestock, Fortune & Co, 3 boxs hardware; B B Taylor 1 bale broom corn, 20 bdls bhandles; Lewis & McClure, 5 bxs crackers; J Porterfield & Co, 2 bbls do do; Van Gorder & Shepard, 3 kegs apple butter; W H Graff & Co, 3 tubs butter; Thomas Hare & Bro, 27 bdls runners; Munhall & McGraw, 6 doz pails, 6 do tubs; Elliott & Bros, 912 flower pots; W Cooper & Co, 25 bxs cheese, Sam'l Cooper, 15 do do; W H Garrard & Co, 1 car barley; Z Wainwright, 250 sks do do; Beckham & Long, 1 grain drill; B H Camball, 3 ladders; J Dunlap, 4 bbls 2 bxs scrap iron; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 6 pkgs butter, 1 bbl eggs; J S Cizgett & Co, 1 car wheel; Scott & Gisal, 201 sacks oats; Mitchell & Reynolks, 323 bush wheat; J B Cambell, 189 sks oats; M P Adams, 1 car staves.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, September 28.—J Porterfield & Co, 15 bxs candles, 5 cases lard; J Henderson & Bro, 14 bxs medicines; J Dalzelle & Son, 23 bbls lard oil; J C Neville & Son, 2 hhds tob; E H Myer & Co, 16 bbls lard oil; E Hazleton, 5 bbls lard oil; Brown & Williams, 1 car oats, 180 sks rye, 185 sks corn; Watt, Lang & Co, 300 bbls flour, 3 cars rye; Tros Collins, 275 sks malt; Spencer & McKay, 1 car barley; Jones & Laughlin, 1 car scrap iron; Joshua Rhodes U Co, 1 car barley, W Hastings, 2 cars staves.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, September 28.—Lloyd & Black, 1 car pig iron; Hutchinson, Glass & Co; 1 do do; J Cuthbert, 1 car fire brick, J L L Knox, 1 car stone; H Riddle, 10 bbls apples; J J Pettit, 20 bxs cheese; W H Graff & Co, 2 bbls green apples; H Rea Jr, 2 bbls eggs; Vangorder & Shepard, 4 do quinces; J J Benner, 1 car kegs; Head & Metzgar, 1 bbl eggs; Brown & Williams, 1 car corn; Watt, Lang & Co; 50 bxs cheese; T C Jenkins, 10 do do; Graff & Reiter, 10 do do, D Wallace, 49 bbls flour.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, September 28.—Lockhart, Frew & Co, 1,000 bbls crude oil; Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 700 do do; Fairview Oil Works, 480 do do; Jonathan Gallagher, 480 do do; Wormser, Myers & Co, 80 do do; Henderson, Alexander & Co & Co, 6 cars stone; Adams & Austin, 62 sks oats; J Jenkins, 12 baskets potatoes; Monongahela House, 3 cars milk; W M Gormely, 1 keg soda; R W Burk, 31 bbls ref oil; T Bryan, 1 car stone; W H Carnahan, 5 bbls eggs.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, September 28—7 bbls whisky, Dillinger & Stevenson; 36 bdls paper, Markle & Co; 166 bxs glassware, Michaels, R & Co; 5 bbls flaxseed, Watt & Wilson; 70 bbls cement, C B Leech; 1 car metal, Yough Iron & Coal Co; 4 bdls leather, Jas Callery; 40 sks feed, M Armstrong.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD, September 28.—16 sheets iron, Moorhead & Co; 5 bxs cegars, Magurriss & Co; 2 pkgs meat, W B Hays & Son.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede rapidly at this point with scant ten feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks—having fallen over nine feet since Saturday at noon. The weather yesterday was clear and pleasant, and all that could possibly be desired for the transaction of out-door business.

The arrivals include the Julia No. 2, from Zanesville, and J. N. McCullough, from Cincinnati. The McCullough had an excellent trip, and she, as well as the Julia, departed again to-day.

The following named towboats will get out on the present water: Louisville—Bengal Tiger, Hercules, Panther, V. F. Wilson, Fred. Wilson, Star, Arrow, Samson, Tom Rees, with an aggregate of 905,000 bushels. New Orleans—A. J. Baker and Alps, with an aggregate of 220,000 bushels. Cincinnati—Diamond and Hawk, with an aggregate of 240,000 bushels.

Passengers and shippers should bear in mind that the Express Packet Glasgow, in command of Capt. Andy Robinson Jr., is now ready for business, and will take her departure for Cincinnati, and Louisville on Thursday or Friday.

The Bellevernon Capt. J. J. Darragh Jr., is filling up steadily for St. Louis.

The Grey Eagle, Capt. C. S. Brennan, is the regular packet for Parkersburg tomorrow, leaving promptly at noon.

Capt. Geo. D. Moore, has again assumed command of the J. N. McCullough, and Capt. A. S. Shepard has taken charge of the Bayard.

The Camelia left Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Saturday, and the Glendale and Kenton was announced to leave on Sunday.

The Armenia was to have left St. Louis for Pittsburgh on Saturday.

The Wild Duck and barges, en route from St. Louis to Pittsburgh, was at Cairo on Friday.

The towboats Stella and Dick Fulton, en route from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, were at Cairo on Friday.

The Peninan (one of Com. Kountz's boats) is loading at St. Louis for Missouri river.

The Maggie Hays, with two barges in tow from St. Louis, is among the first boats due.

Capt. Tom Shuman passed through Cincinnati on Saturday, en route for St. Louis, to load the Wauanita for Pittsburgh.

A telegram from Ironton to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, under date of Saturday last, reported about fifty feet of water in the channel at that point.

—A St. Louis exchange says: The contest and rivalry between the Upper Mississippi packets is daily increasing. From now until the close of navigation it will continue warm, but we question very much whether it will be renewed in the spring. The Keokuk Packet Company are doing an immense business, both up and down stream.

—The Memphis *Bulletin* says the Sully and Bismarck passed Memphis without stopping, and adds: "We have heard of men ruining themselves to pay their debts, but our City Council is not only ruining the interests of the city, but its reputation. We learn that the little Peerless that is lying at our landing has been sold for $15,000, and will go into business on some one of the rivers lower down the Mississippi."

—The Memphis folks have weakened, as will be seen by the following, which passed at the metting of the City Council on Wednesday: *Be it ordained, etc.*, That section 23 of the wharfage laws be and the same is hereby so amended as to permit all transient steamboats to touch and lie at the landing for the space of two hours, upon the payment of the wharfage rates existing prior to July last, and that for a longer time than two hours the wharfage rates as now charged shall be collected.

—The Congressional excursion being gotten up at Cincinnati is soon to take place. It is contemplated to invite both houses of Congress, the President and Cabinet, editors of leading newspapers, &c., for the purpose of impressing on Congress the importance of making appropriations for the improvement of these rivers—the completion of the canal at the falls, the removal of the bar at Evansville, at the mouth of the Mississippi and elsewhere. In addition to this, it was hoped some uniform system of bridging these rivers could be agreed upon, and established by general enactment; also, to impress upon eastern men the magnitude of western commerce.

River and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 28.—River rising fast with twelve feet water on the falls. Weather clear and pleasant.

STEAMBOATS.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,

Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street,

DAILY, AT 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,
BAYARD.....A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by
se14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

REGULAR EXPRESS PACKET FOR ST. LOUIS.—The splendid steamer
BELLEVERNON.....Capt. JNO. DARRAH,
Will leave for above and intermediate ports on
MONDAY, 28th inst.—4 P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
CHARLES BARNES, Agents.

REGULAR EXPRESS PACKET FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.—The fine steamer
GLASGOW.....Capt. ANDREW ROBINSON, JR.
Will leave for above and intermediate ports on
WEDNESDAY, 30th inst.
For freight or passage apply on board. se28

STEAMSHIPS.

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THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS,

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated
CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE
CITY OF LONDON,
Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

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TRANSPARENT GREEN OIL CLOTH, for Window Shades—superior in quality and lower in price than the Eastern manufacture. Another large supply of the different widths just received from factory.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
je1 86 and 88 St. Clair street.

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J. L. DILLINGER.....A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 87 Second Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
RECEIVE AND SELL
All Kinds of Country Produce.

All orders for Merchandise promptly filled, at LOWEST market rates. Particular attention given to the sale of Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Dried Fruits, &c. We feel confident that we can give entire satisfaction, by making QUICK SALES and PROMPT RETURNS, at HIGHEST MARKET PRICES, and therefore respectfully solicit your consignments. All correspondence answered promptly. Marking Plates furnished free. Grain in store and to arrive daily. au31:t78

WATT, LANG & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Groceries, Flour, Grain, Produce, Provisions, Fish, Cheese, Carbon Oil, &c.,
Nos. 172 and 174 WOOD STREET, near Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nos:n55

J. B. CANFIELD.....A. T. CANFIELD.

J. B. CANFIELD & SON, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Wholesale Dealers in Goshen, Factory, Hamburg and W. R. Cheese, Butter, Lard, Pork, Bacon, Flour, Fish, Dried Fruit, Grain, Pig Lead, Pot, Pearl and Soda Ashes, White Lime, Linseed, Lard, Coal and Carbon Oils, No. 141 First street, Pittsburgh.

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M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.
No. 95 OHIO STREET near East Common,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

JAMES B. MEANOR.....JOS. HARPER

MEANOR & HARPER,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
329 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.
Consignments solicited.
REFERENCES—J. G. Martin, Cashier Mechanics' National Bank; J. S. Dilworth & Co., R. T. Kennedy & Bro. ja31:t24

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.

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AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,
349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,
my24:b57

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
No. 396 PENN STREET.
ap18:x89

ALEX. M'BANE.....J. B. ANJER.

McBANE & ANJER,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE GENERALLY, No. 144 WATER STREET, above Smithfield, Pittsburgh. fe5

FETZER & ARMSTRONG,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the sale of Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Butter, Seeds, Dried Fruit, and Produce generally, No. 16 MARKET STREET, corner of First, Pittsburgh.
fe22:n8

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JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:r58

PROCLAMATION.

CITY OF PITTSBURGH, SS.

In accordance with the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, providing for the incorporation of the City of Pittsburgh, and of the various supplements thereto, I, JAMES BLACKMORE

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

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F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED.
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TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1868.

National Union Republican Ticket.

NATIONAL.

President—ULYSSES S. GRANT.
Vice President—SCHUYLER COLFAX.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
AT LARGE.
G. MORRISON COATES, of Philadelphia.
THOS. M. MARSHALL, of Pittsburgh.

District.	District.
1. W. H. BARNES,	13. SAMUEL SNOW,
2. W. J. POLLOCK,	14. B. F. WAGONSELLER,
3. RICHARD WILDEY,	15. CHAS. H. MILLER,
4. G. W. HILL,	16. JOHN STEWART,
5. WATSON P. MAGILL,	17. GEORGE W. ELSER,
6. J. H. BRINGHURST,	18. A. G. OLMSTEAD,
7. FRANK C. HEATON,	19. JAMES SILL,
8. ISAAC ECKERT,	20. H. C. JOHNSON,
9. MARIS HOOPES,	21. J. K. EWING,
10. DAVID M. RANK,	22. WM. FREW,
11. WM. DAVIS,	23. A. W. CRAWFORD,
12. W. W. KETCHUM,	24. J. S. RUTAN.

STATE.

Auditor General—J. F. HARTRANFT.
Surveyor General—J. M. CAMPBELL.

DISTRICT.

Congress, 22d Dist.—JAS. S. NEGLEY.
" *23d Dist.*—DARWIN PHELPS.

COUNTY.

State Senate—JAMES L. GRAHAM.

ASSEMBLY.

GEORGE WILSON, M. S. HUMPHREYS,
GEO. F. MORGAN, VINCENT MILLER,
JAMES TAYLOR, SAMUEL KERR.

District Attorney—A. L. PEARSON.
Ass't District Attorney—J. B. FLACK.
Controller—HENRY LAMBERT.
Commissioner—JONATHAN NEELY.
Surveyor—R. L. McCULLY.
County Home Director—J. G. MURRAY.

CITY.

Mayor—JARED M. BRUSH.
Controller—ROBT. J. McGOWAN.
Treasurer—A. J. COCHRAN.

Headquarters Republican County Committee, City Hall, Market Street. Open every day. County Committee meets every Wednesday, at 2 P. M.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: "Maine, and the Remainder," Ephemeris, How New York Gets Her Vegetables. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial and River News. Seventh page: Farm, Garden and Household.*

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 141½.

ON OUR second page this morning we print a spirited political contribution from the gifted pen of JAMES M. MACRUM, Esq., of this city.

THE Episcopal Church of the United States is threatened with disruption; the low-church portion thereof having resolved to have ritualism repressed or to secede from the Convention soon to be held, and establish a Reformed P. E. Church.

THE meeting of Soldiers and Sailors, which will be held at Philadelphia on Thursday and Friday of this week, promises to be unusually large as to numbers and specially grand as a popular demonstration. From all parts of the country, notes of the preparation of delegations thereto reach us.

HON. JOHN M. KRUM, an eminent Democratic lawyer of St. Louis, General B. F. STRINGFELLOW, the original border-ruffian of Kansas and the compeer of ATCHISON and others, who led the great pro-slavery raid upon that young Territory in '55, and Postmaster CLEVELAND, of Hartford, who went over to Democracy two years ago, are among the latest accessions to the cause of GRANT and Peace.

DO NOT FORGET the meeting at Uniontown to-morrow! Excursion tickets by railway, fine weather, a beautiful country, a live crowd and a pleasant time generally! Our friends there send a special invitation to the Boys in Blue, inviting also our Clubs to attend and take part in the torch-light procession of the evening. Let us send up a good delegation to cheer our struggling friends on that hard battle-field!

WE PRINT the address of Gen. BLAIR, made last evening—precisely word for word as pronounced by him, being the *only* phonographic report made of his remarks. The speech as printed by our cotemporaries this morning is a document dictated by Mr. BLAIR to reporters during the afternoon in his rooms at the hotel, and is *not* the speech as delivered and now printed in the GAZETTE. The discrepencies between the speech as written and spoken are very decided.

THE brilliant auguries of the last few weeks have filled the Republicans of this region with a wild enthusiasm. That quality is well enough in its way; but it is not a good substitute for hard work in conducting a campaign.

Republicans! only a fortnight remains before the October election. Much is to be done in this short space. What we want is not simply a victory, but such a one as shall be absolutely decisive of the whole campaign. To this end the attendance at the polls of every Republican voter must be secured. This is a matter of detail and pains-taking, which mere enthusiasm is likely to overlook.

It is not sufficient that your neighbor will vote for GRANT and COLFAX, and so stay away from the October election. One vote added to the majority of HARTRANFT and CAMPBELL will avail more than twenty votes added to the majority in November. Act on this presumption, and get out two weeks hence every Republican voter.

MEETING TO-NIGHT.

There will be a grand rally at Hare's Hotel, Liberty street, mouth of Fifth street, this evening, at half-past seven o'clock, which will be addressed by General JOHN F. FARNSWORTH, member of Congress for the Second District of Illinois. His abilities, as well as his experience in public affairs, entitle his views to the highest respect and confidence.

In addition, the meeting will be addressed by the Hon. MAHLON CHANCE, of Ohio, an eloquent and accomplished speaker.

As this will be the first meeting held during the present canvass in the old Fourth ward, and as the oratorical attractions offered are quite unusual, we hope to see a rousing turn-out.

GEN. FRANCIS P. BLAIR.

On the 30th of last June, just prior to the assembling of the Democratic National Convention, this gentleman wrote a letter to Mr. BRODHEAD, which found its way immediately, as was intended, into the newspapers. That letter contains three remarkable paragraphs, which read as follows:

"If the President elected by the Democracy enforces or permits others to enforce these Reconstruction acts, the Radicals, by the accession of 20 spurious Senators and 50 Representatives, will control both branches of Congress, and his administration will be as powerless as the present one of Mr. Johnson.

"There is but one way to restore the Government and the Constitution, and that is *for the President elect to declare these acts null and void, compel the army to undo its usurpation at the South, disperse the carpet-bag State Governments, allow the white people to re-organize their own governments and elect Senators and Representatives.* The House of Representatives will contain a majority of Democrats from the North, and they will admit the Representatives elected by the white people of the South, and, with the co-operation of the President, it will not be difficult to COMPEL THE SENATE to submit once more to the obligations of the Constitution. It will not be able to withstand the public judgment, if distinctly invoked and clearly expressed on this fundamental issue, and it is the sure way to avoid all future strife to put the issue plainly to the country.

"I repeat that this is the real and only question which we should allow to control us; Shall we submit to the usurpations by which the Government has been overthrown, or shall we exert ourselves for its full and complete restoration? *It is idle to talk of bonds, greenbacks, gold, the public faith, and the public credit.* What can a Democratic President do in regard to any of these, with a Congress in both branches controlled by the carpet-baggers and their allies? He will be powerless to stop the supplies by which idle negroes are organized into political clubs, by which an army is maintained to protect these vagabonds in their outrages upon the ballot. These, and things like these, eat up the revenues and resources of the Government, destroy its credit, and make the difference between gold and greenbacks. We must restore the Constitution before we can restore the finances, and to do this we must have a President who will execute the will of the people by trampling into the dust the usurpatious of Congress, known as the Reconstruction Acts. *I wish to stand before the Convention upon this issue,* but it is one which embraces everything else that is of value in its large and comprehensive results. *It is the one thing that includes all that is worth a contest,* and without it there is nothing that gives dignity, honor, or value to the struggle."

This language is singularly direct and unambiguous. It is susceptible of only one construction, unless through manifest and inexcusable violence. In point of fact, both political parties, in both geographical sections of the Union, instantly gave the same interpretation to it. Throughout the South the leaders in the late rebellion were delighted, because it gave voice to their own thoughts and feelings. At the North all the Democrats whose sympathies ran with the rebellion received it with the same manifestations of applause. It gave Mr. BLAIR the nomination for the Vice Presidency, and on a Platform made to match his epistle.

The candidate and the declaration of principles were greeted with great enthusiasm all over the revolted States. Orators and journalists, in all the principal towns of those States, vied with each other in praising Mr. BLAIR and his letter, and in commending the Convention for its courage in selecting him as a standard bearer. He was hailed as the pre-ordained leader of a fresh assault upon the government, in the interests of the men who surrendered to GRANT and SHERMAN.

There was nothing unnatural in this, except that, under the circumstances, so much frankness and audacity should be displayed. We saw proper at the time to collate extracts from these fulminations which made two full pages of this journal, for the enlightenment of our readers. Other Republican journals throught the loyal States aided in disseminating the exultations and threats which Mr. BLAIR's letter, and his subsequent nomination inspired. The impression made upon the people of the Northern States was instantaneous and profound.

The Northern Democratic leaders promptly discovered that they and Mr. BLAIR had miscalculated the temper of popular opinion outside of their own organization, and measurably inside of it. Consequently the swiftly despatched orders to the chief Southern cities that all swaggering of fresh violence must cease. Some of the newspapers thus admonished concluding that dissimulation would be profitable, took the hint and followed it with alacrity. Others of them, directed by sturdy and uncomplying writers, not only refused, but, in addition, revealed what injunctions had been laid upon them. This courageous, but indiscreet avowal, added to the disgust and alarm which pervaded multitudes of minds all over the North.

Among the orators, Mr. WADE HAMPTON had been conspicuous for the intensity of his bravado. But he was prevailed upon to change front, and even to deny that he had made the speeches attributed to him. With unblushing impudence he averred that the press of his own party, and even of Southern cities, had conspired to put thoughts into his head that he had never meditated and words with his mouth that he had never spoken. The pressure must have been very great when this man, who never shrank from the commission of an infamy, was thus induced demurely to eat his own words. We put it in this shape, for everybody understood him. He was not misrepresented, but simply wished to counteract the mischief his bold utterances had done his party.

And now Mr. BLAIR is upon a pilgrimage over the Northern States to put a forced and unnatural construction upon a letter the authenticity of which he cannot deny. He asserts, in substance, that he was misunderstood alike by friend and foe. No man was ever so unfortunate before. Does he attach a meaning to words and sentences entirely peculiar to himself? Then he should not presume to address the public until he has acquired a speech that can be understood without an interpreter. But what assurance can the people possibly have—if he used language in the letter to Mr. BRODHEAD in so unusual a sense as to mislead every body—that they comprehend his meaning now?

Last evening Mr. BLAIR undertook to defend himself, and the interpretation he now seeks to put on his BROADHEAD letter before the citizens of Pittsburgh so far as his audience was composed of Democrats, we have no hesitancy in expressing the belief that they liked that letter not at all as he explained it, but vastly as Mr. HAMPTON expounded it when it first appeared in the newspapers.

Mr. BLAIR was careful to have his speech not simply prepared beforehand, but put in type in advance of his delivery of it, and proof-slips thereof furnished to all the reporters of the press who were charged to take notes of what he said.

We have not space this morning to comment in detail upon MR. BLAIR'S attempted change of base. That task will require a separate article. It is sufficient for us to say now that MR. BLAIR'S explanation not only comes too late, but is of such a character as to do neither himself nor his party a particle of good. His present duplicity is transparent even to the dullest apprehension. His purpose is not to recant and atone for his recent violence, but so to allay the alarm he created as to gain a position from which he would be able to put his threats into execution. For this he is too late. The people understand the issues it is their duty to settle at the ballot-box, and no amount of chicanery will deflect them from the fulfillment of the purpose they have already made up, to avoid the possibility of serious trouble in the near future by the election of GRANT and COLFAX.

"SETTING THINGS TO RIGHTS."

Our Northern Democrats are generally attempting to dodge the BRODHEAD letter of General BLAIR, but their cowardly tactics are scorned by the Southern rebel leaders of the party. For example, the Mobile *Tribune* says of this letter:

"This is the main plank of the platform. A few timid politicians and poltroons may revile Forrest, Hampton and Blair, but the sestatesmen stand on the Democratic platform, which is broad enough to support the South as well as the North."

The Louisville *Courier*, of the 24th, edited by the ex-rebel General BUCKNER, whose works at Fort Donelson were so unpleasantly and disastrously moved upon by General GRANT, also says:

"As to the Brodhead letter, we thank Gen. Blair for his exposition; and, so far as we are concerned, we indorse it to the fullest extent. * * * * * * *

There could be no doubt as to the position of the party on the subject. This General Blair knew when he penned his letter. He knew that his views entirely accorded with the views of the party. If there are those—as we are led to infer from the language of the *Times*—who endeavor to quibble about or explain away Blair's words, the least we can say is that we do not comprehend their Democracy, and that we have no manner of sympathy with them. What Blair said was well-timed and to the purpose, and, as we have said, we thank him for it. It was a manly and bold avowal of Democratic sentiment, and presented a practicable solution of the reconstruction problem. * * * * * * *

That which we have to consider, and the country has to consider, is what can be done now to set things to rights. This problem General Blair has solved in the only way that it was possible to solve it. Radical usurpation renders *a settlement of the difficulty through the medium of the courts impracticable,* and the only way, therefore, and it is indeed the plain and obvious one, is for the incoming Democratic administration to see that the highest law of the land, the Constitution, is enforced and maintained.

The party-sneaks at the North will perceive that this is a crack of their old master's whip; they are not to be permitted to retreat from any position which satisfies the views of the Southern Democracy. The Brodhead letter is distinctly affirmed to be of the essence of current issues, and to afford the only correct guide for an "incoming Democratic administration."

The Democracy are also distinctly advised, and the country is informed, that the Brodhead letter means *the armed and forcible intervention of the Executive, and nothing else.* General BLAIR himself excludes Congress from any participation in the business of "setting things to right." His suggestion that the Senate should be "compelled to submit" was rather the rounding of a rhetorical period than the expression of any well-founded expectation. The entire context of his letter supposes the exclusively independent and arbitrary action of the President alone, and, indeed, is based expressly upon the idea that no Congressional concurrence can be hoped for.

As to the Judiciary, although BLAIR did not literally declare its exclusion from the work of setting things to rights, yet no other inferences can be drawn from what he does say. And this is made clearly apparent in the above commentary by Gen. BUCKNER. "A settlement of the difficulty through the medium of the Courts is impracticable" says this cordial endorsement of the BLAIR programme, and nothing remains available for "setting things to rights" except the sword in the President's hands.

BLAIR hints at judicial decisions declaring the unconstitutionality of reconstruction, but all his practical suggestions mean only a Presidential Dictatorship. BUCKNER, equally frank, but vastly more logical, throws out the Supreme Court altogether. Thus both of the co-ordinate departments of the government are to be ignored and laws duly enacted by the Congress of the United States, but which are distateful to a political party, are to be removed from the statute-book, not by their constitutional and orderly repeal by the law-making department, nor by their condemnation as invalid by the revising power of the Judiciary, but by the new Democratic plan of nullifying disagreeable laws by violently overturning and defying them.

This defines the issue too plainly to be misunderstood. Republicanism says that no law, once legally enacted, no matter how unpopular it may be, least of all when so just and necessary in its purview as the reconstruction acts, shall be modified, amended or abrogated except in the due course of repealing legislation, or of judicial scrutiny and condemnation. The Democracy demand the right to nullify laws by military force, irrespective of the regular constitutional methods. One party upholds the sanctity of law, as the law supreme; the other appeals to the stronger might of the bayonet. The one party points to the ballot-box as the only method of redress under our constitutional government, for any wrongs, real or imaginary, while the other avows its traitorous preference for a forcible and revolutionary resistance. The Democracy are at least consistent in this, for they propose now exactly what they did in '61, when, beaten by the ballots of a majority, they resorted to bullets. Ballots Against Bullets is the issue they now make before the people, and upon that issue we have no hesitation in meeting them, and intend to overthrow them once more.

ARE YOU ASSESSED?

If you are not, or if you do not know positively the fact that you are, go at once to the Assessor of your precinct, and have it attended to. Remember that the period expires next Saturday night, October 3d, at midnight.

We annex a correct list of the Assessors in the several wards of the cities and in the boroughs:

PITTSBURGH.

First ward, Pittsburgh, Samuel Patterson.
Second ward, Alexander Aiken.
Third ward, John D. Eagan.
Fourth ward, A. P. Thompson.
Fifth ward, John Quinn.
Sixth ward, Christ King.
Seventh and Eighth wards, Wm. Shore.
Ninth and Tenth wards, Joseph Irwin.
Eleventh ward, John Crawford.
Twelfth ward, John S. Normine.
Thirteenth ward, Robert Inder.
Fourteenth ward, James McGinness.
Fifteenth ward, J. P. Pearson,
Sixteenth ward, Thos. Merkel.
Seventeenth ward, Edward Davidson.
Eighteenth ward, Saml. Carothers.
Twentieth ward, David Aiken, Sr.
Twenty-first ward, Saml. Chadwick.
Twenty-second ward, Wm. Irwin.
Twenty-third ward, Wm. Wylie.

ALLEGHENY.

First Ward—Simeon Bulford.
Second Ward—John Sterrett.
Third Ward—R. R. Ray.
Fourth Ward—James Graham.
Fifth Ward—Henry Paulis.
Sixth Ward—Wm. Motheral.
Seventh Ward—John Mierhoffer.
Eighth Ward—George Moul.

BOROUGHS.

Birmingham—Wm. Doy.
East Birmingham—A. J. Rapp.
Monongahela—John Cregan.
Temperanceville—F. C. Dorrington.
South Pittsburgh—Wm. Lloyd.
McKeesport—Wm. Mains.
Sharpsburg—Jonas Butterfield.
Mt. Washington—Eli Burford.
Bellevue—James Sterrett.
Tarentum—Wm. V. Evans.
Braddock—M. J. Bennett.
Ormsby—George Geyer.
Sewickley—Wm. Miller.
Elizabeth—J. N. Laughlin.
West Elizabeth—John O. Percival.

HATRED OF UNION SOLDIERS.

"If I could have my way I would place JEFF. DAVIS in Congress, where he richly belongs. Then I would go to Concord, take all the miserable battle-flags from the State House, and make a bonfire of them in the State House yard. (Great applause.) Then I would go all through the North and destroy all the monuments and gravestones erected to the memory of soldiers. In short, I would put out of sight everything which reminds us that we ever had a war with our Southern brethren.

"I do not know that I would hang one-legged and one-armed soldiers, but I would pray to God to get them out of the way as soon as possible."—*Henry Clay Dean, in a speech at Manchester, N. H., February,* 1868.

MR. B. F. BUTLER was yesterday renominated for Congress, in the Fifth Massachusetts district, receiving all but four out of 179 votes, and the nomination was subsequently made unanimous. No man in this country, and few in any other, have been so persistently or atrociously vilified and abused as he. Adverse newspapers and orators have seemed to consider themselves licensed to invent and promulgate any conceivable calumny upon his reputation. But his rare endowments have enabled him successfully to endure and easily to surmount all the assault of his detractors. He furnishes a living demonstration of the fact that a man who has substantial matter in him, and is true to himself, cannot be written or talked down. The instinct for fair play operates strongly in his favor, and carries him along, where he might otherwise fail.

GEN. GRANT'S dispatch of November 10, '64, to Secretary STANTON, congratulating the President upon the grand victory of the Republicans in his re-election, was included in our recent report of the ex-Secretary's speech at Steubenville. The publication of this dispatch attracts much attention now, in view of the fact that, for full three years after it was written, Democratic journals and leaders everywhere were advocating his nomination as President by their party. And to tell the truth, they would gladly exchange him for SEYMOUR to-day. Nor has their preference for the victorious commander been so thoroughly uprooted, but that thousands of honest Democrats are bent on giving to him their votes.

NEVER before were the Republican masses in Western Pennsylvania so thoroughly aroused as at the present moment. The majority on this side of the Alleghenies two weeks from to-day will be unprecedentedly large. If our friends on the eastern side of the Mountains only keep the balance even, as we doubt not they will, the Republican majority in the State will be enough to electrify the country.

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

The entire cost of the Freedman's Bureau, including the very large expenditure to feed the starving white rebels, was only a little over six millions of dollars up to August 1st, '68. The annexed letter tells the whole story.

WAR DEP'T. BUREAU OF REFUGEES, FREEDMEN AND ABANDONED LANDS, WASHINGTON, Aug. 5, 1868.

Hon. J. G. Blaine, Augusta, Me.:

Dear Sir—I have replied by telegraph to your letter this morning, and herewith enclose some copies of a letter to Mr. Eliot, which I drew up a few days ago. That letter covers the expenditures for three years from January 1, 1865, to January 1, 1868. The bureau was organized in May, 1865, and got fairly under way in July, 1865. The accounts of the old "Department of Freedmen's Affairs" were turned over to this Bureau, and are all included in the statement of expenses.

Total cash drawn from the Treasury and received from rents of abandoned lands, crops sold, taxes, fines, and all miscellaneous sources up to Jan. 1, 1868	$5,995,858 49
Transferred to Agricultural Dep't	50,000 00
Balance	$5,905,888 49
Expended from Jan. 1 to Aug. 1, 1868	2,029,397 39
Total	$7,935,285 88

The pay of army officers ought to be reckoned as expended by this Bureau, it being accounted for by the Pay Department.

General Howard has gone South, where I hope he will do good work. Yours truly,

(Signed) E. WHITTLESEY
Acting Assistant Adjutant General.

P. S.—The total cash drawn from the United States Treasury up to Aug 1, 1868, has been $8,247,251 78; deduct Agricultural Bureau, $50,000, leaving $6,197,251 78 as the real cost of the Bureau to the Government. The balance of the $7,935;285 88 was obtained from the rents of abandoned lands, &c, at the South. E. W., A. A. A. G.

DEMOCRACY TWENTY YEARS AGO.

A State Convention of the Ohio Democracy, held at Columbus, January 8, 1848, adopted the following resolution:

"That the people of Ohio now, as they have always done, look upon the institution of slavery as an evil, and unfavorable to the full development of the spirit and practical benefits of free institutions, and that entertaining these sentiments, they will feel it to be their duty to use all power consistent with the national compact *to prevent its increase, to mitigate and finally to eradicate the evil.*"

THE "Democracy," whom General BLAIR addressed last evening, were thus described by himself three years since:

The Democratic party at the present day is democratic in name and nothing else. The old Jefferson and Jackson principles have been abandoned. The man who did not escape the rope by three hours is the author of all to which the Democratic party of the present day subscribes. It has not one scintilla of true Democracy to animate its carcass.

WHEN General Grant went to Governor Yates to offer his services, he did not even mention that he fought at Palo Alto, Resaca de la Palma, Monterey, and served under General Scott in his campaign from Vera Cruz to the City of Mexico, or that he had been promoted to First Lieutenant on the field for gallantry at Molino del Rey, and brevetted a captain for brilliant and skillful fighting upon the Heights of Chapultepec. Not a word of all this—nor did the Governor remember it—but he simply said he had been educated at the expense of the Government, and, as the Government was in trouble, desired to serve it in any situation he might be placed. Assigned to a clerk's desk he went to work quietly and faithfully. Such is the man who rose to the highest place in the army through the power of his talent for doing well what was before him. He never asked anybody to promote him. He never seemed to care for promotion. And yet there are those who say that Gen. Grant is not a great man. If he is not, who is or has been great in the world's history? —*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS.

—Chas. H. Grappon, of the Philadelphia *Sunday Mercury*, died on Sunday last.

—Abner Greenleaf, formerly editor and proprietor of the New Hampshire *Gazette*, died yesterday.

—John Isherwood, a native of Belgium, aged twenty-six, was killed by the Erie railway train at Passaic, Monday morning.

—Henry Dolz, a brakeman, was killed, and several others of Bethlehem, Pa., were injured yesterday by a passenger car being upset on the Penn-sylvania railroad.

—Four English miners, named William Moore, Richard Sampson, Jas. Richards and Jas. Thompson, were instantly crushed to death last Thursday by the falling in of a shaft of iron in a mine at Mount Hope, Morris county, N. J. They were buried on Sunday. An immense crowd of miners attended the funeral.

Mysterious Poisoning Case.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Another case of mysterious poisoning has occurred in this city, the victim being James Hamilton, proprietor of a boarding house on Thompson street, who died this morning from the effects of exalic acid taken in a dose of senna and salts, purchased at the drug store of Mr. Rogers, Spring street, about a month ago. Rogers and his son were arrested and held to await the Coroner's inquest. They deny that the salts contained any oxalic acid when purchased. The family of the deceased say the package of salts was not interfered with while in the house.

The Suspension of Rev. Dr. McMullen.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—A mass meeting was held at Father Mauhew Temperance Hall last night for the purpose of taking action upon the suspension of Rev. Dr. McMullen, of St. Patricks Church, by Bishop Duggan. Resolutions sustaining Dr. McMullen were discussed at length and finally adopted by a large majority. The friends of the Bishop then left the hall in a body. Subscription lists were opened for the purpose of raising a sufficient sum to pay Dr. McMullen's expenses to Rome. A considerable sum was subscribed.

Death of an Indianian

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, September 28.—Capt. Frederick H. Brandlee died suddenly in this city this morning of paralysis. He had just returned from Europe. He has resided in the west for a number of years. In his pocket was found a commission as Justice of the Peace in Cass county, Indiana, dated 1866, and also shewing him to have been the agent for several Insurance Companies in that state. His body was taken charge of by the Masons. He was about seventy years of age.

The Calamity at Wheeling—Business Suspended.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WHEELING, W. VA., Sept. 28.—In compliance with the Mayor's proclamation, business was entirely suspended this afternoon, the citizens generally uniting with the city in paying the last tribute of respect to the police and firemen who were killed by the falling walls at the fire on Sunday morning.

The Boys in Blue Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—The National Committee of the Soldiers and Sailors have received letters from Generals Pope, Howard, Siegel, Sherman, and others, which will be read at the Convention on the first proximo.

FROM EUROPE.

Progress of the Insurrection in Spain—A Great Battle Expected—The Revolutionists Gaining Ground.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept. 26.—The insurgents have torn up the railway in the Sierra Morena. Count Gergente with his troops is compelled to remain in the mountain defiles. General Prim is expected at Barcelona to-day, where the people are only waiting for his arrival to rise. Madrid and Saragossa are also ripe for revolt. The vanguard of the army under Novalechez, numbering 3,000, has joined the insurgents. He has, in consequence, been obliged to wait for reinforcements. The French squadron arrived at Barcelona.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—A battle is hourly expected between Novalechez and Gergente near Cordova. The royalists lost over six hundred men in the fight at Santander, but they succeeded in retaining possession of the city. General Cologree marches tomorrow on Santona. He has resolved to burn the place if it makes any resistance.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—Advices from Spain to-day confirm all previous reports that the insurgents are marching in force on the Capital. The royal troops sent against Santander, who have since captured that city, have been engaged in pursuing the rebels in that quarter. They have since been ordered to return to Madrid for the protection of the Capitol. The revolution is rapidly progressing in the interior. The city of Valladolid had pronounced against the Queen and the revolt already extended to most of the provinces into which the old and new Castile are divided.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—*Evening*—American Securities firm. Bonds, 73. Illinois, 94. Erie, 33¾.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 28.—Bonds firm at 75.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 28.—*Evening*—Cotton advancing, with uplands at 10d; Orleans at 10¼d; sales, 15,000 bales. Petroleum 11d. per gallon. Breadstuffs and Provisions unchanged. Lard at 72s. Bacon at 57s.

MEMPHIS.

Arrest of a Negro Desperado—He is Lynched on the Spot by Blacks and Whites—Gen. Hindman, C. S. A., Assassinated.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, Sept. 28.—The *Avalanche's* Helena, Arkansas, letter says: Yesterday morning Deputy Sheriff, Joseph M. Maley, with a posse, surrounded the cabin of a notorious negro named Lee Marson, who killed several persons last winter. He shot and maimed for life Sheriff Bart Taylor who was attempting to arrest him, and recently knocked a jailor in the head and escaped to the hills, where he has been the terror to all white and black people. No sooner had the Sheriff's posse knocked at the door, yesterday, than Marson fired, instantly killing Maley. Others attempted to close in on him, when he made a desperate resistance, severely wounding Perry Neagle and Andice Barnes, colored, and then escaped to the woods. News of affair spread like wildfire. Soon fully a hundred men were scouring the woods and succeeded in finding Marson, whose arms were broken and also wounded in the side. A vote was taken on the spot, black and whites voting in favor of hanging him, which was accordingly done.

Gen. J. C. Hindman, late of Confederate States Army, was assasinated at his residence at Helena, last night. The Superintendent of the Police received a dispatch this afternoon directing him to arrest a man named Robbins, passenger on the Shreve, who it was believed committed the deed. Robbins was arrested and sent back. He is from Springfield, Missouri, and served under Hindman. He stoutly denies being the murderer.

LATER—The *Avalanche's* special to-night says: General Hindman was shot at ten o'clock last night while sitting in the midst of his family smoking, his left hand, which held the pipe, being carried away by a charge of buckshot, two of which entered his neck, inflicting a wound from which he died eight hours afterward. His assassination, it is said, was procured through political causes.

Serious Railroad Disaster.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, September 28.—The Pilcher tunnel on the M. & C. Railroad, which caught fire some days ago and has since been burning, caved in on Sunday and buried two men. Their remains have not been recovered. While a construction engine was backing up to the scene of the disaster, it ran over two hand cars near Athens, containing eighteen men, and instantly killing five and severely injuring three others, two of whom are not expected to recover. The men endeavored to jump from the cars which were demolished. One man had his head entirely severed from his body and another had half his head torn away by a splinter from the car. The burning and caving of the tunnel has blockaded the road, but the company are building a track over the hill, which will soon be completed.

Large Fire at Buffalo.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, September 28.—A large fire occurred this evening in Adams' block on Washington street. It occurred by the bursting of the gas pipe in the basement of the *Commercial Advertiser* newsp per office. A large five story building in the rear of the block was entirely destroyed. This building was occupied by Mathews and Warren, proprietors of the *Commercial Advertiser*, and an extensive job printing office, Adams & Co., wholesale tobacco manufacturers, and Clayscock & Co., lithographers. The front building was occupied by the above named parties, also by the Plat Fruit and Oyster Co., the Assessor of Internal Revenue, and several law offices. The loss will approximate $150,000.

Gen. Banks to the Workingmen.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, September 28.—In an address to the workingmen in Charleston, this evening, Gen. Banks reviewed some of the acts of the last and present Congress, especially treating on the eight hour law, which he said was but a preliminary step towards co-operation between the employer and employe. The time was soon to come when the laborer would receive part of the profits of his employer as his compensation. He held that the national debt must be paid in gold and silver, as promised when the loans were created, and said if the people repudiated this they repudiated their own interest.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 28.—Cotton in fair demand and firmer; middlings 22½; sales 330 bales; receipts, 4,727 bales. Exchange, Sterling 152½; New York sight drafts ¾a¼ discount. Gold 140. Sugar and Molasses unchanged. Flour dull; Superfine $7. Corn dull at 85ca$1. Oats dull and declined to 56c. Hay declined to $23. Bran declined to $1,15. Pork steady at $30,50. Bacon shoulders, 13c; clear sides 17c. Lard steady; tierce, 19½c, keg, 21½c. Receipts of produce since Saturday heavy.

Chicago Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, September 28.—Wheat—the market to-night is easier, and sales were made at $1,41½ for No. 2. Corn is firmer and higher, and sales were made of No. 1 at 96c. Oats is firm at 52c.

Soldiers' Convention.

A meeting was held at City Hall last evening to make arrangements for attending the Soldiers' Mass Convention at Philadelphia on the 1st and 2d proximo.

The meeting was organized by calling Col. George F. Morgan to the Chair, and appointing William Hatfield, Secretary.

A battalion of five companies of boys in blue was organized, and Col. George F. Morgan appointed Commander and Capt. Gus. L. Braun, Adjutant.

The Enrollment Books will be open at City Hall to-day, and all persons who desire to attend are requested to call and get their order for transportation.

The battalion will meet at City Hall at 2 o'clock P. M. Wednesday.

The meeting at Wilkins Hall, held under the auspices of the Second Ward Grant Club, was well attended. Enrollment books were opened for receiving the names of those who desire to attend the Soldiers Convention. Fifty names were enrolled, and the books will be open to-day at 46 Smithfield street and this evening at Wilkins Hall.

A Committee of three was appointed to make arrangements for transportation.

Severe Accident.

John Scott, a young man employed as a painter by Messrs. J. & H. Phillips, met with a severe accident yesterday morning. He was engaged in painting the exterior of the establishment of Geo. Albree & Son, corner of Fourth avenue and Wood streets, and for this purpose had placed a couple of "jacks" from the windows on the third story on the Fourth avenue side, and laid across them a board, upon which he stood while at work. It seems that in the centre of the board was a large knot which weakened it, and caused it to give way suddenly under the weight of the workman, precipitating him to the pavement below. Falling upon a cellar door the force of the fall was somewhat broken, but as it was he received severe internal injuries and had his left ankle badly fractured. Drs. Le Moyne, King and Sutton being immediately called, succeeded in reducing the fracture, after which the sufferer was conveyed to his home on Penn street, Twelfth ward. His injuries, though painful, are not necessarily dangerous, though it will be some time before he is recovered.

An Improvement.

Heretofore the Election Board of the Third ward, Allegheny, have occupied a room in the School House, and this naturally interfered with the schools on election days. The School Board of the ward, with a design of remedying this matter, are fitting up a room in the basement of the new wing for the especial use of the Election Board. The entrance will be from North avenue, and the approach to the window will be so arranged as to preclude the possibility of crowding. The new arrangement will go into effect on next election day, and will, no doubt, prove a very convenient and useful improvement.

The Ring Entered.

Two chaps of pugilistic tendencies, named respectively Hart and Rimsley, had arranged for a pleasant little scrimmage yesterday morning, according to the latest rules of the prize ring. The stakes were $100, the time five o'clock and the place just outside the Cemetery gates. The agreeable contest was about to commence in the presence of a goodly company of the short-haired fraternity, when Lieutenant Wooldridge, with twelve assistants, made his appearance, which suddenly checked the proceedings before a blow had been struck, and caused a shaking of hands between the principals and the dispersing of the gathering.

A SLIGHT COLD, COUGH,

Or SORE THROAT may be checked if a reliable remedy is applied at once, but if neglected very soon preys upon the lungs, and the result may prove fatal. The past few weeks of changeable temperature and cold rains are fruitful sources of troubles of the lungs, throat and chest. If you are attacked by a cold, no matter how slight, use at once

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP,

Which is an old and well tried remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, and all Affections of the Pulmonary Organs

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP

Is entirely free from any deleterious ingredient, and can be given with perfect safety to the youngest child.

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP

Gives sure and almost immediate relief to hoarseness and that annoying sensation, tickling, in the throat. If you would obtain a reliable remedy, be sure and call for

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP.

If your Druggist does not keep it, ask him to get it for you.

WE ARE NOT CAST IRON.

Cast Iron undergoes marked changes under the alternate action of heat and cold, and the human body is not cast iron. On the contrary, it is a combination of delicate tissues and fibres, which are exquisitely sensitive to atmospheric changes, and, unless protected against sudden and violent variations of temperature by wise precautions, are sure to be disastrously affected by them.

At this season the difference between the temperature of night and day is greater than at any other period of the year, and the stomach, the liver, the bowels and the nervous system are apt to receive violent shocks from these changes, resulting in indigestion, bilious attacks, debility, low nervous fever, fever and ague, remittent fever, &c. Sustain and reinforce these organs, therefore, with the purest and most potent of all vegetable tonics and alteratives, viz: HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. The effect of this matchless invigorant is to brace up the whole vital organization, and regulate its action. Useful at all seasons as a means of promoting perfect digestion, an even and natural flow of bile, and a healthy condition of the bowels and the skin, it is especially necessary in the Fall when the complaints arising from checked perspiration are so common. It is found, by those who are in the habit of using this agreeable and unequaled tonic, that it so strengthens and fortifies the body as to render it proof against the miasmatic influences which infect the air during the prevalence of epidemics.

DISEASED LUNGS.

There is no doubt whatever that diseases of the lungs, or ulcers of whatever sort, on any of the internal organs may be and are frequently cured, and a complete condition of health established. If the elaborative functions, of which the stomach is the primary and most important one, are restored to a condition to do the repairing of the human system, ulcers or sores, whether upon the lungs the liver, the kidneys or the bowels, or upon the legs, as is frequently the case, can be made to heal, and a complete standard of health re-established.

We have frequently seen these results from the use of Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, a pleasant and agreeable medicine, which will ripen up and carry out the animal economy all effete and used up material. Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE is enriched by some of the most valuable plants and herbs known to be useful and curative in all deteriorated states of the human blood, and whilst it adds to its plasma, it at the same time stimulates, gently but effectively, the skin, the kidneys, the liver and the glandular system to sufficient action to enable the body to take on healthful action and eradicate the disease. The sick and afflicted should bear in mind the virtues of this great medicine, and if those who are sufficiently alive to the importance of health, will resort to it in the beginning of a cough or cold, there would be no falling into declines and rapid consumption, so hopelessly incurable, and so most surely fatal. Let any one afflicted with any pulmonary disease try but one bottle, and they will be convinced of the value of Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure. Sold by the gross, dozen or single bottle at Dr. KEYSER'S Great Medicine Store, 140 Wood st.

Dr. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE for LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, 140 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office hours from 9 A. M. UNTIL 4 P. M.

September 28, 1868.

Very Disorderly.

Lieutenant Campbell, of the Allegheny night police, assisted by officers Lies, Kennedy and Dall, arrested a party of males and females, who were making night hideous with their uproar between twelve and one o'clock on Sunday. The party consisted of Henry Hartman, John Rollinger, Alphahouse McMillen, James Jackson, Molley Jones and Mary White. They had been out in a two horse barouche to Perrysville and were returning home when the disturbance was created. From the general tenor of circumstances the officers concluded that they were fit subjects for the lock up, and accordingly conveyed them thither, not however without considerable difficulty. Six empty bottles on the floor of the barouche told the tale. This morning the six (that the six persons not the bottles) were called up before Mayor Drum and fined ten dollars each and costs. The males forked out the amount, but the females were unable to do so, and accordingly were committed, in default, for ten days each.

Lawrenceville Nominations.

The following names have been suggested for nomination for Council and ward officers:

Select Council—A. M'Clintock, S. Mahon, A. D. Anderson, Z. Wainwright.

Common Council—J. Robinson, A. Scott, G. R. Pearson, S. W. Reynolds, John Travelli, A. Esler, John Chislett, Jos. S. Garrison.

Alderman—G.W. Nichols, J. T. McCline.

School Directors—T. B. Stewart, Charles Doright, Thos. Collig, G. W. Gardner, Sr., Wm. Bailey, J. Irwin, Joseph Mitchell, J. Robinson, Charles North, Jas. Campbell, J. Garrison.

Judge—Jos. M'tchell, Ed. Davison, Geo. Holgrave, J. T. M'Cline, John Smith, S. M'Mahon.

Inspector—Robert F. Black, M. F. Gardner.

Fifth Ward Nominations.

The following names have been suggested for candidates to be voted for on Saturday next:

Select Council—Henry Freeze, Dr. W. J. Gilmore.

Common Council—W. J. White, Joseph Hastings, Nicholas Schwartz.

Judge of Election—George Glass.

Inspector—A. J. Kemp.

Return Inspector—Maj. R. H. Long.

School Directors—Joseph Abel, Dr. W. Halleck.

Assessor—Robert Smith.

Constable—J. R. Larimer.

Officers to hold elections appointed by the Executive Committee: Judge, A. W. Smith; Inspectors, Andrew Sims and Alexander Hilands.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—MINERS.—THE MOUNT CARBON COAL AND RAILROAD COMPANY, of Jackson County Mines, are in want of from 50 to 100 MINERS, in addition to those presently employed by them. Wages good; employment constant. Apply to the undersigned, at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh. WM. SNOWDON.

WANTED—GIRL—To do general housework. Apply at the GAZETTE COUNTING-ROOM.

WANTED—GIRL.—A good Girl, to do general housework. References required, and none others need apply. Inquire at No. 159 NORTH AVENUE, Allegheny City.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, BOYS, GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

ENAMELED GLASS.
PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

BOARDING—No. 325 PENN ST.—Pleasant furnished front and back second and third story rooms, for gentlemen and wives and single gentlemen. Terms reasonable. WFM

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant furnished rooms to let, with boarding, at 167 THIRD STREET.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—Gentlemen boarders can be accommodated with good board and lodging at No. 25 FERRY ST.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with first class boarding at No. 18 WYLIE STREET. Room is a front one, on second floor, and opens out on balcony.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—For NATIONAL CAMPAIGN GOODS.—8x10 Steel Engravings of GRANT and COLFAX, with or without frames. One agent took 60 orders in one day. Also, National Campaign Biographies of both, 25 cents. Pins, Badges, Medals and Photos for Democrats and Republicans. Agents make 100 per ct. Sample packages sent post-paid for $1. Send at once and get the start. Address GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y., or Chicago, Ill. d&F

WANTS.

WANTED—TO INVEST.—A Gentleman wants to invest some capital in a paying manufacturing establishment; stove or foundry business preferred. Address IRON, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—ROOM—A Gentleman is desirous of obtaining a furnished front room, in some private family, in the vicinity of Fifth and Grant streets. Address BOX 739, Postoffice.

WANTED—LODGER—For a large front room, neatly furnished and well ventilated, situate on Union Avenue, Allegheny, two squares from street cars. Address BOX M.

WANTED—TO RENT—A small House or Building suitable for a light manufacturing business, about 25x50. One or two stories, if detached from other buildings, preferred. Address MANUFACTURER, office of this paper.

STAINED GLASS.
PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF, 8 Wood street.

FOR RENT.

TO LET—ROOM.—A handsomely furnished front room, suitable for gentlemen. Enquire at No. 31 HAND STREET.

TO LET—ONE GOOD ROOM, in *Dispatch* building, for an office. Rent, $200 per year.

TO LET—HOUSE.—Two-story Brick, with five rooms and finished garret, No. 28 Grantham street, above Robinson. For particulars call at the residence.

TO LET—A TWO STORY BRICK Dwelling, No. 56 Logan street, with hall, four rooms, dry cellar, water, &c. Enquire of Mr. ROGERS, next door. au26:v31

TO LET—HOUSE—No. 65 Pride street, (old 8th ward,) of 4 rooms, kitchen and finished attic; water and gas, range in kitchen. Rent $25 per month. Enquire on the premises.

TO LET—Two pleasant unfurnished Rooms, with board, suitable for a family, or a gentleman and wife. Also, a few day boarders received, at No. 68 FOURTH STREET. Reference required.

PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF,
GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—MULES.—Eight (8) LARGE DRAFT MULES. Reason for selling, want of use. Enquire of GEO. MOORE & CO., Brick Makers head of Bedford Avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—A NEW BRICK HOUSE, of seven rooms, with water and gas; also good cellar. On Pride street, near Pennsylvania avenue. Enquire of W. WILTON, on the premises.

FOR SALE—HORSES.—Two Saddle Horses; two pairs nice light harness Horses; and two large dray horses. All to be sold at low prices. Inquire at CHARLES' LIVERY STABLE, corner Sandusky street and South Common, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—1,000 pounds of old TYPE. Apply at the GAZETTE COUNTING-ROOM.

FOR SALE—LAND.—One Hundred and twenty acres of the best land for gardening or country residences, situated on the Washington Pike, 1¼ miles south of Temperanceville. Will be sold in lots of any size, to suit purchasers. Enquire at 650 Liberty street, or P. C. NEGLEY, on the premises.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP GUNS FOR THE PEOPLE.—The GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS have been removed to No. 179 SMITHFIELD STREET, where will always be found the most complete assortment of Guns, Pistols, Ammunition and Sporting Material, &c., in the city. All kinds of Guns and Pistols carefully repaired. Cash paid for ARMY RIFLES and REVOLVERS. Send stamp for illustrated Circular. Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Address J. H. JOHNSTON, 179 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

☞JOHN N. PURVIANCE,

Register in Bankruptcy for 23d District.

Office, 116 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

☞ Office hours—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

ENAMELLED GLASS,
PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF.

SODA ASH—100 tons best brands Soda Ash in store and for sale by
se29 JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

PEARL ASH—50 casks No. 1 Pearl Ash in store and for sale by
se29 JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

POT ASH—10 casks No. 1 Pot Ash in store and for sale by
se29 JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

POT CLAY—150 tons best Pot and Fire Clay, in store and for sale by
se29 JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

LIME—100 bbls. Fresh White Eastern Lime in store and for sale by
se29 J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

GOSHEN CHEESE—100 boxes prime N. Y. Goshen Cheese, in store and for sale by
se29 JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

LEAD—500 pigs best braids Soft Galena Lead, in store and for sale by
se29 JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

BI. CARB. SODA—50 pkgs. No. 1 Bi. Carb. Soda, in store and for sale by
se29 JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

CORN—580 bush. on steamer G. A. Thompson, to arrive, for sale by
se29 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CORN BRAN—420 sacks on the steamer G. A. Thompson to arrive, for sale by
se29 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CORN MEAL—33 sacks on the steamer G. A. Thompson to arrive, for sale by
se29 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

CEDAR BOARDS—2,000 feet on steamer G. A. Thompson, for sale by
se29 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

RED, WHITE, BLUE,
GREEN, PURPLE, RUBY, GOLD, AMBER, ORANGE STAINED, ENAMELED AND GROUND GLASS.
PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF, 8 Wood Street, Pitts.

DESICCATED CODFISH—Try it. Put up in one pound boxes, with a variety of recipes for cooking, for sale by
JOHN A. RENSHAW,
se22 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

FAMILY LARD, put up in five pound caddies; also in forty pound kegs, expressly for family use, and warranted to keep sweet all summer. For sale at the Family Grocery of
JNO. A. RENSHAW.
se29 Corner Liberty and Hand streets.

500 BUSHELS
PRIME SOUTHERN RED WHEAT,
To arrive and for sale by
se.8 McBANE & ANJER.

SHOT! SHOT!—Just received, a full assortment of New York Patent Shot, in 25 and 5 pound bags, assorted numbers from 3 B to No. 10. For sale by
JAMES BOWN,
au4:TUF 136 Wood street.

FOR SALE,
FINE SEED WHEAT,
AT 340 LIBERTY ST.
au29 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

TIMOTHY SEED,
A PRIME ARTICLE,
In store at LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
J. KNOX, 137 Liberty Street.
se10:x78

DOUBLE BARREL SHOT GUNS.—I have in store a very superior lot of Double Barrel Shot Guns, breech and muzzle loading, of my own importation, which I will sell as low as any house in the country. Except none. All I ask is to call and examine and be convinced of the same.
For sale by JAMES BOWN,
au4:TUF 136 Wood street.

GOOD NEWS.
CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.
Enquire for WARD'S Bread.
The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take done else. au4:TTS

FOR RENT.
HALL.—Large room of No. 58 Market Street, suitable for a Club or Society Room.
BASEMENT—Nos. 77 and 78 Third Avenue, expressly fitted up for a large restaurant.
J. M. GAZZAM,
se16:x67 Attorney-at-Law, 98 Grant St.

LIGHTNING APPLE PARERS.—I have just received a large stock of the above Paper. They have been fully tested for the last three years, and have proved themselves to be the best ever invented. They pare faster, better, and do their work much cleaner than any other Apple Parers known. For sale wholesale and retail, by
JAMES BOWN,
au4:TUF 136 Wood street.

DRAIN PIPE.—HALL & ADAMS' SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF
DRAIN PIPE,
All sizes, from one to twenty-four inches at WELDON & KELLYS', agents for manufacturers, 147 Wood street, between Fifth and Sixth streets.
je15

ECONOMIZE YOUR FUEL, by using the
SHIVE CENTRIFUGAL GOVERNOR,
the only true and easily regulated Governor made; perfect in its operations and truly reliable. A large size Governor can be seen at the office of PRICEVAL BECKETT, Mechanical Engineer and Solicitor of Patents, No. 70 Federal street, Allegheny City, the only agent for this Governor in the West.
se22:x98

PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF,
MANUFACTURE STAINED GLASS.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS of the 7th and 8th (old 6th,) Wards.
All persons who have not paid their School and County Taxes for the present year are hereby notified to call at once and settle them at my office and save costs. JOS. CHA. BUTLER, Collector.
office at Alderman's office, 126 Wylie street.
se25:y10

GEORGE BEAVEN,
MANUFACTURER OF
CREAM CANDIES AND TAFFIES,
And dealer in all kinds of FRUITS, NUTS, PICKLES, SAUCES, JELLIES, &c., &c.
se4 112 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.

PENNSYLVANIA
STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
Days of Exhibition, TUESDAY, Sept. 29; WEDNESDAY, Sept. 30, and THURSDAY and FRIDAY, October 1st and 2d, 1868.
AT HARRISBURG.
Railroad Fare from Pittsburgh to Harrisburg and return, $9.95. se21:x91

NEW
WALL PAPERS,
For Halls, Parlors and Chambers,
NOW OPENING, AT
107 Market St., near Fifth Ave.,
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
se18:

ESTABLISHED BY A. T. GORMLY, 1842.
W. M. GORMLY,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
No. 271 Liberty Street,
(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
se 7:t4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—Application for sale of Liquor, on file in the Clerk's Office.
ROBERT GRAHAM, eating house, South Fayette Township.
The License Board will sit on the 7th of October, at 10 o'clock A. M., for hearing the above application.
JNO. G. BROWN, Clerk.
se29:y33

PROPOSALS
FOR FURNISHING the material and erecting the NEW GATEWAY and OFFICES at the entrance to the Allegheny Cemetery, will be received at the Office of the Company, until
SATURDAY, the 10th of October.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Company, on the grounds.
JNO. CHISLETT, JR.,
se29:y32 SUPERINTENDENT.

FULL LINES of the GENUINE "JOSEPH" KID GLOVES,
IN WHITE AND OPERA COLORS.
Also, COURVERIER'S new
"SEAMLESS" KIDS,
In all desirable shades. A large consignment of POINT LACE and POINT APPLIQUE GOODS, just received and for sale at satisfactory prices.
AT EATON'S,
se29: No. 17 Fifth Avenue.

AT AUCTION—House and Lot, *Federal Street, Allegheny.*
SALE ON SATURDAY, October 3d, at 3 o'clock.
The property No. 305 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, above Jackson, will be sold on the premises, at 3 o'clock, on SATURDAY, October 3d.
The Lot is 20 by 100 feet.
The House is a two-story brick, with hall, six rooms, finished attic and excellent dry cellar. The whole interior wood work is grained and varnished in best manner. The ceilings are high. Gas and water throughout. A public alley extends from the rear of this lot, thus securing an uninterrupted current of air. The location, neighborhood and buildings are good, rendering this a very comfortable and desirable place of residence. Is sold only on account of the owner's removal to the country.
Terms—Half cash, balance in two years.
An inspection of the premises prior to sale invited. A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.

EVERY SIZE, COLOR OR PATTERNS OF STAINED GLASS. PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF, 8 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, the undersigned Administrator of the Estate of THOMAS McCOY, late of said county, deceased, will expose at Public Sale, on the premises, the
28th Day of October, A. D. 1868,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,
All those two certain LOTS OF GROUND situate in the City of Pittsburgh, county aforesaid, marked and numbered in a plan of lots laid out by Robert Wray et al., as Lots Nos. 3 and 4, having together a front of 42 feet on Bedford street and extending back, preserving the same width, 127 feet to an alley.
TERMS—One-half cash and the balance in one year from confirmation of sale with interest, secured by bond and mortgage (with sci. fa. clause,) on the premises. CATHARINE McCOY.
se29-TU Administratrix.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF
Wholesale and Retail Buyers
SECOND ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS,
Which will be found to contain all that is new, novel and desirable in
MILLINERY GOODS.
HATS AND BONNETS, latest styles.
RIBBONS, all shades and widths.
FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS.
MILLINERY VELVETS, plain and fancy.
OSTRICH and VULTURE TIPS and PLUMES.
BIRDS OF PARADISE AND FEATHERS.
CRAPES, MALINES, LACES and FRAMES.
New styles DRESS and SACQUE TRIMMINGS.
FRINGES, GIMPS, SATIN TRIMMINGS.
VELVET RIBBONS plain, fancy and shaded.
SILK, VELVET and CROCHET BUTTONS.
LOOPS and ORNAMENTS.

HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
EMBROIDERIES,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.
MERINO UNDERWEAR, all sizes.
ZEPHYRS, YARNS, CANVAS.
BELTINGS, BUCKLES, CHAINS.
JET AND FANCY JEWELRY.
NOTIONS AND SMALL WARES.

Our assortment of above Goods unsurpassed, and at
EASTERN JOBBERS' PRICES.
se29:
PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF,
8 WOOD STREET GLASS MANUFACTURERS.
ENAMELED, STAINED GROUND GLASS made to order.

FALL DRY GOODS!
BATES & BELL
OFFER THE MOST
COMPLETE STOCK
OF
CHOICE DRY GOODS!
No. 21 FIFTH AVENUE.
se29:TTS&T

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
Tobacco, Cigars & Whiskey.
ISAAC STERN,
No. 162 Federal Street, above the Market,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,
Respectfully announces to his friends that he is now offering his stock, consisting of the
FINEST CIGARS, TOBACCO, &C.,
And the PUREST LIQUORS,
At prices LOWER THAN EVER OFFERED IN THIS MARKET.
☞ Remember the place,
No. 162 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
se4:y70-TUS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. SEMPLE,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,
IS NOW RECEIVING A
Very Large and Complete Stock of
DESIRABLE DRY GOODS.
Extra Good Bargains will be Daily Offered During the Present Week.

At 18½c.—Best DARK DELAINES, latest styles.
At 25c.—Yard Wide FEATHER TICKINGS.
At 90c.—WATERPROOF CLOTH, dark colors.
At 12½c.—GOOD BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS, yard wide.
At 31c. BARRED COUNTRY FLANNELS.
At 12½c.—BEST DARK CALICOS.
At 25c.—ALL WOOL RED AND YELLOW FLANNELS, good quality.
At $3.50 a pair—WHITE BLANKETS, good size.
At $1.00—LADIES' BALMORAL SKIRTS, full size, dark colors.
At $2.00—GORED RUFFLED CLOTH SKIRTS, new style.
At $2.50—GORED do. do. finer quality.
At $3.00—GORED do. do. extra.
WHITE and BARRED COUNTRY FLANNELS.
FANCY COLORED BED QUILTS, an entirely new make.
WHITE COUNTRY BLANKETS, extra wide and good quality.
NEW CASSIMERES, at very low prices.
NEW DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS.

Wholesale and Retail,
AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal St., Allegheny.
se29.

PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF,
GLASS MANUFACTURERS,
STAINED, ENAMELED and GROUND GLASS made to order,

MARATHON
SILVER MINING COMPANY,
OF NEVADA.
President—WM. M. HENDERSON,
Of the Firm of Brinton & Henderson, Philadelphia Hydraulic Works.
Treasurer, : : : J. H. HORNER.
Office, No. 154 South 4th Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
ROOM No. 5, SECOND FLOOR.
Capital, : : : : : : $500,000.
Shares, $10 each, Preferred.
The Company guarantees 12½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM ON ITS PREFERRED STOCK.
But a limited number of shares of the Preferred Stock will be sold.
No stock will be issued until the funds for the same are received at the office of the Company.
Remittances should be made in draft or par funds in Philadelphia, and the stock will be sent free of charge.
The Company reserve the right to advance on its preferred stock at any time.
A prospectus has been issued, which can be had by applying to the office.
All communications to be addressed to the President, at the Office of the Company.
WM. M. HENDERSON,
se25:v20 PRESIDENT.

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.
French Burr Smut Machines,
THE BEST WHEAT CLEANERS IN USE.
Portable Flour and Feed Mills,
BOLTING CLOTHS,
All numbers and best quality. For sale at
319 and 321 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
au25 W. W. WALLACE.

BLACK SILK SACQUES.
Lama Lace Points,
Summer Shawls,
FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES, BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street,

FALL OPENING,
At No. 47 St. Clair Street.
A LARGE AND SPLENDID STOCK OF
Boys', Youth's and Children's
CLOTHING,
FOR THE FALL SEASON.
GRAY & LOGAN,
se15 47 ST. CLAIR STREET.

JUST RECEIVED.
LARGE STOCK OF
Coke and Manure Forks,
COAL SHOVELS,
AMES' CANAL SHOVELS, PICKS, MATTOCKS,
And all sizes of CAST STEEL,
At WHITESIDES & DRUM'S,
se16:y7 79 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

POLITICAL.

☞ATTENTION! 7th and 8th WARDS "GRANT AND COLFAX MARCHING PHALANX." Be on hand at the SCHOOL HOUSE, at 6½ o'clock, THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING, for the purpose of attending the "Grand Mass Meeting of the Fourth Ward." A Brass Band from the old Fourth will escort the "Phalanx" from the Eighth Ward to the Fourth.
By order of SAMUEL KILGORE,
se29 Captain.

☞A MEETING OF THE 16TH WARD TANNER CLUB
Will be held at the Wigwam, corner of Pearl and Main streets, on THESDAY EVENING, Sept. 29th. Each member is requested to bring along his Torch, Cap and Cape. Citizens generally invited to attend. By order of
se29:y34 A. B. BOAL, Captain.

☞GRANT AND COLFAX CLUB,
OF SECOND WARD, ALLEGHENY,
Meets at SECOND WARD SCHOOL HOUSE, every
Tuesday Evening, at 8 O'clock.
au3:t63 MTU W. P. PRICE, Secretary.

☞ATTENTION,
COMPANY A, GRANT HUSSARS.
You are requested to meet
This (Tuesday) Evening,
At Regimental Headquarters, No. 91 Grant street, at 7½ o'clock, to make arrangements to attend the Convention at Philadelphia, and the transaction of other business. Persons wishing to join for the above excursion will attend the above meeting or call on
D. DUNSEATH, Jr., Captain,
se29:35 NO. 56 FIFTH STREET.

☞A REPUBLICAN
MASS MEETING
WILL BE HELD AT
HARE'S HOTEL,
On TUESDAY, Sept. 29th, at 7 1-2 P. M.
Hon. MAHLON CHANCE, of Ohio, will address the meeting.
se28: COM. ON MEETINGS AND SPEAKERS.

☞A REPUBLICAN
MASS MEETING
WILL BE HELD
AT CITY HALL,
Wednesday, Sept. 30th, at 7 1-2 P. M.
STOCKETT MATHEWS, Esq., of Maryland, will address the meeting.
The seats inside the railing will be reserved for ladies. By order of
se28 COM. ON SPEAKERS AND MEETINGS.

☞GRANT AND COLFAX AND TANNER CLUBS.
The Commanders of all EQUIPPED CLUBS are requested to meet at
CITY HALL,
On Tuesday Evening, Sept. 29th,
At 8 o'clock, for the purpose of perfecting a general organization.
JOSEPH BROWNE.
se28:

☞REPUBLICAN MEETINGS
will be held at the times and places following, and will be addressed as indicated:
TUESDAY, Sept. 29, 1868.
BUENA VISTA. J. M. KIRKPATRICK and J. P. DRAVO, Esqs.
SHARON SCHOOL HOUSE, Moon Tp. J. W. F. WHITE and W. S. PURVIANCE, Esqs.
COULTERSVILLE. W. T. HAINES and MILES HUMPHREYS, Esqs.
WEDNESDAY, Sept. 23d, 1868.
McHENRY'S MILLS, Findley Tp. THOMAS EWING and J. H. MILLER, Esqs.
12TH WARD WIGWAM, at 7½ P. M. Gen. WM. BLAKELY and J. E. McKELVEY, Esq. Prof. J. W. POPE will sing.
CHARTIERS TOWNSHIP, on Steubenville Road, at J. B. Lawson's Store. Hon. J. K. MOORHEAD and Hon. JAS. L. GRAHAM.
WEST DEER TOWNSHIP, at School House No. 4. S. P. FULTON, Esq., and Col. J. A. DANKS.
CITY HALL, at 7½ P. M. R. STOCKETT MATTHEWS, Esq.
By order of Committee on Speakers and Meetings.
E. A. MONTOOTH, Chairman.
JNO. S. LAMBIE, Secretary. se28

NOTICES.

PITTSBURGH, PA., Sept. 15, 1868.

☞AT A MEETING OF THE LOT HOLDERS of the Methodist Burial Ground, held at the late Seventh Ward School House on Monday evening last, an assessment of Three Dollars ($3) was laid upon each lot, and One Dollar (+1) upon single interments, for the purpose of defraying all expenses that may be incurred in procuring an injunction.
All persons interested are urgently requested to call at Squire Humbert's Office, No. 68 Fourth street, or upon any of the following members of the Finance Committee, viz: Messrs. Benj. F. Duvall, Robert King, George Wilson or A. McKean, on or before the 23d inst., and either pay the money or deposit their Certificate of Claim as security for their respective shares of expenses.
se16 BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

☞COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT OF PITTSBURGH HIGH SCHOOL, (Bank of Commerce Building, corner Sixth and Wood streets. Equal to any Business College having the same studies and lectures. Sessions: Afternoon, 2½ to 4½ o'clock; evening, 7 to 9. Free to all residents of Pittsburgh under 21 years of age. Receives students from other places at the low admission fee of $20. Students can enter at any time and receive diploma on completing the course. For further information call at our rooms or send for circular.
se8:x7-TUF R. JOHNSTON, Principal.

OFFICE OF THE MONONGAHELA BRIDGE CO., Pittsburgh, Sept. 4, 1868.
☞THE PRESIDENT AND MANAGERS of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of TWO DOLLARS PER SHARE, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after Thursday, September 10th, at the Banking House of N. Holmes & Sons, 57 Market street. JAMES H. WRIGHT,
se9:x9-d&F Treasurer.

CANDIDATES,
☞CITIZENS' TEMPERANCE CANDIDATE.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
ISAAC CHARLES,
Fourth Ward, Allegheny City, nominated by Convention, August 25th. se8:v98 d&

OIL WELL
Steam Engines for Sale.
Superior new and second-hand STEAM ENGINES—7, 8 and 10 inch cylinders, 20 and 24 inch stroke, with all the fixtures
FOR BORING OIL WELLS.
Address HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,
au6:t99 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF,
MANUFACTURERS STAINED, ENAMELED AND GROUND GLASS.

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
For doing a family washing in the best and cheapest manner. Guaranteed equal to any in the world. Has all the strength of old rosin soap, with the mild and lathering qualities of genuine Castile. Try this splendid Soap. Sold by the ALDEN CHEMICAL WORKS, 48 North Fourth street, Philadelphia.
se2:v57-MWF&F

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Sept. 21, 1868.
☞NOTICE.—The Assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing SMALLMAN STREET, from Smith to Taylor street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, Oct. 1st, 1868, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.
se21:x87 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Staves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET

Our Agents for Orientals—DEERMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, MAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE, CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE

IRON AND STEEL WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Springs and Axles.

Duquesne, XL, and Juniata Merchant Bar, Round and Square Iron; Band, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron; Oval, Half Oval and Half Round Iron; Cylinder and Wagon Box Iron; Drag and Dropper Bars; T and Flat Rail for Coal Roads; Cut Nails and Spikes; Plow, Spring and A B Steel; Laminated Steel; Cutter Bars, Crow Bars, &c., &c.

Office and Warehouse—77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND CERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, | REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1845.]

ANDERSON & WOODS,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,)

Manufacturers of every description of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL.

Mill, Mulay, Circular, Gang and Cross Cut

SAW PLATES.

Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel. Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel. Railroad Spring Steel and Frog Points. Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Spring Steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc.; Oil Drill Steel.

Office and Works—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STS., Pittsburgh, Pa. jy28:d9

Godeffroy Brancker & Co.,

42 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK,

Are prepared, as Sole Agents in the United States for the Prussian Mining and Iron Co., of Duisburg, Westphalia, to contract or sell in quantities to suit purchasers, (delivered in either New York or Philadelphia) the celebrated

V. H. SPIEGELEISEN

used so extensively for the manufacturing of

BESSEMER STEEL.

This Iron is free from Sulphur and Phosphorus, and contains a heavy percentage of Manganese. The above are also ready to contract for, or sell on arrive,

STEEL RAILS

Manufactured by

G. ARNDT & CO.,

at Dortmund, for which latter firm they also have the Sole Agency in the United States.

Full particulars, samples, prices or chemical analysis will be promptly forwarded on application. au19:d20

COPPER.

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metal, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Finders' Machines and Tools.

Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper, cut to any desired pattern. my14-c64:dwT

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no9:n69

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,
(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

fe16:t10

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, JR.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.

All JobWork promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, September 28, 1868.

The feverish state of gold and governments for the past week, has at least terminated by a decided decline in gold from 144¾ on Monday last to 140⅞, this afternoon, and in a corresponding decline of bonds, especially the issues of 1862's.

The cotton and grain crops being larger than anticipated, have aided in sustaining our government bonds in Europe, and as the pending elections promise to be decided without any political disturbances, a considerable decline in the premium of gold is likely to take place before the end of the year. In the meantime, fluctuations must necessarily occur, and as no gold interest is payable by the United States, before the first of November, higher prices may rule from time to time, as cash gold will continue scarce. Private advices from Europe are assuring the war cloud has passed, and any rumors to the contrary are without foundation.

Government bonds have been steady without any animation. Large speculative purchases took place on European account at 113¼ to 114. The amount of governments in the market is rather limited, and any material decline would lead to an unusually high market caused by contracts, which exceed the stock in the market—eventually higher prices of governments must ensue.

With reference to the stock market a fierce contest is now going on between "bulls and bears." The bulls thus far have in their favor an easy money market, and the satisfactory earnings of nearly all their roads, together with a large outstanding short interest, while the bears contend, that most of the speculative stocks are already selling above their real value, and are trusting to the assistance of a more active money market.

New York Central is strong at 129¼, and bought up by men of capital. In Erie a large short interest is outstanding, and some of the directors are said to be short; yet it is considered that the stock is very cheap at the present price. Reading is largely dealt in Boston and Philadelphia, and is likely to go above par. Cleveland & Pittsburgh has taken a decided stand as a dividend paying stock—2 per cent. quarterly—a rise is said will likely take place to about 95, at which figure it is held by large speculators. Rock Island seems to be at the lowest point, having just stood a heavy attack of the bear party. North Western shares are entirely managed by Hurrykeep ond his friends, and although the stock is selling far above its real value, yet the clique have an object in view. Fort Wayne looks firm at 109¾ to 110—a 2¼ per cent. dividend will be declared October first. Ohio and Mississippi is steady at 29. Express shares are very firm, and a large short interest is at plesent existing, which will carry stocks higher.

Business is very dull, but money yet easy, but what the end of the week will bring is more than can be predicted.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 140⅞; Eighty-one's, 113⅝; Five Twenties, 1862, 113¾; do, 1864, 109⅝; do, 1865, 110¼; do, 1865, new, 108¾; do, 1867, 108¼; do, 1868, 109; Ten Forties, 104¾. Railroads—Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 53¼; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 109¾; Chicago & Rock Island, 101⅝; Chicago & North Western, 88¼; do Preferred, 88¼; Michigan Southern, 83½; Reading, 94; Erie, 48—; New York Central, 129½; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 28⅛; Western Union Telegraph Co, 34¼; Merchants Union Express Co., 24¼. Mining shares—Quicksilver, 23.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold, 141½; United States Sixes, 1881's, 114; 5-20's, 1862, 114; 5-20's, 1864, 109¾; 5-20's, 1865, 110⅜; 10-40's, 104⅝; 5-20's, January and July, '65, 108⅝; 5-20's, January and July, '67 108¾; '68, 109; June 7-30's, par less ¼; July 7-30's do ¼; August 119; Sept., 119; Oct. 118½; Union Pacific Railroad, 102; Central, 103.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, September 28, 1868.

REMARKS.

Some exceptions it seems were taken to our report of the oil market on Saturday, and some of the dealers affected to be very indignant at that part of it which referred to a bitter feeling existing between the "bulls" and "bears." Now we still stand by it, that is so far as the oil trade, alone, is concerned, and there is not a man in the trade but what knows it is true; though at the same time the personal relations between these parties are pleasant, and all that could be desired. And right here we take occasion to remark that the oil men as a class, are a highly honorable set of men, upright to the letter in their business relations, and gentlemen in every sense of the word. Many of them, however, have their capital invested in oil, and it is but natural that they should work to promote their own interests, even if by so doing they should be classified among what is commonly termed the "bulls" and "bears." We have always endeavored to report the business correctly, and while we may have said things that were not agreeable to some parties, we have done so under the conviction that whatever we said was true, and, therefore, have nothing to take back. In the oil business as in everything else, "the truth is mighty and must prevail."

CRUDE.

The market for Crude was again rather quiet to-day, not a single sale reported. Spot oil may be quoted at 11¾ to 12c, the inside figure offered, and the outside figure asked. The offerings at quotations do not appear to be very large, while the demand is by no means urgent. There are doubtless some, as there nearly always are, who are short on maturing contracts of Refined, and these parties will have to buy sooner or later, unless they should secure themselves by buying Refined.

REFINED.

The Refined market is quiet and weak, with a drooping tendency. Sale of 500 bbls September at 31½c; 1,000—500 each November and December at 29½c, and it was reported late in the day that there was a sale of 1,500 for September at 30½c. This last named, we give as we got it, not pretending to vouch for its correctness.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro.	1040	Eagle Oil W'ks.	720
Union Ref. Co.	120	Lafferty & W.	80
Leech & Wood	80	D. M. Edgerton.	400
Holdship & Co.	400		
Total			1800

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Erny, Jageman & Co., 173 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 348 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth, Bro. & Co., 298 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 836 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 300 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co., 263 do do to Waring King & Co., Philadelphia.

Clark & Sumner, 543 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 591 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 778 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens Ref. Co., 934 bbls refined to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

McCreery & Co., 314 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Fulton, Marvin & Co., 150 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 50 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvy Bros. & Co., 398 do ref. to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

H. Koehler & Co., 239 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

H. Koehler & Co., 50 do benzole to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 220 do benzole to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipments	Refine	5,115
"	Benzole	244

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Duncan & Williams, 59 bbls refined to to Waring, King & Co. Philadelphia.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 11 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Union Ref. Co., 60 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

H. M. Long & Co., 84 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Jas. Miller, 31 bbls ref. to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 79 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Total shipmenss	Refined	441
"	Benzole	35

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, September, 28, 1868.

The general markets continue dull and devoid of any new or important characteristics; the demand for all of the leading articles is confined mainly to supplying immediate wants, while so far as prices are concerned, there are no material changes.

BUTTER—Is in better supply, but with a continued steady demand, prices are maintained, ranging from 38 to 40c prime packed, and 42 to 43c for choice Roll.

EGGS—Scarce and higher; sales reported to-day at 24 to 25c.

CHEESE—Is firm and tending upward, with sales at from 17 to 2Ic, as to quality.

APPLES—In good supply but unchanged; regular sales at $2,00 to $4 per barrel, for common to prime.

POTATOES—Dull; sales at 90c to $1 per bushel, and $3 per bbl. Sweets—Sales of Jerseys at $6 to $6,50.

TALLOW—Is in steady demand at 12½c to 13c, for rendered.

FEATHERS—Live Geese are offered to the trade at 75c; small sales at 3 to 5 cents higher.

SEEDS—Sales of Timothy Seed at $3,50 to $3,75. Flaxseed is scarce and in demand, and may be quoted at $2,45 to $2,50. Clover Seed is dull and nominal at $8,75 to $9.

SALT—Is dull and unchanged; Allegheny River brands at $1,75 to $1,80 to the trade, and $1,95 to $2, in small lots.

GRAIN—Prime Red Wheat is still quoted at $2 to $2,05, and White 3 to 5 cents higher. Corn is dull and nominally unchanged at $1,15 to $1,18, for mixed to prime yellow. Oats firm with sales at 65 to 66 on track, and in elevator, and 68 to 70 in store. Rye is scarce and may be quoted firm at $1,40 to $1,45. Sales of Barley reported at $2,00 to $2,04, for prime Spring.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is in fair demand with sales reported at 13½ to 13¾ for Shoulders; 16 to 18 for Ribbed and Clear Sides, and 20½ to 21½ for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard 20½c, in tierces, and 22 in kegs. Mess Pork, $30,50 to $31.

LARD OIL—Is reported firm at $1,20 for No. 2, and $1,50 for No. 1.

HAY—Is firm and in limited supply, which is owing mainly to the very bad condition of the roads. Baled is reported as having been sold to-day at $30 to $32; these prices, however, are not likely to be sustained very long.

MILL FEED—Is very dull but unchanged at $1,10 for Bran; $1,15 for Shorts; $1,30 for Shipstuffs, and $2 for Middlings.

FLOUR—Spring Wheat Flour is weak and drooping—$9 to $9,50 for good to choice brands. The mills continue to quote at $10,50 for Extra Family, in barrels, and $10,20, in sacks, and Double Extra at $11, in barrels, and $10,70, in sacks. Rye Flour, $8,75 per bbl.

WHISKY—The market continues firm and as but few of the distilleries are in operation, in consequence of the high price of grain, it is not likely that the supply, which is now very light, will be much increased. We quote at present rectified per gallon $1,30; highwines per gallon $1,40; half rye and half corn per gallon $1,75; old Monongahela two years old, per gallon $2,25; and old Monongahela three years old $3,50 per gallon.

Philadelphia Iron Market.

PHILADELPHIA, September 26.—Pig metal is held firmly, but there is not much activity. Sales of No. 1 foundry at $42, and No. 2 at $38,50. Scotch Pig is quiet. Manufactured iron commands $85 to $87 for bars. Blooms are neglected.

St. Louis Cattle Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, September 28.—Live Stock—cattle in fair supply, good demand and steady prices; 4a6½c for good to choice. Good sheep in demand at $3,50a5,50 per head.

New York Dry Goods Market.

(Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.)

The market for cotton goods are weak. Heavy brown sheetings ½c lower. Print market steady but it lacks buoyancy

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

CROP PROSPECTS.

The crop reports received at the Agricultural Bureau of August and September, are of a decidedly encouraging character. Though the average yield of wheat per acre over the whole country is scarcely equal to that of last year, the increased area sown will secure an aggregate somewhat larger. A few localities have suffered to a limited extent from rust or the chinch bug. The corn crop is in a fine condition generally. Since June the season has been very favoreble, and with the unprecedented increase in the area planted—2,000,000 of acres, or about nine per cent.—there must be an immense aggregate yield of this great staple. There has been an increased product of hay in all the Northern States, with the exception of Illinois, which reports a decline of two per cent. The value of the crop is likewise largely enhanced, owing to its having been harvested in an excellent condition. There will be a full yield of oats, also of rye and barley. A slight increase in the average of buckwheat is reported. Potatoes have suffered considerably from the bug. Little injury has as yet been produced, however, by the rot. Wool shows a general decline in weight of fleece of from three to five per cent. as compared with an average product. Though a smaller area of cotton was planted than last year, the culture is generally better and the prospect of a fruitful yield more promising. Hops show a large increase in acreage. There will be an average yield of tobacco and a full crop of apples, peaches and grapes.

The report of the Bureau is a model of conciseness and definiteness.

GATHERING FRUIT.

The appearance and value of fruit depend very much upon when and how it is gathered.

Peaches should be left on the trees until fully ripe, and then gathered carefully with thumb and finger and at once laid into the basket or box in which they are to be marketed. If the bloom is rubbed off the peach by rough handling, its beauty of appearance is injured, and it will decay much sooner than if untouched. Formerly it was supposed that the peach must be gathered before ripe in order to ship it any distance; but practical experience has proved that ripe fruit, not quite soft, will carry as well as unripe, and command a much better price.

Pears and apples should never be picked from the tree by breaking the stems. Unless the stem will separate freely from the tree, the fruit is not ripe; it will neither eat nor cook good, and is only fit for those who want a touch of cholera morbus. Apples, as soon as gathered, may be sent direct to market; but nearly every variety of pear is improved in appearance and quality by keeping in close, dark drawers, wrapped in flannel or soft paper, or packed in bran a few days.

For profit, and in order to obtain the highest price, all fruit pays to be assorted into two or more grades. A few scattering large berries, apples or pears, in a quart or a bushel, do not assist in advancing the price; but if carefully packed by themselves will bring the highest price, and often induce the dealers to buy the small fruit in order to get the large.

ARRANGE TO SOW MORE CLOVER.

The value of red clover as a renovator of the soil is not generally appreciated. It makes excellent hay, and when consumed makes a manure very rich in nitrogen. A ton of good clover hay contains about fifty pounds of nitrogen, probably not more than one-tenth of which is lost by passing through animals. It is worth as manure three or four times as much as that which we commonly cart from the yard in the spring. The crop is of very great value for pasture, or to turn in as a good crop. The usage of good farmers differs somewhat in the treatment of clover. Some turn in the crop when full grown in June. Others pasture it the first season, and turn in what is left for wheat. Others let it stand without pasturing, and turn it under for wheat. Others take off two crops, and turn it under the second season. The most intelligent farmers are now favoring the practice of cutting and pasturing through one season, believing that the soil improves more by the growth of the roots. It is a very strong-rooted plant, and penetrates the soil to a great depth. The mechanical condition of the soil is very much improved by the decay of these long tap roots. However used, it cannot fail to benefit the soil, if the manure that is made from the plant is carefully saved and returned to the fields where it grew. Clover ought to have its place in every rotation. The farmers of the interior and of the South have the means in this plant of restoring the fertility of their wheat fields, and securing as large crops as the virgin soil yielded. Arrange to grow more clover.

MANURE THE TEST OF GOOD FARMING.

We farm for profit as a rule, however many exceptions there may be. This profit which we all seek comes from the sale of the products of the land, or that of animals fed upon them. This divides farming operations into two classes, and determines the nature of them, and the system pursued on different farms, or on different fields on the same farm. By far greater numbers of farmers pursue a mixed system, deriving their income in part from crops sold, and in part from animal products. With such animal manure is a necessity, and the success of a farmer may be predicted upon the amount he makes and uses. A temporary exception to this rule is seen on some of the virgin lands of the West, and wherever apparently inexhaustible fertility of the soil renders manure superfluous. Where a system of green manuring for wheat and Indian corn, with the addition of lime and plaster, and perhaps bone-dust occasionally, is sufficient with good tillage to maintain fertility, farmers have an economical substitute for animal manures. This system may often be profitably applied to "out fields," and occasionally to entire farms. Manure—barn-yard manure, or more properly, barn manure, for the yard is a poor place, at best, to make it—regarding both quantity and quality, must be considered the measure of good farming, and the test of success.—*American Agriculturist.*

FARMERS.

Adam was a farmer while yet in Paradise, and after his fall, commanded to earn his bread by the sweat of his brow.

Job, the honest, upright and patient, was a farmer, and his endurance has passed into a proverb.

Socrates was a farmer, and yet wedded to his calling the glory of his immortal philosophy.

St. Luke was a farmer, and divides with Prometheus the honor of subjecting the ox for the use of man.

Cincinnatus was a farmer, and the noblest Roman of them all.

Burns was a farmer, and the Muse found him at the plow and filled his soul with poetry.

Washington was a farmer, and retired from the highest earthly station to enjoy the quiet of rural life, and present to the world a spectacle of human greatness.

To these names may be added a host of others who sought peace and repose in the cultivation of their mother earth; the enthusiastic Lafayette, the steadfast Pickering, the scholastic Jefferson, the fiery Randolph, all found an Eldorado of consolation from life's cares and verdant lawns that surrounded their homesteads.

UPRIGHT TREES.

It is a great mistake in orchardists and planters of shade trees to allow them to grow in a leaning attitude. And this comes generally from pure neglect. In all windy and exposed places, newly set trees are quite sure to get thrown over, if not staked up; and in all places they are apt to get out of the perpendicular.

It makes the head of an upright, systematic man ache, to see such trees. And to obviate this, every newly planted tree should be staked and tied up with soft, broad bands to prevent chafing, or they should be well ballasted over the roots with heaps of stone. The first plan is the best, if the work is carefully done.

In case a tree gets out of true line, it can be righted up by loosening the soil over the roots, particularly on the leaning side. It may sometimes be necessary to cut off an obstinate root to get the tree erect. When once it is up again, fasten it there by staking, as above, or by a rope extending from one of the branches to a stout peg in the ground a few feet distant.—*Rural Amer.*

SELECTING CATTLE.

Let breeders select dams that have size, plenty of milking properties, with ribs out of their loins, like a bullock that is shown for a prize; standing on short legs, wide and square made, regardless of registered improved sires, however numerous, attached to their pedigrees. Use only true, fine, purely bred bulls, descended from dams of note, wide, deep and compact made when matured, with hides that fill the hand, covered over with plenty of fine hair; animals naturally hardy in constitution—not so long as a barn in their middle, and high on the leg, with flat sides, nipped in waist, and slack loins. Select the best of sires from bulls with undeniable pedigrees; no mixed up alloyed gentlemen, full of cart-horse blood, which give substance only in appearance, and that is not propagated in the stock. Avoid under-breeding in your bulls; cull, draft and sell bad milking cows and doubtful, bad breeders; stick to milk, to size, to robustness of constitution, and success must attend your efforts.—*Mark Lane Express, (Eng.)*

GRAPES ABOUT ROCKS.

The past season was a very peculiar one—wet and cold, and the grapes in many localities East failed to ripen. While this was generally true, it was rather refreshing to observe at one of our horticultural exhibitions splendid specimens of a well known variety, apparently fully ripe, which was ound on inquiry had grown near a ledge of rocks. Some years ago we visited a place where we observed similar results from a similar cause. The whole secret of the thing is, that the rocks absorb the heat of the sun by day, and give it off at night, keeping the roots of the vine warm, and the temperature about it more fully equalized.

Our attention was once attracted to this same subject by observing that the melon vines in a hill around which some stones had been placed were much larger at the end of a few weeks than those in the hills that had not been so treated. The same principle is observed in cities, where grape vines are trained in front of brick walls, which absorb the heat by day and reflect it when most needed by the vine. We propose to test more fully the value of such treatment for the vine by placing stones about the roots of several bearing vines, in different parts of the vineyard where they failed this year to ripen a single grape.—*American Journal of Horticulture.*

OLD FASHIONED WHEAT CROP.

The farmers in this section, who are now in the height of wheat thrashing, report some very large yields. A few farmers in Bergen and Byron have raised crops that average forty bushels per acre, and a large number in Genesee and the western part of Monroe have realized thirty-five per acre. The largest yields from selected fields that we have heard of are 552 bushels from twelve acres, raised by Ed. Emmens, of Riga, and 204 bushels from four and one-eighth acres, raised by Pitt Soulres, of Chili. In quantity per acre the Genesee wheat section is returning to its old standard; but it is doubtful whether it will do so in point of quality.—*Rochester (N. Y.) Chronicle.*

A FACT FOR FARMERS.

It may not be generally known that the seed of the sun-flower is the most infallible remedy yet discovered for the speedy cure of founder in horses. The directions, which we glean from a brief article upon the subject in the Essex *Banner*, says:

Immediately on discovering that your horse is foundered, mix a pint of the white seed in his food, and it will effect a perfect cure. The seed when fed in small quantities to horses, is very healthy, giving to the hair a peculiar gloss. It is a diuretic in its tendency. Fowls like it much and thrive on it.

To RELIEVE from the terrible effects of running a nail in the foot of man or horse, take peach leaves, apply them to the wound, confined with bandage, and the cure is as if by magic. Renew the application twice a day if necessary; but one application generally does the work. Has cured both man and horse in a few hours, when they were apparently on the point of having lock-jaw.

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BEAUTIFUL

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AT AUCTION.

On Thursday Afternoon, Oct. 1st,

At 2½ o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by auction, the very handsome residence and grounds of DILL A. SMITH, Esq., situate on Squirrel hill, adjoining the residences of Abram Garrison, B. Frank Jones, and others, (Twenty-third ward,) within ten minutes' walk of Laughlin Station. The improvements consist of a neat, comfortable and convenient Cottage of eight rooms, an additional cottage, which embraces wash and bath rooms, water closets, an elegant stable and carriage house.

The grounds comprise about three acres, laid off in the most modern style of landscaping, and planted with the greatest variety of choicest fruit, in full bearing, studded with fine evergreens and shrubbery. For beauty of location, varied and picturesque scenery, it is unsurpassed by any in the surrounding district. Also, another lot of 4½ acres, immediately adjoining, will be sold as a whole or to suit purchasers.

H. B. SMITHSON & CO.,

se28 Auctioneers.

BY A. M'ILWAINE.

134 HANDSOME LOTS IN 22D WARD, PITTSBURGH, (formerly East Liberty,) at Pennsylvania Avenue, Junction with Greensburg Pike.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, September 29th, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold, the 134 Handsome Lots, sub-divided from the Jonas R. McClintock property, beautifully situated at the junction of Pennsylvania Avenue with the Greensburg Pike, in the 22d ward of the city, formerly East Liberty, and fronting on Pennsylvania avenue, and other 50 feet avenues; the Lots being 25 feet front and from 100 to 122 feet in depth.

The location is unsurpassed for healthful elevation, accessibility and cultivated surroundings; and the plan of Lots is said out with a view to a consolidation of any number of Lots to make up the quantity of ground desired by the purchaser.

Parties wishing to view the grounds before day of sale will receive every necessary attention by calling on Dr. McClintock, on the premises. Those desirous of securing valuable and healthy Building Site should not neglect this opportunity.

A Free Excursion Train will leave the Union Depot, Liberty street, Pittsburgh, at half-past one o'clock P. M., for conveyance of ladies to and from sale. No tickets required.

Terms of sale—One-fourth cash, balance in three equal annual payments, with interest. $10 of the cash payment to be made on each lot at time of purchase.

Plan of Lots can be obtained at Auction Rooms, 106 Smithfield street.

se25 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

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HOUSE AND LOT, 6TH WARD, ALLEGHENY, AT AUCTION.

The property No. 28 Brady street, near the Locomotive Works, at Manchester, will be sold, on THURSDAY, October 1, at 3 o'clock P. M. The house is a neat, comfortable gothic frame, in good condition. Terms, one half cash, balance in two years.

se28 A. LEGGATE, Auct'r, 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

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SAW MILL, TWO DWELLING HOUSES, TWO BARNS, with good FARM, and about 800 acres timber land. This property will be sold low. Cash $2,500—balance on time to suit buyer.

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FARM OF 180 ACRES, near the line of railroad; very well located for raising stock; improvements are good and substantial; 100 acres of the land in meadow and grain.

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One House of 7 rooms and lot 150 by 150.
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SMALL FARM IN WESTMORELAND COUNTY FOR SALE.—84 acres of excellent land, rich soil, lies well for cultivation, dwelling house, good bank barn, 40 by 60 feet, wagon shed, corn crib, never failing springs in every field but one, spring house, twenty acres of prime oak timber, fences in complete order, and part of the whole farm. Situate near schools, churches and stores, 7 miles from Greensburg. Will be sold low for cash. S. CUTHBERT & SONS,

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FOR SALE & TO LET.--Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Buildings to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire WILLIAM WARD,

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The following tracts of land situated in Tyrone and Perry town hips, Fayette county, Pa., viz: One tract containing 320 acres, having a front of near 2½ miles on the Connellsville Railroad and Youghiogheny river, near Miltenberger's Station, having from 75 to 80 acres tilled land, balance of land timbered and suitable for grazing; there is also on this tract good building stone, and stone suitable for making hydraulic cement. Another tract, containing 221 acres and allowance, on this tract is a large brick and frame building 60 by 140, admirably adapted for a large Tannery, with engine and boiler, and machinery heretofore used in the manufacture of fire brick, but which can readily be made suitable for grinding cement or bark; there is also on this tract bench stone for glass house furnaces, and the best of stone for making hydraulic cement; also, veins of coal and fire clay, a considerable quantity of timber, and 50 to 60 acres tillable land. Miltenberger Station, on the Connellsville Railroad, is located on this tract, which has a front of over 2 miles on the said railroad.

Terms of sale made known on day of sale. Persons desirous of visiting said land can get all information from the undersigned.

S. F. VON BONNHORST,

Administrator, de bonis non, etc., of GEO. MILTENBERGER, deceased.

se22:y28 JNO. D. BAILEY & BRO., Auct's.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF

House and Lot in 12th (old 9th) Ward.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, I will expose at public sale on WEDNESDAY, October 14, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., on the premises, all that certain lot of ground (late the property of Henry Drummond, deceased,) being lot No. 270 in plan laid out by Executors of James O'Hara, (in what was called O'Harasville, now 12th Ward, Pittsburgh,) and being house lot No. 863 Penn street, having a front of 24 feet on Penn street, and extending back in depth 100 feet to Mulberry alley, on which is erected one two-story brick house, containing eight rooms, cellar and attic included. Terms made known at sale.

For further particulars inquire of THOMAS DRUMMOND, Trustee, or H. C. MACKRELL, Att'y at Law, 89 Grant st. se2:2:29:oc13-y1

NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration have been granted by the Register of Allegheny county, to the undersigned, on the estate of FREDERICK SAUER, late of Allegheny county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to pay the same, and all persons having claims against the said estate, to present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

MAGDALENA SAUER,

Administratrix of Frederick Sauer, deceased. Pittsburgh, Sept. 7, 1868. sep8:x5.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted me on the Estate of ROBERT LAFFERTY, deceased, all persons having claims against his estate will present them to me, duly authenticated, and all persons owing said estate will make payment to me or my Attorneys, COLLIER, MILLER & McBRIDE, No. 98 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

an18:n63-TU JAMES D. KELLY, 102 Elm Street, Pittsburgh.

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mh29:w15

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mh25:n34

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This first class Hotel will open for the season on 25th June. Terms, $3.50 per day; $20 per week. Address R. R. THOMPSON, Proprietor. (Formerly of Congress Hall, Cape Island, and Metropolitan Hotel, Washington, D. C.)

N. B.—The music will be under the direction of Mr. CARL SENTZ. je22:r87

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THE LAKE HOUSE, Stoneboro, Pa.,

(On the line of Jamestown & Franklin Railroad, one hour's ride from Franklin.) This house is large, new and commodious, well furnished, has billiard rooms, ten-pin alleys and covered promenades. It is on the banks of the most charming Fairy Lake in America, abounding in fish, and admirable for sailing purposes, surrounded with Sulphur springs, romantic scenery, &c. It is the best summer resort in the State. Address,

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Last week of WHITMAN'S GREAT EUROPEAN STAR BALLET TROUPE.

TUESDAY EVENING, Sept. 29th, and every Evening and Saturday Matinee, will be presented, Shakspeare's beautiful Fairy play,

A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM.

Cast to the entire strength of the superior Company, introducing the great European Ballet Troupe, under the direction of Mons. MARVIG. The great MADELACCHI, together with Mlle. Sauda, Baretta, Laura, Albertina, the Coryphees and Corps de Ballet, in beautiful dances every evening. Concluding with the most dazzling Transformation Scene ever seen in this country.

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FASHIONABLE DANCING ACADEMY,

No. 75 THIRD STREET, is now open for the reception of pupils. Class days and hours—For Ladies, Masters and Misses, Wednesday and Saturday, at 2½ o'clock P. M. For Gentlemen—Tuesday and Friday Evenings, at 8 o'clock. Private lessons given. Circulars can be had at the Music Stores and at the Academy. Classes out of the city, if convenient, attended to.

☞ Hall to let to Select Parties. se4:v79

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Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:y60

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JOHN W. RIDDELL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office, 116 Diamond Street,

(Opposite the Court House,)

fe15:t44 PITTSBURGH, PA.

W. A. LEWIS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 99 Diamond Street,

ma5:n8 PITTSBURGH. PA.

**H. C.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Daily Prayer Meeting—From 12 M. to 12:30 o'clock at the Rooms of the Christian Association, No. 23 Fifth street.

Fair and Festival.—A grand Fair and Festival will be held at Lafayette Hall on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, September 30th, October 1st and 2nd. A brass band in attendance every evening.

Scraped.—The Nicolsen pavement on Wood street has been scraped. It needed it badly enough.

Wanted—to Rent or Buy—A house in Allegheny, west of or on Federal street.
Address, R. H., Gazette Office.

Visit to the Workhouse.—The Grand Jury will pay a visit to the County Workhouse to-day. The House of Refuge band will accompany them.

Disorderly.—John Griffiths was yesterday arrested and committed to jail for disorderly conduct by Alderman Thomas, on oath of Robert J. Doak.

Recovering.—J. H. M'Elroy, the resident of Allegheny who was injured so badly by jumping from a window in the third story of his residence, is slowly recovering.

Orders for Tanner Club Equipments of Capes, Caps and Torches filled on *twenty-four hours notice.* Leave your orders at the Campaign Equipment Depot and Flag Manufactory of John W. Pittock, opposite the Postoffice. 3

Assault and Battery.—Dominee Petty alleges that Charles Golden committed assault and battery upon him. A warrant was issued by Alderman Lippert, upon which Golden was arrested and committed to jail for trial.

Thrown from a Wagon.—Yesterday morning Thomas Brohall, a machinist, residing on Troy Hill, was thrown from a wagon on Ohio street and had his leg broken. The limb was reset and the injured man conveyed to his home.

The Grant and Colfax and Tanner Clubs are invited to turn out at the mass meeting at Hare's Hotel, this evening. The Fourth Ward Club will meet at seven o'clock, at their hall, previous to escorting the speakers to the place of meeting.

The Dem. Jack. Ass's.—The Democratic Jackson Associations marched past our office last night and of course favored us with groans. We thank them for the compliment, for anything but cheers from that side of the house would be appreciated.

Grand Banquet Ball.—To-night at City Hall, under the auspices of the well known gentlemen of Post 100, Grand Army of the Republic, a grand banquet ball will be held. The arrangements are of the most liberal character and all who attend may safely anticipate a rare good time.

The Marching Phalanx of the Seventh and Eighth Wards Grant and Colfax Club will meet at the School House, on Franklin street, this evening, at half past six o'clock, fully equipped, and attend the mass meeting at Hare's Hotel. A brass band will be on hand and a full turn out is expected.

Arm Broken.—A boy named Joel Marklish, fell from the wall surrounding the property of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, on Seventh street, yesterday morning, and had his arm broken by the violence of the fall. He received medical attention and is doing well.

Meeting at Butler.—A Republican mass meeting was held at Butler on Friday last. It was much the largest ever held in the county, notwithstanding that it rained all day. Twelve hundred mounted soldiers appeared in the procession. The meeting was addressed by ex-Gov. Curtin and Mr. F. B. Penniman.

Should be Repaired.—One of the planks in the Saw Mill Run bridge, on the Steubenville Pike, is broken through, leaving a large and dangerous hole as a man trap in the center of the bridge. If it is not repaired somebody will fall through some day, and then somebody else will have to pay a little bill of damages.

The Dispatch a short time ago clamored for "first take" of the city ordinances, as the proofs were furnished it so late by the other papers. We are glad the *Dispatch* has inaugurated a reform, for we got a proof of a column or more of ordinances long past midnight, just a few hours too late for publication this morning.

Assault and Battery.—Jacob Staub made information before the Mayor yesterday, charging Thomas Sullivan with assault and battery. The parties work at Painter's rolling mill, West Pittsburgh. The defendant alleges that the accused struck him with a bar of red hot iron. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Rally at Freeport.—On Saturday there was a spirited rally at Freeport. In the afternoon ex-Gov. Curtin and C. S. Minor, Esq., of Wayne county, spoke. In the evening a much larger meeting was held, several delegations arriving by cars. After a fine torchlight parade, Mr. F. B. Penniman occupied the evening in a speech.

For Philadelphia.—It will be seen by advertisement in this morning's GAZETTE that Company "A," Grant Hussars, contemplates attending the Soldiers Mass Convention at Philadelphia on the 1st and 2d proximo. The members of the company are requested to meet at regimental headquarters, 91 Grant street, at 7½ o'clock this evening.

Forcible Entry.—Frank Wilhstein made information, yesterday, before Alderman Taylor against Alice Toran for forcible entry and detainer. The prosecutor alleges that the defendant rented a house from him in the Ninth ward, and that she now refuses to leave the premises, although the time of the lease has expired. A warrant was issued.

Alleged Assault.—Mrs. Elizabeth Hallick alleges that David Wilson came past her house on Penn street, old Ninth ward, on Sunday evening, while she was in front of the same, and knocked her down, tramped upon and injured her severely. A warrant was issued by the Mayor for the arrest of Wilson on a charge of aggravated assault and battery.

Painful Accident.—On Saturday evening a little daughter of Mr. A. Dickson, grocer on Beaver street, Allegheny, while playing with a needle ran it into her arm. In the efforts to extricate it it was broken, a large portion remaining in the flesh and which was not removed until chloroform had been administered to the child. At last accounts she was doing well and no serious results were anticipated.

Slight Fire.

The alarm of fire, last evening, struck from Box 24, was caused by the burning of a small brick house, used as a kitchen in the rear of No. 29 Diamond street, owned by James Redpath, and occupied by Mrs. Strauss as a millinery establishment. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is supposed to have caught from a flaming rock lighting on the roof. The fire department were promptly on the ground and extinguished the flames. The building was separated from the main portion of the house or the fire might have been of much more serious character. As it was, however, beyond the destruction of some kitchen utensils the damage was but slight and the loss is fully covered by insurance.

CITY COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting--Petitions--Communications and Ordinances--Controller's Report.

A regular meeting of City Councils was held on Monday, September 28th at two o'clock, P. M.

Select Council.

Members Present—Messrs. Brown, W. R., Brown, A. M., Cochrane, Coffin, Coyle, Gallaher, Gross, Jones, Kehew, Laufman, Morrow, McClelland, McClintock, McKibben, Phillips, Rafferty, Rees, Shipton, Wainwright, White, and President McAuley.

The minutes of the preceding meetings were read and approved.

CONGRESSIONAL EXCURSION.

The Chair in place read the following communication:

CINCINNATI, Sept. 28, 1868.

To Presidents of Pittsburgh Councils—The Executive Committee selected by the Convention held here on the 23d instant, have apportioned the sum of ten thousand dollars as the amount expected from your city for the Congressional Excursion. You will fully appreciate the necessity of prompt and decisive action, and will please notify the Chairman of this Convention by return mail after the action of your authorities.

A. P. C. BOUTE, Chairman.

On motion of Mr. Phillips, the communication was received and filed.

Mr. McAuley (Mr. Gross in the chair) presented a petition from property owners on St. Clair street, asking for the construction of Nicolson pavement on said street from Liberty street to the bridge.

The petition was received.

Also an ordinance authorizing the construction of the same.

Mr. McClintock moved to amend by instructing the contractors to have the strips plained which are placed between the blocks before the pavement is laid.

The amendment was withdrawn.

On motion of Mr. McAuley, the rules were suspended and the ordinance read three times and passed.

Mr. White presented a petition asking for the grading and paving of Colwell street, at its eastern extension, which was accompanied by an ordinance authorizing the work to be done.

The petition was received, and under a suspension of the rules the ordinance was read three times and passed.

Mr. Morrow, a petition from residents on Second street, above the Birmingham bridge, asking for a change in the location of said street at that point, and further asking that the City Solicitor be instructed to apply to Court for the necessary order for having the street vacated at that point, which is not now in use.

Mr. Morrow moved its reference to the Street Committee, with power to act.

Mr. Shipton moved to amend by striking out "power to act." The motion, as amended, was adopted.

Mr. A. M. Brown, from the Ordinance Committee, submitted a report from said Committee, proposing a change in the ordinance regulating the amounts charged for licenses, &c., for public exhibitions.

Accompanying the same was an ordinance providing for the changes as recommended by the Committee.

The report was received and the ordinance read three times and passed, under a suspension of the rules.

REPORT OF THE GAS COMMITTEE.

Mr. Shipton, Chairman of the Committee on Gas Lighting, submitted the following report:

Your Committee on Gas Lighting recommend the erection of the following lamps:

One on the North side of Butler street, at Haslett alley; four on Forty-second street, as follows: one on the South-east corner of Locust alley, one on the North-west corner of Allegheny street and Allegheny Valley Railroad, one on the South-east corner at Willon street, one on the South-west corner at Ninth street, one on the South side of Penn, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets.

Three on Forty-fourth street as follows: one at the corner of Valley; one at North; and one at Willon.

Two on Thirty eighth street, as follows: one at the corner of Charlotte and the South corner of South street; one on Bluff street, to be erected when the grade is fixed, midway between Marion and Price streets.

One on the North side of Second avenue, between Ross and Try streets; one on the corner of Chestnut and Gibbon streets.

Two equi-distant on the south side of Gibbon between Chestnut and Magee streets.

They also recommend the erection of lamps on Try street, at Third and Fourth avenues.

The report was accepted and the work recommended was authorized to be done.

Mr. McClintock offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Street Committee in making contracts for the Nicolson pavement any street shall provide for two layers of plank, the thorough saturation of all the wood with tar, and that the strips between the blocks be a uniform thickness of one inch.

Mr. Gallaher moved to amend by striking out the words "two layers of boards."

The amendment was lost.

Mr. McClintock moved to amend the resolution by requiring the blocks to be of a uniform thickness of three inches. Adopted.

The resolution as amended was read three times and passed.

Mr. McClintock called up an ordinance passed in C. C., July 27th, for the opening of St. Mary's avenue, Seventeenth ward, and moved that it be read three times and passed. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Phillips, from the Finance Committee, submitted the report of the City Controller, accompanied by the following bills, chargable to appropriation No. 13: A. J. McKenna, for vehicle license plates, $190,30; Hastings & O'Neil, contractors, $1,510,78; John Maver, contractor, $464,72; P. Bradley, contractor, $47,22; K. Bracken, contractor, $810,63.

The Controller further asks that the following transfers be made: $3,000 from No. 18 to No. 13; $4,000 from No. 18 to No. 22; $285,56 from No. 8 to No 4. He further asks for the creating of two additional appropriations, No. 25 and 26, to carry out the provisions of the act authorizing the water extension loan.

The report was adopted.

A resolution authorizing the transfers recommended was then taken up.

Mr. Shipton moved to strike out that portion recommending the transfer of $285.56 from gas lights to fire engines and hose. He said there was not a dollar in the fund, and the Committee had already authorized the erection of seventeen lamps and had nothing to pay for it.

The motion was adopted and the resolution passed as amended.

A resolution providing for the payment of the bills referred to in the report was adopted.

Mr. Phillips submitted the ordinance providing for the creation of appropriations Nos. 25 and 26: No. 25 to be known as the Water Extension Loan Interest, and No. 26 as Water Extension Loan Sinking Fund, and further providing that they shall be appropriated from the water rents collected during the current year to No. 25 $8,850; and to appropriation No. 26 $5,000.

The ordinance was read three times and passed.

The Chair then took up an ordinance providing for the opening of Forbes street from Brady to its intersection with Fifth avenue, passed in Common Council at a previous meeting.

On motion of Mr. Cochrane, the matter was laid on the table until the next meeting.

Mr. Gallaher moved to call up a resolution, adopted in Common Council at a previous meeting and laid on the table in Select Council, granting privilege to certain parties to erect bill boards on the wharf.

After considerable discussion the matter was again tabled.

Mr. Jones called up an ordinance, passed in Common Council July 27th, relieving the Oakland Passenger Railway from keeping the street on which the track is laid in repair, except that portion between the track on one foot on either side of it.

A motion to lay on the table was lost, and Council then concurred in the action of Common Council in adopting the ordinance.

The yeas and nays were then called on the adoption, with the following result:

Ayes—Messrs. A. M. Brown, W. R. Brown, Cochran, Coyle, Gallaher, Gross, Jones, Laufman, Morrow, Ogden, Shipton, White and President M'Auley.—13.

Nays—Messrs. Coffin, Kehew, M'Clelland, M'Ewen, M'Kibbon, Phillips, Rafferty and Wainwright.—8.

Mr. Coffin asked if the ordinance was not voting money out of the Treasury, and the Chair so decided, consequently the ordinance had to lay over under the rules.

Council adjourned.

Common Council.

Council met at the usual hour, two o'clock P. M.

At roll call the following members answered: Messrs. Ahlborn, Barton, Batchelor, Berger, Boggs, Brush, Caskey, Carroll, Daub, Davis, Fitzimmons, Gerner Hare, Hemphill, Herron, Hillerman, House, Jeremy, Mawhinney, Meyer, McCleane, Rebman, Reed, Reynolds, Robb, Rosewell, Scott, Sims, Torley, Torrens, Vick, Weldon, Welsh and President Tomlinson.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Weldon, Third ward, presented a petition for the grading, without curb, of Bank alley, between Decatur and Clark streets. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Welsh, Ninth ward, presented a petition from J. N. Voiret for privilege of extending frame building. Referred to Committee on Wooden Buildings with power to act.

Mr. A. Scott, a petition for gas lamps on Butler street. Referred to Committee on Gas Lighting.

Mr. Herron, a resolution that the Committee on Railroads be instructed to report an ordinance requiring all railroads running into the city to place watchmen at all important street crossings, and to regulate the speed of trains and prevent the blowing of whistles in localities where such may be regarded as a nuisance. Referred to Committee on Railroads.

Also, a petition, with ordinance, for the partial grading of Mahon street, in the Thirteenth ward.

The petition was accepted, and Mr. Herron moved that the rules be suspended and the ordinance finally passed. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Batchelor presented a petition for a board walk on the south side of the Pittsburgh and Greensburg turnpike from Mellon's lane to Centre avenue, with an ordinance authorizing the same. The rules were, on motion, suspended and the ordinance passed.

Mr. Gerner presented a petition for a board-walk along Braddock street, in the 14th ward, from the toll gate to the line of the ward. Referred to Road Committee.

Mr. Weldon, Chairman of Street Committee, made a report, in substance: The petition of N. G. Craig, in regard to burial lot in Lawrenceville, was transferred to Committee on City Property; the petition for grading and paving of Carpenters' alley was laid over; petition for opening of Denny street was transferred to Survey Committee; petition of Robt. Arthurs, for widening of Fisk street, held over for further consideration; the Committee presented following ordinances: supplementary to ordinance changing names of streets, grading Poplar alley from Fulton to Elm, Charlotte street from Thirty-sixth to Thirty-eighth street, opening of Smallman street from Thirty-first to Thirty-ninth street, to change grade of Reed street from Fulton to Overhill; changing the grade of Spring alley.

The report was accepted.

The ordinance supplementary to ordinance changing names of streets proposed the following changes:

Borough street to be called	41st	St.
Chestnut	42d	"
Ewalt	43d	"
Bellefontane	44th	"
St. Mary's Avenue	45th	"
Church street	46th	"
Shoenberger	47th	"
Mill	48th	"
Lathrop	49th	"
Jackson	50th	"

Mr. Weldon stated an error occurred in the previous ordinance changing names and numbering certain streets. Fisk street had been numbered 40th, but inasmuch as it crossed Penn street, it was concluded to leave it out of the numbered streets, not changing its name. His motion to suspend the rules prevailed, and the ordinance was passed.

On motion of Mr. A. Scott, the rules were suspended and the ordinance for the grading, paving and curbing of Charlotte street from Wain ight street, was read a third time and passed.

The ordinance changing the grade of Spring alley, from Twenty-eighth to Twenty-ninth street, was, on motion, read three times and passed, the rules being suspended.

The remainder of ordinances reported by the Committee were laid over, under the rules.

Mr. Herron, from the survey Committee, asked permission to withdraw the ordinance authorizing the opening of Neville street, (laid over at last meeting) with a view of alterin the proposed width from fifty to sixty feet. The ordinance by common consent was allowed to be withdrawn, and as altered finally passed.

Mr. Herron offered an ordinance establishing the grade of Thirty-third street (formerly Boundary) from Penn street to Pennsylvania Railroad. (Plan submitted.)

The ordinance was finally passed, the rules being suspended.

Mr. Herron presented a plan of lots as laid out by Will am and James Murdock, under the direction of the Survey Committee, asking the adoption of the plan of streets as laid out therein. The plan was adopted.

Mr. McCleane, from the Committee on Roads, presented a report in the matter of the removal of toll gates, stating that a subcommittee had been appointed to confer with officers of the several roads; also, submitting an ordinance for the construction of a board-walk on Neville street from Pennsylvania avenue to Center avenue; also, an ordinance for the opening of Bedford avenue from Erin street eastwardly.

The report was accepted and the ordinance for a board walk on Neville street finally passed, the rules being suspended. The ordinance relative to Bedford avenue was laid over.

Mr. Mawhinney presented a petition for three additional gas lamps on Gibbon street, between Chestnut and Magee. Referred to Committee on Gas Lighting.

Mr. Hemphill, a petition from business men of Etna street for the opening of Canal street from Pike to Etna. Referred to Street Committee.

Mr. Barton, a petition for extending boardwalk on Fifth avenue from Neville street to Wilkins avenue, with an ordinance authorizing the same. Petition received and ordinance read three times and passed, the rules being suspended.

Mr. Weldon, Chairman of Street Committee, called up the ordinance (laid over July 27th) for changing the grade of Penn street from Clymer to Taylor.

On motion of Mr. Welsh the ordinance was indefinitely postponed.

Also, an ordinance for the opening of Harrison street, Lawrenceville, from Mill to Shoenberger street. Read a third time and passed.

Mr. Batchelor offered the following:

Resolved, That the Finance Committee be and are hereby authorized to negotiate with Greensburg Turnpike Road Company for the relinquishment of all their corporate rights in said turnpike lying within the limits of the consolidated city, to the city at the lowest cash price; provided, said price shall not exceed the sum named in the report of the Commissioners appointed by the act of consolidation to fix a value to the stock of bridges, roads, &c., as made to Councils.

Mr. Brush moved to amend by including the Farmers and Mechanics Turnpike.

Mr. Batchelor had no objection to the amendment, other than the matter of expense. That portion of the Greensburg turnpike within the city, about five miles in length, was valued at $7,500, while that of the Farmers and Mechanics, about the same length, was valued at $60,000, which the city at this time was not prepared to pay. As the Committee were to report on the matter, however, he would accept the amendment.

Mr. McCleane moved to further amend by including the Monongahela Turnpike.

Mr. Davis moved to still further amend by including the East Liberty and the Penn township plank road.

After some discussion, the amendments were accepted and the resolution passed.

In S. C. the resolution was amended by striking out the proviso and requiring the Committee to report to Councils.

Mr. Herron called up the ordinance (laid over at last meeting) for the opening of Boundary street, from Monongahela river, Read three times and passed.

Also, an ordinance locating Sand street, (laid over at last meeting.) Read three times and passed.

Also, an ordinance widening Aiken's lane, Twentieth ward. Read three times and passed.

Mr. Weldon offered a resolution directing the Controller to certify a warrant in favor of B. F. Asper for $93,09 for index boards at street crossings. Read three times and passed.

Mr. Vick offered an ordinance that the seventh section of the thirteenth chapter of the city code be and is hereby amended by striking out of the same the word "*suspected*" in the second line thereof before the word "*night-walkers.*"

The rules were suspended and the ordinance finally adopted.

Mr. Batchelor offered the following:

Resolved, That the City Solicitor be and he is hereby directed to examine the corporate powers of the Pittsburgh Gas Company, and ascertain whether they have the right to lay pipes in that part of the consolidated city known as East Liberty, and report his opinion to this Council at the next meeting. Adopted.

Mr. Fitzsimmons offered the following:

Resolved, That a Committee of three be appointed to inquire into the necessity of employing four men in the Fire Alarm Telegraph Office in order to successfully operate the same.

Adopted, and Messrs. Fitzsimmons and Vick appointed on part of C. C.

The President presented the report of Viewers on opening Washington street, Lawrenceville. Approved.

The chairman of the Street Committee, Mr. Weldon, called up the ordinances for the opening of Hazlett street and Mulberry alley, (laid over at last meeting) which were read a third time and passed.

In all of which business, except as otherwise noticed, the Select Council concurred.

On motion adjourned.

Embroidered Shirt Fronts at Bates & Bell's. Popular prices, standard makes and complete assortment at Bates & Bell's.

Punshon as a Lecturer.

Perhaps no living English orator has an equal reputation as a lecturer with that of the Rev. W. Moreley Punshon, who is to deliver two lectures in these cities during the month of October. His celebrity in England is so great that the most capacious halls have been unable to hold the multitudes that flock to hear him. A like rush to hear him promises to attend his visit through this country. The editor of *Zion's Herald*, Boston, thus measures him with other distinguished orators, living and dead.

His reputation will win him great crowds and praise. Unlike Newman Hall in directness, simplicity and a sort of childish manliness, he is as great a man, if not a greater soul. More hidden in himself, more seemingly cold and exclusive, he comes forth from the depth of his own being with far greater majesty and glory. It is like the sun in its strength. Bascom, Chapin and Storrs are his American counterparts. He has more of unction than either of them, and a harder finish, but with less magination, and perhaps of penetrative analysis. His seorations are his wonderful works, and all the world of America will run after him as they have after Dickens and Hall. Two distinct, separate American worlds followed these two distinct and separate Englishmen. Punshon will unite both of their auditories in willing and abundant admiration of his distinguished genius.

Rev. T. M. Green, a Baptist minister, while visiting recently in Canada, happened to be a fellow passenger with Punshon in one of his journeys. He thus writes of him:

Among English preachers he ranks high—perhaps highest in some departments of public speaking. His greatest power, however, seems to be wielded from the platform rather than from the pulpit. Without the simplicity of Newman Hall, yet the roll of his resonant periods, delivered with a ready and strong utterance, is entrancing to his eager listeners. Without the power to make men feel themselves sinners, and helpless, which belongs to Spurgeon, yet he excels him in the brilliancy of his thoughts and the charms of his oratory.

Bates & Bell.—Fine Cashmere Shawls, Plaid Wool Shawls, the new styles—Bates & Bell.

Mass Meeting at Uniontown.

A Republican Grand Mass Convention will be held at Uniontown, Fayette county, to-morrow, (Wednesday) the 30th inst., which promises to be one of the largest political Conventions of the campaign. One thousand of the brave "Boys in Blue," who were with Grant through the Wilderness, and helped to "fight it out on that line," are already enrolled, and will attend the Convention in a body. An invitation is extended to all Republican organizations in this city and county to participate in the affair. The Connellsville Railroad Company will issue excursion tickets and run a special train, leaving the city 7 A. M., and, returning, will leave Uniontown at 4.30 P. M

There will be a grand torchlight procession at night, and excursion tickets will be good for all trains next day.

Our friends in Fayette have made extensive arrangements, and we should send a large delegation from this region. The "latch string will be out," and visitors will be amply provided for.

Barred Flannels at Bates & Bell's.

Meeting of the Seventh and Eighth and Wards Grant and Colfax Club.

The Seventh and Eighth Ward Grant and Colfax Club held a regular meeting at their headquarters at seven and a half o'clock last evening.

After the transaction of some regular club business, the "Marching Phalanx" was ordered to parade in full uniform this evening, and at end the grand mass meeting to be held in front of Hare's Hotel.

On motion, adjourned.

Cloaking Cloths at Bates & Bell's.

White enameled glass, soft, fine and brilliant, warranted durable by Page, Zellers & Duff.

Page, Zellers & Duff warrant all their work.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 167 First street.

Lyons Velvet, for Mantles, at Bates & Bell's.

7-30s—5-20s—Gold Bearing Bonds, &c.

Every man and woman who has money are anxious to invest to the best advantage, —to put it out where it may yield the largest return, and why should they not? Franklin, the philosopher, gave utterance to the golden truth that "one penny saved is as good as two pennies earned." Money is valuable only to the extent that it will bring profit as an investment or secure its possessors the necessaries, comforts and luxuries of life. Now, what can be imagined as more comfortable and luxurious than a fine set of furs on a cold, bitter day? No article of dress is richer and none so productive of health and protection from the inclemency of the weather of the wearer. The wardrobe of the fashionable lady is never complete unless the furs, so indispensably necessary for winter wear, are contained therein. Speaking of the richness, comfort and gentility of furs reminds us that at no other establishment in the city of Pittsburgh will be found so large and fine a stock of ladies and misses furs as at the popular first class and representative house of William Fleming, No. 139 Wood street. The assortment is exceedingly fine, embracing all the furs known to the trade, from the very costly specimens to the more humble and cheaper qualities. This house is determined on sustaining its great reputation as leading all others in the fur trade of this section of country, and while it carries the most enormous stock and finest selection, sells at prices which enable purchasers to save from fifteen to twenty-five per cent. on all purchases. The inducements are so great, both in character of stock and prices, that all wishing anything in the line will certainly consult their own interests by favoring the house with a visit of examination. Let the reader remember these things, and that the earlier purchases are made the better, for good selection and low prices are obtained, just in proportion as the season advances.

Ladies' Merino Underwear, Shirts and Drawers, new stock, at Bates & Bell's.

Advice That Should Be Heeded.

We desire to call the attention of the afflicted to the merits of Roback's Blood Pills, a purely vegetable cathartic, free from mercury and all mineral poisons, and undoubtedly the best remedy extant for the radical cure of nervous and sick headache, bilious disorders and all affections of the Liver and Blood. They are, as their name indicates, a *Blood Pill*; they search the blood for disease and strike at the very root, thereby effecting not temporary but permanent cures. As a purgative, they are all that can be desired, being mild and safe in their operation and unquestionably one of our most satisfactory Cathartic Pills, and should be kept in every household, and, when taken in conjunction with Roback's Blood Purifier, are unequalled for curing Scrofula, Skin Disease, Old Sores, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Erysipelas, Tumors, Eruptions, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the blood or a disorganized state of the system. Try these medicines and you will never regret it. Ask those who have used them, and they will tell you they are the best of medicines. Sold by all druggists everywhere. TTST

Bates & Bell's, 21 Fifth Avenue.—Black Thibet Shawls, every price, at Bates & Bell's.

The Original Diamond Front Grocery of Henderson George, No. 164 Federal street, Allegheny, continues to draw a large share of public patronage, as nowhere else in the city can better selections or cheaper prices be obtained. The house daily receives fresh accessions to the large stock of goods which it always carries, and the wholesale or retail purchaser who has failed to direct towards it his patronage has been regardless of his pecuniary interests.

Black Silks.—The largest and most complete variety at Bates & Bell's.

The Carpet-baggers of the South are meeting with ill luck, as they generally had not the good sense to supply themselves with those of Joseph Liebler's make, No. 104 Wood street. A man traveling with a trunk, valise or carpet sack of such excellent make as Liebler alone turns out, would command the respect of any strange people among whom he might find himself. A hint in time is sufficient.

White Repp, Mohair at Bates & Bell's.

A Free Excursion Train will leave the Union Depot, Liberty street, at half-past one o'clock, this afternoon, to convey ladies and gentlemen to and from the sale of 134 handsome lots, situate at the junction of Pennsylvania avenue with Greensburg Pike, the Jonas R. McClintock property, East Liberty. See McIlwaine's auction advertisement for particulars.

White Astrican Cloth at Bates at Bell's.

Give it a Trial and satisfy yourself that Rheumatism can be cured by using Clayton's Celebrated Bitters and Liniment. Thousands of certificates can be shown, and, if you are afflicted, yours will be added to the list if you only give it a fair trial. Ask your druggist for Clayton's Rheumatic Bitters and Liniment and take no other. 2t

For choice Country Blankets—Bates & Bell.

Notice.—All persons who have been summoned to attend the District Court as jurors on the fourth Monday of the present month (September) are hereby notified that their services will not be required, the Court having adjourned.

3t JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

For novelties in Mantles—Bates & Bell.

Punshon's Lectures.—Those who wish to secure good seats for the lectures of this distinguished orator, should apply immediately at the office of the *Christian Advocate*, 72½ Third avenue. The lectures will take place October 21st and 22d, at they Keystone Rink. TF

Ladies' and Misses' Underwear at Bates & Bell's.

General Frank P. Blair.—In the speech delivered by this distinguished gentleman last night, he omitted one very important matter, that was to tell his audience that by calling at the office of Croft & Phillips, No. 139 Fourth avenue, they could obtain, *gratuitously*, copies of the "*Pittsburgh Real Estate Register.*"

Knit Wool Shawls at Bates & Bell's.

Plain or elegant transoms for store doors, with name of firm and number of building, made to order by Page, Zellers & Duff, No. 8 Wood street.

Are you fitting up your office? Nothing more appropriate than the enameled glass made by Page, Zellers & Duff, No. 8 Wood street.

"Grand Ducheese" Skirt—Bates & Bell's.

Chambers, No. 74 Fifth avenue, has all the late Papers, Magazines and Dime Books—also a good stock of Note and Letter Paper.

It is a luxury and a comfort to bathe, shave, or have your hair cut or dressed at the elegant establishment of H. B. Williamson, No. 190 Federal street, Allegheny. Try it. T

Plain and ornamental side-lights and transoms made to order by Page, Zellers & Duff, No. 8 Wood street.

Boulevard Skirts at Bates & Bell's.

Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy is a scientific preparation, recommended by eminent physicians. TTS:T

Orders for Tanner Club Equipments of Capes, Caps and Torches filled on *twenty-four hours notice.* Leave your orders at the Campaign Equipment Depot and Flag Manufactory of John W. Pittock, opposite the Postoffice. 3

DIED:

HODGE.—Sunday midnight, 27th inst., ELIZABETH H., wife of Rev. A. A. Hodge, D. D.

Funeral from her late residence, corner of Ridge street and Irwin avenue, THIS (Tuesday,) AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited. Interment in Princeton, N. J.

RUSSELL.—On Monday morning, Sept. 28th, at 9 o'clock, Mr. JAS. RUSSELL, in the 37th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence at the head of Webster street, near the old Methodist Burying Ground, THIS (Tuesday,) MORNING, at 8½ o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

DEWITT.—On Monday, Sept. 28th, at 10:40 A. M., WATERFIELD DEWITT, aged 25 years.

(The deceased served during the entire war as a soldier, and during the last two years on the United States Engineer's steamer Tillioute, where he enjoyed the esteem of his comrades.)

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $25 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals $4.

$50 REWARD

Will be paid for every package of Tea or other goods bought at the Original Red Front Tea Warehouse that does not contain FULL WEIGHT. Housekeepers and others should be provided with an accurate scale, and weigh every package bought, to avoid being swindled by short weight from rival establishments. C. A. BOUCHER,
114 Smithfield street, opposite the P. O.

CHOICE LARGE NEW CUCUMBER PICKLES, 15c. per doz.: Pure Mixed Mustard at $1 per gal.: Plummer Tama o Catsup, at $1 per gal.: Warranted Pure Ohio Cider Vinegar at 50c. per gal.: Pure Red Wine Vinegar, full strength, 60c. per gal.; Pure White Wine Vinegar, full strength, 90c. per gal. For sale by
C. A. BOUCHER, Tea Warehouse,
114 Smithfield street.

SPICES, of every kind, perfectly pure, sold by weight. No. 1. No package trash labeled Spices sold at this establishment.
C. A. BOUCHER,
Original Red Front Tea Warehouse,
114 Smithfield street.

10 CASES SCHEPP'S PATENT DESICCATED COCOANUT, in ½ and 1 lb. packages; the only pure Cocoanut in the market. For sale at wholesale and retail by
C. A. BOUCHER,
Original Red Front Tea Warehouse,
114 Smithfield street.

OOLONG TEA—The most fragrant and strong drawing, equal to the best Young Hyson, retailing at $1.60 per lb.
C. A. BOUCHER,
Tea Warehouse, 114 Smithfield street.

JUST RECEIVED—20 hf. chests of the best and finest uncolored JAPAN TEA ever offered in this market, retailing at $1.40 per pound.
C. A. BOUCHER,
Original Red Front Tea Warehouse,
114 Smithfield street.

GOOD OOLONG TEA, warranted, at $1.00 per pound.
C. A. BOUCHER'S Tea Warehouse,
Opposite P. O.

NEW TURKEY PRUNES—5 3-4 pounds for $1.
C. A. BOUCHER'S Tea Warehouse,
114 Smithfield street.

SUGARS, of all grades, retailed at wholesale prices, by
C. A. BOUCHER,
TUF Tea Warehouse, 114 Smithfield street.

W. HESPENHEIDE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 50 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh,
Having just returned from the East with all the latest styles of European Goods, is now prepared to make them up in the latest fashion and most desirable manner to his customers and the public generally, thanking them for past favors and hoping for new ones, at PRICES TO SUIT EVERYBODY.

Iron City College.
EVENING SESSIONS.
Regular Evening Sessions commence MONDAY, October 5th. For terms apply at
THE COLLEGE,
se25:y19 Cor. Penn and St. Clair streets.

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Corner of Penn and St. Clair Streets,
Has now in stock one of the largest and most varied assortments of
Fall and Winter Goods
ever brought to this city. His stock embraces all the latest French and English manufactures of
Cloths, Cassimeres, Suitings, Overcoatings,
Also, a full line of Gent's Furnishing Goods.

GENUINE
SCOTCH PEBBLE
SPECTACLES,
WARRANTED TO IMPROVE THE SIGHT
FOR SALE BY
DUNSEATH & HASLETT,
56 FIFTH STREET.

STAINED GLASS,
ENAMELED GLASS,
GROUND GLASS for Churches, Public Buildings and Private Residences, made by
PAGE, ZELLERS & DUFF,
No. 8 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR CHILDREN.
The Alexandra Feeding Bottle
Has advantage over all others in SHAPE. It is a FLAT and UPRIGHT bottle combined: can be emptied to the last drop, without risk of leakage, in whichever position it may be placed.
SOLD BY
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Corner of Fourth and Smithfield Streets.
SQUIRE'S
TRUE GLYCERINE SOAP,
Warranted to contain 40 per cent. pure Glycerine.
IMPORTED AND SOLD ONLY BY
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Corner Smithfield and Fourth Streets.
se15:TTS